

SANJEEV AGRAWAL GLOBAL EDUCATIONAL (SAGE) UNIVERSITY, BHOPAL

Scheme & Syllabus

For

**Bachelor of Arts
(English Literature)**

**w.e.f
2023-24**



**School of Arts, Humanities and Social
Sciences**

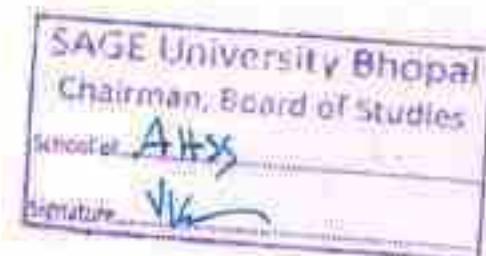


Table-3.5
Discipline Specific Electives (DSE)
2023-24 onwards
Track: English

Semester	Course Code	Course Title	Contact Hours per Week			ESE Duration (Hours)			Weightage (Theory)			Weightage (Practical)				
			L	T	P	MSP	ASG	TA	ATTB	Tot	ESE	GT	CE*	ESE	Tot	
I	AH23EN001	Medieval to Early Renaissance	4	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	100
II	AH23EN002	From Milton to the Romantics	4	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	100
III	AH23EN003	Victorian to Modern	4	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	100
IV	AH23EN004	Indian English Literature	4	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	100
V	AH23EN005	Concepts of Modernity	4	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	100
	AH23EN006	Literary Theory and Criticism-I	4	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	100
VI	AH23EN007	Contemporary Literature	4	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	100
	AH23EN008	Shakespearean Elizabethan Literature	4	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	100
	AH23EN009	American Literature	4	-	4	3	30	05	05	10	50	50	100	-	-	100
VII	AH23EN010	World Literature	4	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	100
	AH23EN011	Literary Theory and Criticism-II	4	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	100
	AH23EN012	Post-Colonial HCS	4	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	100

SEMESTER -I

Code	MEDIEVAL TO EARLY RENAISSANCE	Total Lecture: 60
AH23EN001		LTPC 4-0-0-4
Course Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To demonstrate literature as a reflection of the people and the age in which it was produced. To enable recognition of the convention of different genres To make the students apply various literary terms in their study and reflection on literature. To prepare them for comprehensively relating the concepts to the study of all other papers during the course 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Origin and Development of English Language Evolution of English Literature from 1330-1500	12
II	Intro to Beowulf, Intro to Chaucer, Intro to Philip Sydney Intro to Edmund Spencer	12
III	Evolution of English Literature from 1500-1600 Intro to Wyatt and Surrey, Intro University Wits, Intro to Shakespeare	12
IV	Introduction and Types of Genres of Literature Poetry and Drama	12
V	Introduction and Types of Genres of Literature Fiction and Prose	12

COURSE OUTCOMES as per Blooms Taxonomy

After successful completion of course students will able to:

CO1	To recall the significant authors from different literary periods and genres.
CO2	To understand literary tendencies in various literary periods.
CO3	To apply various literary terms in the course of writing and study.
CO4	To analyze various genres in appreciating literature.
CO5	To summarize the evolution of poetry, drama and novel as genres.
Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Note: Only Overview of writers and age No specific literary work in this paper
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Baugh, Albert C., Cable, Thomas. <i>A History of the English Language</i>. Longman. 2002. Green, D.H. "Women Readers of the Middle Ages". Cambridge University Press; England (2005). Cheney, Patrick. "Recent Studies in the English Renaissance," <i>SEL: Studies In English Literature</i> (2007)

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SEMESTER -II

Code	FROM MILTON TO THE ROMANTICS	Total Lecture: 60
AH23EN002		LTPC 4-0-0-4
Course Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To introduce the students to the genre of literature. To classify the development of English literature and language through ages. To depict literature as a reflection of the people and the age in which it was produced. To make the students apply various terms in their study and reflection on literature. To enable them to utilize language to express themselves unambiguously. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Introduction to Puritan, Restoration, Neoclassical, Romanticism (Social Background and Dominant literary trends)	12
II	Classical Poetry Milton(Paradise Lost First 125 lines), Pope(Rape of the Lock Canto 1), John Donne(Death be not proud)	12
III	Romantic Poetry: Blake (Tiger Tiger), Wordsworth(The Solitary Reaper), Keats(To Autumn)	12
IV	Fiction Jane Austen Pride and Prejudice, Henry Fielding Tom Jones	12
V	Prose Charles Lamb Bachelor's Complaint, Addison Sir Roger at Church	12

Course Outcomes

After successful completion of course students will able to:

CO1	To recognize a potential source for conveying messages for Social, Economic and cultural development which ultimately helps in overall National Development.
CO2	To understand various elements of literature and use it in expressing themselves
CO3	To apply range of vocabulary learnt in their writing skills.
CO4	To analyze various periods of history.
CO5	To develop their scope for further research in the domain of their choice.
Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> John Milton's Paradise Lost Penguin Classics 2010 Alexander Pope's Rape of the Lock Paperback 2005 The English Romantic Poetry by David Wayne Penguin Classics 2012
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mary Wollstonecraft's, French Revolution, Mock Epic, Comedy of Manners Percy Bysshe Shelley, Shelley's poetry and prose: authoritative texts, criticisms, ed. by Donald H. Reiman and Sharon B. Powers (New York; London: Norton, 1977).

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SEMESTER -III

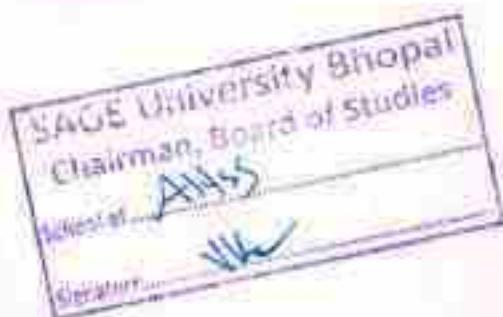
COURSE CODE	VICTORIAN TO MODERN	Total Lecture: 60
AH23EN003		LTPC 4-0-0-4
Course Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To raise questions about satire as a mode, as well as look at questions of genre, To study novel as providing a brilliant example of the amalgamation of previous genres which made the new genre of the novel, To examine the eighteenth century as a great period for non-fictional forms of writing, drawing attention to the ways in which the periodical essay, for instance, sought to be like philosophy. To encourage an extended discussion on the role of science and industrialization over literature in the early modern period. 	
Pre-requisites:	Nil	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Introduction to Victorian Culture, Expansion of Science Philosophy, Discovery, Industrialization.(Social Background and Dominant literary trends)	12
II	Poetry- Tennyson: Ulysses, Robert Browning: My Last Duchess, Elizabeth B Browning: Go from Me	12
III	Fiction- Charles Dickens: Oliver Twist, Emily Bronte: Wuthering Heights	12
IV	Modernism: TS Eliot: The Love Song of J Alfred Prufrock, WB Yeats: Sailing to Byzantium, Rudyard Kipling: If	12
V	Modern Virginia Wolf: A Room of One's Own, Samuel Beckett: Waiting for Godot	12

Course Outcomes as per Bloom's Taxonomy

After successful completion of course students will able to:

CO1	To develop knowledge about the history from medieval to modern era.
CO2	To acquaint with the challenges of the present situation of Literature.
CO3	To demonstrate essential skills in conceptual and textual understanding
CO4	To illustrate impact of science on literature
CO5	To interpret emerging trends and concepts of Modern Age.
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Raymond Williams, 'Introduction' in the English Novels from Dickens to Lawrence (London Hogarth Press) 2012 Chandra Talapade Mohanty, Under Western Eyes: Feminist Scholarships and Colonial Discourses (New York , Arnold) 2005


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SEMESTER -IV

Code	INDIAN ENGLISH LITERATURE	Total Lecture: 60
Course Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To demonstrate literature as a reflection of the people and the age in which it was produced. To enable recognition of the convention of different genres. To make the students apply various literary terms in their study and reflection on literature. To prepare them for comprehensively relating the concepts to the study of all other papers during the course. 	LTPC 4-0-0-4
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Background Rise of the Indian Novel in English – Nativity in Indian Writing in English and the Problems of Expression - Decolonization - Counter Discourses –Partition Literature – Myth and Literature-Dalit Literature	12
II	Prose Jhumpa Lahiri: A Temporary Matter Kushwanti Singh: Karma R K Narayan: Astrologer's Day	12
III	Poetry Jayanta Mahapatra: Hunger Nissim Ezekiel: Good Bye Party to Miss Pushpa T.S A K Ramanujan: A River. Rabindranath Tagore: Give Me Strength (From Geetanjali)	12
IV	Drama Girish Karnad, 'Fire and the Rain' Mahesh Duttani- Tara	12
V	Fiction Chitra Banerjee Divakaruni: The Palace of Illusions Amitav Ghosh- The Shadow Lines	12

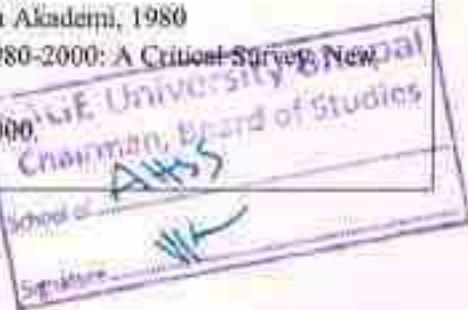
COURSE OUTCOMES as per Blooms Taxonomy

After successful completion of course students will able to:

CO1	• To Gain a comprehensive view of the history of Indian Writing in English literature.
CO2	• To Understand different genres in Indian Writing in English Prose & Poetry..
CO3	• To Analyze and interpret the prose works of great writers of the Age.
CO4	• To Develop knowledge of different genres in Indian Writing in English Drama.
CO5	• To Develop a taste and appreciate the Fiction and Short Stories in Indian Writing in English.
Text Books:	Chaudhuri Kasinka, Ed. Derozio, Poet of India, New Delhi: OUP, 2008 Datta, Amresh, Chief Editor, The Encyclopedia of Indian Literature, 6 vols, New Delhi: Sahitya Akademi, 2006
Reference Books:	Sarkar, Surit, Modern India: 1885-1947 (2nd Edition) Basingstoke: Macmillan, 1989. Sundar Rajan, Rajeshwari, ed. The Lie of the Land, Delhi: OUP, 1993. Naik, M.K. History of Indian English Literature, New Delhi: Sahitya Akademi, 1980 Naik, M.K. and Shyamala Narayan eds. Indian English Literature 1980-2000: A Critical Survey, New Delhi: Pencraft, 2004. Mukherjee, Meenakshi, The Portable Empire New Delhi: OUP, 2000. The Twice-Born India, New Delhi: Arnold-Heinemann, 1971

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SEMESTER -V

Code	CONCEPTS OF MODERNITY	Total Lecture: 60
AH23EN005		LTPC 4-0-0-4
Course Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To demonstrate literature as a reflection of the people and the age in which it was produced. To enable recognition of the convention of different genres To make the students apply various literary terms in their study and reflection on literature. To prepare them for comprehensively relating the concepts to the study of all other papers during the course. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Features of Modernist Poetry-Modernist Poets-First World War Poetry- Thirties Poets-Poetry post 1945 (including Movement Poets and Women Poets) T S Eliot: Love Song of J Alfred Prufrock W H Auden: The Shield of Achilles	12
II	The Psychological Novel-Stream-of-Consciousness Novel-The Angry Young Man Novel- The Working-Class/ Proletarian Novel (1950s and 60s) Henry James: The Portrait of Lady D H Lawrence: Sons & Lovers	12
III	The Irish Dramatic Movement- Poetic Drama- The Theatre of the Absurd- Angry Young Man Drama John Osborne: Look Back in Anger G B Shaw: Arms and the Man	12
IV	New Age Forms In Literature Across The Globe- I Illustrated Novels, Graphic Novels- Doodle Fiction, Fan Fiction Digital Humanities, Electronic Literature, Interactive Fiction	12
V	New Age Forms In Literature Across The Globe- II Blogs- Twitter Novels, Lucid Fiction- Kinetic Poetry- Combinatorial Minimalism, Maximalism, Climate Fiction (CLI-FI) Emmi Itaranta: Memory of Water	12

COURSE OUTCOMES as per Blooms Taxonomy

After successful completion of course students will able to:

CO1	To recall the significant authors from different literary periods and genres.
CO2	To understand literary tendencies in various literary periods.
CO3	To apply various literary terms in the course of writing and study.
CO4	To analyze various genres in appreciating literature.
CO5	To summarize the evolution of poetry, drama and novel as genres.
Text Books:	Bristow, Joseph. The Cambridge Companion to Victorian Poetry. Cambridge University Press, 2000 Cronin, Richard, Anthony H. Harrison & Alison Chapman A Companion To Victorian Poetry, John

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	Wiley and Sons Ltd., 2002. David, Deidre. <i>The Cambridge Companion to the Victorian Novel</i> . Cambridge: CUP, 10
Reference Books:	Fischer-Lichte, Erika. <i>History of European Drama and Theatre</i> . London: Routledge, 2002. Worthen, W.B., <i>Modern Drama: Plays, Criticism, Theory</i> . Boston: Heinle&Heinle Pub. Co., 2003. Atkins, Douglas. <i>Tracing the Essay: Through Experience to Truth</i> . Athens: University of Georgia Press, 2005. Walker, Hugh. <i>The English Essay and Essayists</i> . New Delhi: S. Chand & Company, 1977. <i>Six One Act Plays</i> ; Ed., Nafeesa Kaleem. Anu Chitra Publications: 2000.


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Code	LITERARY THEORY AND CRITICISM - I	Total Lecture: 60
AH23EN006		LTPC 4-0-0-4
Course Objectives:	This course explores some of the crucial theoretical concerns in literary studies in the twentieth century. Beginning with Freudian psychoanalysis after the First World War, the paper introduces some of the seminal concepts of critical theory, including historical materialism, structuralism, poststructuralism, feminism, postcolonialism and cultural studies. It underlines a tectonic shift in literary studies in the twentieth century: from literature as 'a formal artifice' to a 'cultural intertext' — an interdisciplinary approach which establishes literature as a socially symbolic act.	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Classical Theories Introduction to Indian Classical Theories: Rasa Theory Plato: Theory of Mimesis (Non Detailed) Aristotle: Poetics (Non Detailed)	12
II	Early 20th Century T.S. Eliot: "Tradition and Individual Talent" F.R. Leavis: The Great Tradition (Non Detailed) I.A. Richards: Practical Criticism (Non Detailed)	12
III	Structuralism/Post Structuralism Claude Levi Strauss: Binary theory (Non Detailed) Derrida: Structure, Sign and Play in the Discourse of the Human Sciences	12
IV	Modernism/Post modernism Roland Barthes: The Death of the Author Edward Said: Crisis in Orientalism (Non Detailed) Jean-François Lyotard: The Postmodern Condition	12
V	New Approaches William Rueckert: "Literature and Ecology: An Experiment in Ecocriticism" Judith Butler: Gender Trouble: Feminism and Subversion of (Non Detailed)	12

COURSE OUTCOMES as per Blooms Taxonomy

After successful completion of course students will able to:

CO1	To expose students to the history of ideas in the twentieth century and the material and discursive conditions of intellectual production
CO2	To encourage students to grapple with literary studies, from a privileging of form to an interdisciplinary engagement with the literary text
CO3	To help students develop a critical wherewithal which would enable them to engage with a literary text from multiple pedagogical entry-points
CO4	To have students closely examine the methods of argument and rhetorical constructions through which important theoretical ideas and concepts have been established and made to impact the field of cultural production in the West.
CO5	To have students establish literature as 'a formal artifice' to a 'cultural intertext' — an interdisciplinary approach which establishes literature as a socially symbolic act.

Text Books:	Foucault, Michel. "What is an Author?" (1969) Derrida, Jacques. "Signature, Event, Context." In Limited Inc. Northwestern University Press, 1983. Kristeva, Julia. "The System and the Speaking Subject". In Toril Moi (ed.) The Kristeva Reader (1986). Hassan, Ihab. "Toward a Concept of Postmodernism" from The Postmodern Turn (1987). Lyotard, Jean-François. "Answering the question: what is the postmodern?" (1992)
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	<p>Baudrillard, Jean. "The Precession of Simulacra" In <i>Simulacra and Simulation</i> (1981)</p> <p>Matthew Arnold, <i>Culture and Anarchy</i> (1867-1868) (Selections)</p> <p>T.S. Eliot, "Tradition and Individual Talent" (1919) & "The Metaphysical Poets" (1921)</p> <p>F.R. Leavis, <i>The Great Tradition</i> (Selections) (1948)</p> <p>I.A. Richards, <i>Practical Criticism</i> (Selections) (1930)</p>
Reference Books:	<p>Abrams, M.H. Geoffrey Harpham, A Glossary of Literary Terms. Delhi: Akash Press, 2007. • Aristotle, <i>Poetics</i>. Trans. S.H. Butcher. New York: Courier Dover Publications, 1997. • Aristotle, <i>Poetics</i>. Trans. Samuel H. Butcher. Theory of Poetry and Fine Art. New York: Courier Dover Publications, 1951. • Atkins, J.W.H. English Literary Criticism: 17th and 18th Centuries. Massachusetts: Methuen, 1966.</p> <p>Bennett, Andrew and Nicholas Royle. <i>An Introduction to Literature, Criticism and Theory</i>. Third edition. Pearson Longman, 2004. • Blackwell, M.A.R. Habib. <i>A History of Literary Criticism and Theory, from Plato to the Present</i>. Blackwell, 2007.</p> <p>Dalcher, David. <i>Critical Approaches to Literature</i>. London: Prentice-Hall, 1956.</p> <p>Dalcher, David. <i>English Literature</i>. California: University of California Press, 1968.</p> <p>Dalcher, David. <i>The Penguin Companion of English Literature</i>. London: McGraw-Hill, 1971.</p> <p>Dixon, W. Macneile. <i>Tragedy</i>. London: Edward Arnold, 1938.</p> <p>Durham, W.H. <i>Critical Essays of the Eighteenth Century</i>. UK: Russell & Russell, 1961.</p> <p>Else, Gerard. <i>Aristotle's Poetics: The Argument</i>. Cambridge: Harvard University Press, 1957.</p> <p>Habib, M.A.R. <i>Modern Literary Theory and Criticism</i>. Wiley-Blackwell, 2008</p> <p>Habib, M.A.R. <i>A History of Literary Criticism and Theory: From Plato to the Present</i>. Wiley-Blackwell, 2005</p>


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SEMESTER -VI

CODE	CONTEMPORARY LITERATURE	Total lecture:60
AH23EN007		LTPC 4-0-0-4
Course Objectives	<p>To introduce a few modern and contemporary writings, in all its diversity to study the issues and experiences that dominated the world in the twentieth century and after. It pushes the boundary of the so-called English canon and emphasizes the importance of the 'other' literatures written in English. The nomenclature for the course suggests that the course deals with an emergent corpus of writing in English often from erstwhile colonies. However such writing was often a response to historical circumstances, local situations and global conditions using traditional, indigenous and foreign literary conventions. In the twentieth and twenty-first centuries these works address issues of race and identity, nation and state, violence and religion, memory and trauma—the broad themes that span several of these postcolonial societies. Interestingly, the cultural imperialism exercised by the English language is challenged by the ways in which the tongue is appropriated and used for new writings.</p> <p>These works also underscore the polyvalent, hybrid and increasingly complex nature of the expanding horizons of multicultural English literatures in the context of a globalized and diasporic world.</p>	
Pre-requisite	Nil.	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Poetry "Blackberry Picking" -Seamus Heaney "My Father's Sadness" -Shirley Lim "A Dog has Died" -Pablo Neruda "I Know Why the Caged Bird Sings" -Maya Angelou	12
II	Fiction: Yann Martel- Life of Pi Ngugi wa Thiong'o-A Grain of Wheat	12
III	Drama: Ama Ata Aidoo- Anowa Sharon Pollock -Komagata Maru Incident	12
IV	Prose Paul Theroux - "The Joys and Dangers of Exploring Africa on the Back of an Elephant". Zadie Smith- "That Crafty Feeling" (from Changing My Mind: Occasional Essays) - Amy Tan -"Mother Tongue"	12
V	Graphic Fiction Marjane Satrapi- Persepolis: The Story of a Childhood and The Story of a Return –	12
Course Outcomes as per Bloom's Taxonomy		
At the end of the course the students should be able to:		

CO1	To examine the representation of contemporary trends, thematic concerns and innovations in genres
CO2	To identify key concepts like, multiculturalism, globalization, acculturation, displacement, alienation and identity crisis in contemporary texts post World War II
CO3	To categorize major streams of thought, literary styles and issues that dominate the world
CO4	To analyze the inter-connectedness of human experiences with a developed understanding of their social, cultural and aesthetic contexts.
CO5	To have a nuanced understanding of the various branches and areas of Contemporary Literatures employ learning and language abilities for professional growth.
Text Books	Gray, Richard. <i>A Brief History of American Literature</i> . London: Wiley-Blackwell, 2011. Pierce, Peter. <i>The Cambridge History of Australian Literature</i> : Queensland: James Cook University, 2017. Young, Robert C. <i>Post Colonialism: A Very Short Introduction</i> . London: Oxford, 2003. Atwood, Margaret. <i>Survival: A Thematic Guide to Canadian Literature</i> . Toronto: Anansi, 2004.
Reference Books	James Acheson and Romana Huk, ed. <i>Contemporary British Poetry: Essays in Theory and Criticism</i> . SUNY P, 1996. Nick Bentley. <i>Contemporary British Fiction</i> . Edinburgh UP, 2008. Steven Connor, ed. <i>The Cambridge Companion to Postmodernism</i> , 2004. James F. English, ed. <i>A Concise Companion to Contemporary British Fiction</i> . Blackwell, 2006. N. Holdsworth and M. Luckhurst, ed. <i>A Concise Companion to Contemporary British and Irish Drama</i> . Blackwell, 2006. V. K. Janik and DeIvan Janik, ed. <i>Modern British Women Writers: An A-to-Z Guide</i> . Greenwood, 2002. A. Lee. <i>Realism and Power: Postmodern British Fiction</i> . Routledge, 1990. David Ian Rabey. <i>English Drama Since 1940</i> . Longman, 2003.

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Code	SHAKESPEARIAN/ELIZABETHAN LITERATURE	Total Lecture: 60
AH23EN008		LTPC 4-0-0-4
Course Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To demonstrate literature as a reflection of the people and the age in which it was produced. To enable recognition of the convention of different genres To make the students apply various literary terms in their study and reflection on literature. To prepare them for comprehensively relating the concepts to the study of all other papers during the course. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Background Study The Renaissance as a multi-faced European movement and its impact on England, The Golden Age of Drama, The Reformation, The University Wits	12
II	Poetry John Milton: On his Blindness William Shakespeare: Sonnet 18, Sonnet 116, Philip Sidney: "Loving in truth" Edmund Spenser: "One day I wrote her name upon the strand"	12
III	Drama William Shakespeare: Comedy-Merchant of Venice Tragedy- Othello	12
IV	Drama Christopher Marlow: Jew of Malta Ben Jonson- Volpone	12
V	Prose Francis Bacon: Of Studies, Of Truth, Of Travel M. de Montaigne- Of Cannibals	12

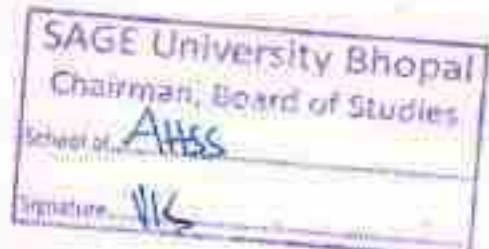
COURSE OUTCOMES as per Blooms Taxonomy

After successful completion of course students will able to:

CO1	Identify major themes and forms in the literature of the Elizabethan period.
CO2	Analyze the Elizabethan writing as both a register and response to historical, social, and political developments of the sixteenth century.
CO3	Analyze, explicate, and interpret the works of Shakespeare and his contemporaries in the Elizabethan era.
CO4	Apply literary scholarship on selected works studied. Identify and discuss universal themes and human conditions in Elizabethan poetry and drama mainly
CO5	Understand the major characteristics of the literary movement during the Elizabethan period.
Text Books:	Baugh, Albert C.; Cable, Thomas. A History of the English Literature. Longman. 2002. Green, D.H. "Women Readers of the Middle Ages". Cambridge University Press, England (2005). Cheney, Patrick. "Recent Studies in the English Renaissance." <i>SEL: Studies In English Literature</i> (2007)
Reference Books:	Bowers, Fredson. Elizabethan Revenge Tragedy. Magnolia, M.A. Peter Smith, 1958. Craig, Hardin The Enchanted Glass: The Elizabethan Mind in Literature Oxford. Basil Blackwell, 1966 Cruttwell, Patrick. The Shakespearean Moment and Its Place in the Poetry of Seventeenth-Century New York. Columbia University Press, 1953 Ellis-Fermor, Una. The Jacobean Drama. London, Methuen University Paperbacks, 1935



- Ford, Boris (ed) *The Pelican Guide to English Literature Vols 1, 2 And 3* Harmondsworth, Middlesex, Penguin, 1954.
- Kaufman, Ralph (ed) *Elizabethan Drama*, New York, OUP, 1961
- Knights, L. C. *Drama and Society in the Age of Jonson*, London, 2005
- Pinto, Vivian de Sola *The English Renaissance: Fifteen Ten to Sixteen Eighty-Eight* 3rd ed. London: The Cresset Press, 1966.
- Tillyard, E M W *The Elizabethan World Picture*, London, Chatto & Windus, 1967.



SEMESTER -VIII

Code	AMERICAN LITERATURE	Total Lecture: 60
AH23EN009		LTPC 4-0-0-4
Course Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Literature enables students to develop an ability to analyze and assess social, moral, ethical, and aesthetic values. It helps students to process, understand, express and communicate present and past experiences and to consider possible outcomes and future actions. Through literature students can explore, generate, shape and communicate their own ideas in creative ways. Literature is a powerful form of personal and social expression and develops a wide range of skills essential for effective communication. It provides a different but equally viable alternative to the scientific approach to knowledge, in that it seeks to use intuition and the imagination in addition to rational thinking as a method of learning. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	History of American literature from Colonial Period to 19 th Century William Faulkner: Rose for Emily Eugene O'Neill- The Dreamy Kid	12
II	Washington Irving "Legend of the Sleepy Hollow" Edgar Allan Poe: "The Tell-Tale Heart"	12
III	Emily Dickinson- Hope is a Thing with Feathers, Because I could not stop for Death Walt Whitman- As I Ebb'd with the Ocean of Life Robert Frost: Mending Walls	12
IV	Transcendentalism Emerson: Self Reliance Thoreau: Solitude from Walden	12
V	Mark Twain: Adventures of Huckleberry Finn John Steinbeck: Of Mice and Men	12
COURSE OUTCOMES as per Blooms Taxonomy		
After successful completion of course students will able to:		
CO1	To develop an ability to analyze and assess social, moral, ethical, and aesthetic values	
CO2	To demonstrate creative thinking, imagination and feeling through decoding various myths	
CO3	To explore literature by generating and communicate their own ideas in creative ways.	
CO4	To illustrate literature as a powerful form of personal and social expression and develops a wide range of skills essential for effective communication.	
CO5	To build the imagination as a viable alternative to the scientific approach to knowledge.	
Text Books:	Baugh, Albert C., Cable, Thomas. A History of the English Literature, Longman, 2002. Green, D.H. "Women Readers of the Middle Ages". Cambridge University Press, England (2005). Cheney, Patrick. "Recent Studies in the English Renaissance," SEL Studies in English Literature (1981).	
Reference	Hector St John Crocker, "What is an American" (Harmondsworth: Penguin, 1982) / Studies in English Literature (1981)	

Books:

Ralph Waldo Emerson, Self Reliance and the other essays, General Press 1993.



Code	WORLD LITERATURE	Total Lecture: 60
AH23EN0010		LTPC 4-0-0-4
Course Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To demonstrate literature as a reflection of the people and the age in which it was produced. To enable recognition of the convention of different genres To make the students apply various literary terms in their study and reflection on literature. To prepare them for comprehensively relating the concepts to the study of all other papers during the course. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	World Literature in Translation Wu Cheng'en: Journey to the West Yasunari Kawabata: The Dancing Girl of Izu	12
II	Prose German: Franz Kafka: The Metamorphosis Iraqi: Unknown: Epic of Gilgamesh (Non Detailed)	12
III	Drama Russian: Anton Chekov- A Marriage Proposal Irish: John Millington Synge: Riders to the Sea	12
IV	Fiction Egyptian: Ahdaf Soueif Sandpiper Malaysian American: Shirley Geok-Lin Lim: Journey Nigerian: Chimamanda Ngozi Adichie: A Private Experience Spanish: Gabriel Garcia Marquez "Death Beyond Constant Love"	12
V	Poetry Ghanaian: Kofi Awoonor: The Sea Eats the Land at Home New Zealand: Allen Curnow: You Will Know When You Get There Sri Lankan Dutch: Michael Ondasjte: The Cinnamon Peeler Margaret Atwood: Photograph of Me.	12

COURSE OUTCOMES as per Blooms Taxonomy

After successful completion of course students will able to:

CO1	To get introduced to Contemporary world literature.
CO2	To develop knowledge of English Writings in all genres from other English speaking region
CO3	To gain knowledge of the latest development in English literature Worldwide.
CO4	To have access to a comprehensive view of the social, cultural and political background of the region.
CO5	To summarize the evolution of poetry, drama and novel as genres from around the world
Text Books:	The Riemer Anthology of African Literature edited by Anthony C. Kalu. First Indian edition: Viva Books, 2008. African Literature An Anthology of Criticism and Theory Understand the recent trends in Contemporary World Literature. edited by Tejuola Olaniyan and AtoQuayson, Blackwell Publishing, 2007.
Reference	Dathorne, O.R. African Literature in the Twentieth Century. London: Heinemann, 1996.

Books:	Eze, Emmanuel Chukwudi. (Ed.) Postcolonial African Philosophy: A Critical Reader. Massachusetts: Blackwell Publishers Ltd., 1997 Irele, F. Abiola. (Ed.) The Cambridge Companion to the African Novel. Cambridge: CUP, 2009 Kah, Anthony C. (Ed.) The Riemer Anthology of African Literature. New Delhi: Viva Books, 2008 (First Indian edition) Killam, G.D. (Ed.) African Writers on African Writing. London: Heinemann, 1973 Ngara, Emmanuel. Art and Ideology in the African Novel: A Study of the Influence of Marxism on African Writing. London: Heinemann, 1987 (Reprint) Nicosi, Lewis. Tasks and Masks: Themes and Styles of African Literature. Harlow: Longman, 1981 Oberdovic, Nadezda (Ed.) The Anchor Book of Modern African Stories NY Garden City: Anchor Books, 2002
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Code	LITERARY THEORY AND CRITICISM-II	Total Lecture: 60
Course Objectives:	This course explores some of the crucial theoretical concerns in literary studies in the twentieth century. Beginning with Freudian psychoanalysis after the First World War, the paper introduces some of the seminal concepts of critical theory, including historical materialism, structuralism, poststructuralism, feminism, postcolonialism and cultural studies. It underlines a tectonic shift in literary studies in the twentieth century: from literature as 'a formal artifice' to a 'cultural intertext' — an interdisciplinary approach which establishes literature as a socially symbolic act.	LTPC 4-0-0-4
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	a) Antonio Gramsci, 'The Formation of the Intellectuals', and, 'Hegemony (Civil Society) and Separation of Powers', in Selections from the Prison Notebooks (1939), ed. and trans. Quentin Hoare and Geoffrey Nowell Smith (New Delhi: Orient Longman 1998) pp. 5-14 245-246. b) György Lukács 'The Phenomenon of Reification', trans. Rodney Livingstone in History and Class Consciousness: Studies in Marxist Dialectics (1939) (London: MerlinPress 2003) pp. 83-109. c) Louis Althusser, 'Ideology and Ideological State Apparatuses', trans. Ben Brewster in Lenin and Philosophy and Other Essays (1970) (New Delhi: Aakar Books 2006) pp. 85-126.	12
II	a) Claude Levi-Strauss, 'The Science of the Concrete', trans. George Weidenfeld in The Savage Mind (1962) (Chicago: University of Chicago Press 1967) pp. 1-35. b) Jacques Derrida, 'Structure Sign and Play in the Discourse of Human Sciences' trans. Alan Bass in Writing and Difference (1967) (New York London: Routledge 1978) pp. 351-70. c) Michel Foucault, 'The Order of Discourse', trans. Ian McLeod in Untying the Text: A Post-structuralist Reader, ed. Robert J. Young (Boston MA: Routledge 1981) pp. 48-78.	12
III	a) Sigmund Freud, 'The Uncanny', trans. David McLintock in The Uncanny (1919) (London: Penguin Books 2003) pp. 1-21. b) Jacques Lacan, 'The Mirror Stage', trans. Alan Sheridan in Ecrits: A Selection (1949) (New York London: Routledge 1989) pp. 1-8. c) Julia Kristeva (i) 'The Semiotic Chora Ordering the Drives', and (ii) 'The Thetic: Rupture and/or Boundary', trans. Margaret Waller in Revolution in Poetic Language (1974) (New York: Columbia University Press 1984) pp. 25-30 43-45.	12
IV	a) Luce Irigaray (i) 'This Sex Which Is Not One', and (ii) 'Commodities Amongst Themselves', trans. Catherine Porter and Carolyn Burke in This Sex Which is Not One (1977) (Ithaca New York: Cornell University Press 1985) pp. 23-33 192-97. b) Judith Butler (i) 'Preface 1990', (ii) 'Women as the Subject of Feminism', (iii) 'Bodily Inscriptions Performative Subversions' in Gender Trouble: Feminism and the Subversion of Identity (New York: Routledge 1999) pp. xxvii-xxix 3-18 163-80. c) Joan W. Scott, 'Gender: A Useful Category of Historical Analysis', The American Historical Review, Vol. 91 No. 5 (Dec. 1986) pp. 1053-75.	12

V	<p>a) Theodor Adorno, 'The Schema of Mass Culture', trans. J. M. Bernstein in <i>The Culture Industry: Selected Essays on Mass Culture</i> (1972) (London: Routledge 2007) pp.61-97.</p> <p>b) Homi Bhabha, 'How Newness Enters the World', in <i>The Location of Culture</i> (New York: London: Routledge 1994) pp. 303-37.</p> <p>c) Frederic Jameson, 'Postmodernism Or The Cultural Logic of Late Capitalism', <i>New Left Review</i> No. 146 (July-August) 1984: 59-92</p>	12
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COURSE OUTCOMES as per Blooms Taxonomy

After successful completion of course students will able to:

CO1	To expose students to the history of ideas in the twentieth century and the material and discursive conditions of intellectual production
CO2	To encourage students to grapple with literary studies; from a privileging of form to an interdisciplinary engagement with the literary text
CO3	To help students develop a critical wherewithal which would enable them to engage with a literary text from multiple pedagogical entry-points
CO4	To have students closely examine the methods of argument and rhetorical constructions through which important theoretical ideas and concepts have been established and made to impact the field of cultural production in the West.
CO5	To have students establish literature as 'a formal artifice' to a 'cultural intertext' — an interdisciplinary approach which establishes literature as a socially symbolic act.

Text Books:	Foucault, Michel. "What Is an Author?" (1969) Derrida, Jacques. "Signature, Event, Context." In Limited Inc. Northwestern University Press, 1988. Kristeva, Julia. "The System and the Speaking Subject". In Toril Moi (ed.) <i>The Kristeva Reader</i> (1986). Hassan, Ihab. "Toward a Concept of Postmodernism" from <i>The Postmodern Turn</i> (1987). Lyotard, Jean-François. "Answering the question: what is the postmodern?" (1992) Baudrillard, Jean. "The Precession of Simulacra" in <i>Simulacra and Simulation</i> (1981) Matthew Arnold, <i>Culture and Anarchy</i> (1867-1868) (Selections) T.S. Eliot, "Tradition and Individual Talent" (1919) & "The Metaphysical Poets" (1921) F.R. Leavis, <i>The Great Tradition</i> (Selections) (1948) I.A. Richards, <i>Practical Criticism</i> (Selections) (1930)
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Reference Books:	Abrams, M.H. Geoffrey Harpham. A Glossary of Literary Terms. Delhi: Akash Press, 2007. • Aristotle. Poetics. Trans. S.H. Butcher. New York: Courier Dover Publications, 1997. • Aristotle. Poetics. Trans. Samuel H. Butcher. Theory of Poetry and Fine Art. New York: Courier Dover Publications, 1951. • Atkins, J.W.H. English Literary Criticism: 17th and 18th Centuries. Massachusetts: Methuen, 1966. Bennett, Andrew and Nicholas Royle. An Introduction to Literature, Criticism and Theory. Third edition. Pearson Longman, 2004. • Blackwell, M.A.R. Habib. A History of Literary Criticism and Theory, from Plato to the Present. Blackwell, 2007. Dalcher, David. Critical Approaches to Literature. London: Prentice-Hall, 1956. Dalcher, David. English Literature. California: University of California Press, 1968. Dalcher, David. The Penguin Companion of English Literature. London: McGraw-Hill, 1971. Dixon, W. Macneile. Tragedy. London: Edward Arnold, 1938. Durham, W.H. Critical Essays of the Eighteenth Century. UK: Russell & Russell, 1961. Else, Gerard. Aristotle's Poetics: The Argument. Cambridge: Harvard University Press, 1957. Habib, M.A.R. Modern Literary Theory and Criticism. Wiley-Blackwell, 2008 Habib, M.A.R. A History of Literary Criticism and Theory: From Plato to the Present. Wiley-Blackwell, 2005
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Code	POSTCOLONIAL LITERATURE	Total Lecture: 60 LTPC 4-0-0-4
Course Objectives:	This course explores some of the crucial theoretical concerns in literary studies in the twentieth century. Beginning with Freudian psychoanalysis after the First World War, the paper introduces some of the seminal concepts of critical theory, including historical materialism, structuralism, poststructuralism, feminism, postcolonialism and cultural studies. It underlines a tectonic shift in literary studies in the twentieth century: from literature as 'a formal artifice' to a 'cultural intertext' — an interdisciplinary approach which establishes literature as a socially symbolic act.	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Concept of Post colonialism 1. Colonialism, Imperialism 2. Post colonialism- Definition, Main characteristics Robert Young, 'Colonialism and the Politics of Postcolonial Critique', in Postcolonialism: An Historical Introduction (Blackwell Publishing, 2001) pp.1-11. Ngugi wa Thiongo, 'The Language of African Literature', Chapter 1, Sections 4-6, in Decolonising the Mind.	12
II	Poetry: Margaret Atwood: This is a Photograph of Me, Tricks with Mirrors Wole Soyinka: Abiku, Live Burial Pablo Neruda (i) 'Tonight I can write the saddest Lines' (ii) 'The Way Spain Way Mamang Dai (i) 'Small Towns and the River' (ii) 'The Voice of the Mountain	12
III	Drama Derek Walcott- Dream on Monkey Mountain Wole Soyinka: Death and the King's Horseman	12
IV	Short Stories Bessie Head (South Africa/Botswana), 'The Collector of Treasures'. Ama Ata Aidoo (Ghana), 'The Girl Who Can'. M. M. Vinodini (India), 'The Parable of the Lost Daughter', in The Exercise of Freedom, eds K. Satyanarayana and Susie Tharu (Delhi: Navayana, 2013) pp. 164-77.	12
V	Fiction Gabriel Garcia Marquez, Chronicle of a Death Foretold Chinua Achebe :Things Fall Apart	12

COURSE OUTCOMES as per Blooms Taxonomy

After successful completion of course students will able to:

C01	To introduce the students to postcolonial theorizations and texts from hitherto colonized regions;
C02	To demonstrate an awareness of the postcolonial situation through the reading of a wide variety of texts;
C03	To familiarize students with of the variety of postcolonial literatures from Africa, Latin America and South Asia and to counter the stereotypes usually associated with assumptions regarding these literatures;
C04	To inculcate adequate knowledge of the importance of gender, class, and caste issues in postcolonial literatures; and

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COS	To expose students to various genres of writing: the novel, drama, short stories, prose writings, critical essays and poetry.
Text Books:	The Postcolonial Studies Reader ed. Bill Ashcroft, Gareth Griffiths, Helen Tiffin(London, Routledge, 1995) Ania Loomba, Colonialism/Postcolonialism 2 nd ed. (London, Routledge, 2007) Leela Gandhi, Postcolonial Theory: A Critical Introduction (New Delhi, Oxford Univ Press)
Reference Books:	James Acheson and Romana Hušek, ed. Contemporary British Poetry: Essays in Theory and Criticism. SUNY P, 1996. Nick Bentley, Contemporary British Fiction. Edinburgh UP, 2008. Steven Connor, ed. The Cambridge Companion to Postmodernism. 2004. James F. English, ed. A Concise Companion to Contemporary British Fiction. Blackwell, 2006. N. Holdsworth and M. Luckhurst, ed. A Concise Companion to Contemporary British and Irish Drama. Blackwell, 2006. V. K. Janik and Del Ivan Janik, ed. Modern British Women Writers: An A-to-Z Guide. Greenwood, 2002. A. Lee, Realism and Power: Postmodern British Fiction. Routledge, 1990. David Ian Rabey. English Drama Since 1940. Longman, 2003.

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Bachelor of Arts (B.A.)**Program Educational Objectives (PEOs)**

The Program Bachelor of Arts will be developed and ability to identify and solve the real-world problems related to various areas of society. It also develops an aptitude to apply principle of social sciences to articulate and in-depth knowledge of various fields of social sciences. The course will be:

- PEO 1 Provide value based and ethical leadership in the professional and social life.
- PEO 2 Provide the professional consultancy and research support for the relevant organization in the specialized area.
- PEO 3 Provide skills of observations and drawing logical inferences from the scientific knowledge.
- PEO 4 Provide knowledge of various subjects of social science through theory and field orientation.
- PEO 5 Provide insight of the value-based knowledge of different discipline of social sciences.

Program Objectives (POs):

A graduate who is conferred a B.A. Degree is expected to have acquired the basics of theoretical and practical aspects of Social Sciences. He/ she should be able to:

- PO 1 Solve the problem and also think methodically, independently and draw a logical conclusion.
- PO 2 Demonstrate skills and competencies to conduct wide range of scientific knowledge.
- PO 3 Employ critical thinking and the scientific knowledge to design, carryout, record and perform quantitative/quantitative analysis of social problems.
- PO 4 Select higher education comparable to the best available in the world class institutions elsewhere.
- PO 5 Develop a comprehensive understanding of the theories and practice of concerned subjects.
- PO 6 Paraphrase advanced critical thinking skills, inclusive of information literacy.
- PO 7 Translate to diverse audiences in a variety of contexts and genres.
- PO 8 Report a wide range of writing related careers.
- PO 9 Experiment to use, analyze and learn communication technologies like textual, visual, and verbal communication abilities.
- PO 10 Assemble social, political and administrative knowledge in their professional as well as personal lives.

SANJEEV AGRAWAL GLOBAL EDUCATIONAL (SAGE) UNIVERSITY, BHOPAL

Scheme & Syllabus

For

**Bachelor of Arts
(Hindi)**

**w.e.f
2023-24**



**School of Arts, Humanities and Social
Sciences**

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Table: 3.6
Discipline Specific Electives (DSE)
2023-24 onwards
Track: Hindi

Semester	Course Code	Course Title	Contact Hours per Week			ESE Duration (Hour)			Weightage (Theory)			Weightage (Practical)			
			L	T	P	MS E	AS G	TA	AT ID	Tot	ESE	GT	CE %	ESE	
						Internal Assessment (IA)			Total						
I	AH23HD001	Hindi Bhasha Devnagri Lipi	4	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-
II	AH23HD002	Hindi Bhasha or Vikas	4	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-
III	AH23HD003	Hindi Sahitya का लिंगायती (Aasthaon se Rithikal tuk)	4	-	4	3	20	05	(3)	10	40	60	100	-	-
IV	AH23HD004	Ritikalin Kavya	4	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-
V	AH23HD005	Hindi Sahitya Ka Itihas	4	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-
V	AH23HD006	Bhartiya Kavyashashtra	4	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-
VI	AH23HD007	Asthunk Kavitा (Chayavaad)	4	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-
VI	AH23HD008	Hindi Kavita (Chayavaad ke Bas)	4	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-
	AH23HD009	Pashchayak Kavyashashtra	4	-	4	3	30	05	05	10	50	50	100	-	-
VII	AH23HD0010	Hindi Kathaayya	4	-	4	3	30	05	05	10	50	50	100	-	-
VII	AH23HD0011	Hindi Natak Sahitya	4	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-
	AH23HD0012	Hindi ki Sewadnik Sthit	4	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-



SEMESTER -I

प्रणाली	क्रियो गति देखाने की	Total Lecture: 60
AH23HD001		LTPC 4 - 0 - 0 = 4
अधिकार उद्देश्य	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> सामुनिक वर्षित से पांचवीं वर्षाः सामुनिक वर्षित के अन्तर्गत वासी कल्पना वालों के प्रतिक्रिया जानिये जो विषय के बाबत हैं। नियमित वर्षिताओं का पाठ २५ वार्षिक कारबग़ा। 	
इकाई	प्रत्येक	विषय
1	पाठ-उद्यापादी एवं प्राप्तिवादी वाच का विषयाः उद्याप-उद्यापादी काव्य वा प्राप्ति विषयाः रामायण लिख दिनकर द्वारा की प्रमुख विषयाः प्राप्तिवादी वा-विद्याः, भीषण-वौहा, वामपादवाह, जन-भूषण वामपादुन के वाच का अल्लोकनामक उद्याप विद्यापाद उद्याप के वाच का अल्लोकनामक उद्याप	15
2	प्राप्तिवादी वा कविता एवं वाचिता कविता का विषयाः प्राप्तिवादी वा उद्यापादी एवं प्राप्तिवादी कविता वा प्राप्तिवादी प्राप्तिवादी एवं नई वाचिता का विषयाः नई वाचिता वीक्षणात् वाचिता-वीक्षणात् प्राप्तिवादी, वाचिता-वीक्षण, विषयात् प्रपोत वाचिता के काव्य का अल्लोकनामक उद्याप वाचापाद वाचापाद वृक्षिकावादी के वाच का अल्लोकनामक उद्याप	15
3	व्याख्या के लिए नियमित विषयाः उद्यापादी लिख दिनकर : विषयाः प्रत्युत्तम के विषयाः वाचापाद : उद्यापी वाचाप, उद्यापी वीक्षण वाच, तीनों वाची वाचु वा वाचुप : इसी वाच पर इस भर, वर्दी के द्वारा, वाचके जी जी, वाच दे विद्यो मुक्तिवादी विद्यापाद	15
4	वाचापाद विद्या विषयाः वाचापाद वाचापाद : छोट वाच, वाचाप, वाच वाची विषयात् वाचापाद वा वाचापाद के लोकों के वाचापादवाद विद्या : वाचाप ही वाच-वाची वाचाप-वाच वाचापाद वाचाप : वाचाप-वाच-वाच, वाची-वाची-वाची ही वाच-वाचाप वाचापाद वाची : वाची वाचाप, वाचापी वाचापी, उत्तर वाचापा पाठ वाच	15

अधिकार उद्देश्य (Course Outcomes)

CO1	सामुनिक वर्षित से जड़ीधंड होने
CO2	सामुनिक वर्षित के उद्यापाद उद्यापादी वाचापादकों के उद्यापादी वर्षित का अध्ययन करने से जड़ीधंड होने
CO3	विषयात् वर्षिताओं का वाच पाठ वाचापाद का विषयात्
संरक्षक	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> सामुनिक काव्य-वाचुप : द्वारा उद्यापादी विषयात् वाचापाद, वाचापादी वाचापाद : वृक्षिकावादी वाच-वाची विद्या-वाचापाद वाचापाद, विद्यो वाचापादवाद : वाचापी वाची वाचुप : वाचापी वाचापाद विद्यो मुक्तिवादी वाचापाद : वाची वाची वाचुप : विद्यो तालों वाची : ही विषयात् के विद्या वाचापाद वाचापाद विद्यो

SEMESTER -II

प्रक्रिया	हिन्दी भाषा का विकास	Total Lecture: 60 LTPC 4 - 0 - 0 = 4
AH23HD002 भाषागत उद्देश्य	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> हिन्दी भाषा के विकास से जगनी करता। हिन्दी और हस्तकला के लिए एक बनाता। हिन्दी भाषा में साहित्य से जड़गत करता। 	
इकाई	उद्देश्य	वटे
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> बच्चों, नवजात और उत्तरी हिन्दी लार्टर्निंग लिटरी की प्रमुख भवित्व-विशेषताएँ प्राचीन साहित्यिक ज्ञान और हिन्दी की जोड़ता। उत्तर-भाषा के काम में जगदी और जग-जग विकास लिंगो : दान्धाराएँ और शोलों 	15
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> भूती जटी में छोटी बड़ी तथा का विकास हिन्दी भाषा का मानवीकरण लिंग, जनू और हिन्दूतात्त्व हिन्दी का उत्तर-प्रश्न ज्ञानोत्तरी वाली उत्तरीनदा ज्ञानीतन और राष्ट्रभाषा, जा. प्राप्ति 	15
3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> साहित्य के राष्ट्रभाषा-संकलीन विकास राष्ट्रभाषा आयोग, राष्ट्रभाषा समिति, राजभाषा अधिकारी संस्कृत के ज्ञानी, संस्कृत का संकलन, राजनीति विषय 10% भाषानुसार के लाभ वे हिन्दी ज्ञानिकाएँ : उत्तरीएँ और इण्डी रुद्राक्ष-श्रीष्टीगीतों जीर्ण हिन्दी 	15
अधिकारण कार्यालयी (Course Outcomes)		
CO1	हिन्दी भाषा-प्रसार करने का विभिन्न विकास का ज्ञान प्राप्त होना।	
CO2	भाषा के विकास व विविध रूपों की जानकारी हो सकती।	
CO3	काव्य भाषा के लकड़-प्रायोगिक और दूसरा भाषा के विकास की समझ विकासीत होगी।	
CO4	ग्राम्यभाषा जैसे संस्कृतिका भाषागत के विभिन्न विवरणोंसे संपर्कित हो सकते।	
संपर्क उद्देश्य	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> हिन्दी भाषा हिन्दी उत्तरी उत्तरी भाषा जैसे संस्कृती लिखी हिन्दी भाषा का उत्तरवाची विज्ञान उत्तरी भाषा और भाषाएँ जैसे : भाषानाम विवरी उत्तरी भाषा और भाषाएँ जैसे : भाषानाम विवरी उत्तरी भाषा और भाषाएँ जैसे : भाषानाम विवरी उत्तरी भाषा का इतिहास : लोरें रचना 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> उत्तरी भाषा विषयालय विषय कैलाज यदि विदेशी

SEMESTER -III

प्रारूपकोड	हिन्दी साहित्य का इतिहास अधिकात से शैक्षणिक तरफ	Total Lecture: 60
AH23HD003	LTPC	4 - 0 - 0 = 4
संवेदन चर्दरव	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> इस प्रश्नावली में ज्ञानकोष से विद्यार्थी हिन्दी साहित्य के इतिहास की मुख्य परम्परा तो परिचय होते। विद्यार्थी ने कठिनता का विद्यार्थी ठेग, उच्चता: विवर दर्शि का विद्यार्थी होते। दैर्घ्य की ऐतिहासिक प्रथाएँ ही जानिया होते। 	
उक्ताव	प्रश्नावली	चट
1	हिन्दी साहित्यकोषकाल से जन्मना, ज्ञान विभाग और नामजगत्, हिन्दी साहित्य का आदेशालय, नामजगत्, प्रस्तुतियाँ, नाम देन-सिद्ध संस्थान, नामी-नाम नामजगत् तो परिचयी इतिहास की जानकारी देता है।	15
2	भारतीयता की उत्थितिका पृष्ठभूमि, प्राचीनी, प्रमुख नियन्त्रित करने वाले और उम्मत संवेदन एवं बहुत योग्य और जीवनकालयम्, सूची कान्यका की सम्पादन विवरण।	15
3	वीताकालीन सामुदायिकता, लग्नाविधानात्, सम्पादनात्, रामायणात्, और कृष्णायानात् के प्रमुख विवरण।	15
4	भीताकालीन कलाकारों और नामजगत् लघुपत्रों की जन्मस्थानिकान् विवरणों द्वारा विवरण देता है। इनका नाम और नामजगत् लघुपत्रों, प्रकाशित दर्शनावलय और विवरण।	15
इतिहास उपलब्धियाँ (Course Outcomes)		
CO1	इस प्रश्नावली के अध्ययन से हिन्दी भाषा की उत्तमता की प्राचीनिक अवधारणा / विद्यार्थी के साध-साध हिन्दी साहित्य के प्राचीनिक वर्षों का परिचय मिलेगा।	
CO2	पात्रोंकलाकारों की प्रमुखता विवरण से हिन्दी साहित्य को विवरण के लिए वीर वीर संरक्षणीय लोक-संस्कृत से प्राचीनी प्राचीन-सुलभा प्रता मिलेगा।	
CO3	इस कालखण्डी के भीती ज्ञानदेवता के वास-साथ गुरुतत्त्वानीन कला और संरक्षणीय या जो विज्ञान हुए, उससे विज्ञान-विज्ञानी-भाषारीय सल्लूति का प्राप्तिकरण हुआ उत्तम ज्ञान विद्यार्थी के व्यापकरिक रूप से तात्त्विक रूपान्वयी की भावावना ले दी गयी।	
संस्कृत गुरुत्वा:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> डॉ. नरेन्द्र शिंगा, हिन्दी साहित्य का इतिहास, नेशनल प्रिस्टारिंग प्राप्ति, लंड विल्स, 1970 ज्योति चामोदर द्वितीय साहित्य का इतिहास, जोक नामी प्रकाशन, इलाहाबाद 2019 द्वितीय, हल्दी इतार, विनोद ज्ञानियाँ की नृपता, हिन्दी दृष्टि राज्यकाल, कार्यालय, द्वितीय, 1940 वर्तनामा, दी रामकृष्ण प्रसाद विनोदी काल, इतिहास प्रस लिमिटेड, द्वितीय 1952 	

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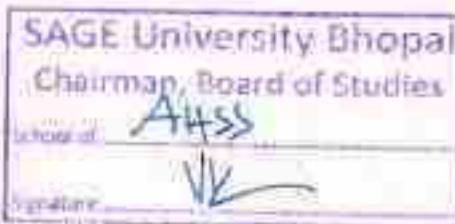
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School of AHSS
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SEMESTER -IV

प्रक्रीय	प्रतिक्रिया कार्य	Total Lecture: 60
AH23HD004	LTPC	4 - 0 - 0 = 4
अधिकार सदर्शक	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> क्षमिता के लाभ वैशिष्ट्य वा गोपनीयता। वैशिकालीन कार्य में अभियान और नवीनीकरण के प्रस्तुतियाँ से संबंधित कार्य। वैशिकालीन कार्य का उत्तराधिकार। 	
इकाई	प्रत्याख्यात	प्रक्र.
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> वैशिकालीन कार्य के वरिष्ठता एवं वैशिष्ट्य कार्य। वैशिकालीन कार्य के वरिष्ठता एवं वर्णन। वैशिकालीन कार्य का वैशिकालीन कार्य विवरण - वैशिष्ट्य तंत्रज्ञान वैशिष्ट्य वैशिका। वैशिष्ट्य कार्य की प्रमुख विशेषताएँ। वैशिष्ट्य कार्य की प्रमुख विशेषताएँ। वैशिष्ट्य कार्य-प्रयोग वैशिकालीन कार्य-प्रयोग। वैशिष्ट्य कार्य-प्रयोग में वैशिकालीन कार्य-प्रयोग। 	15
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> वैशिष्ट्य कार्य। वैशिष्ट्य कार्य की प्रमुख विशेषताएँ। विशेषी ही कार्य की प्रमुख विशेषताएँ। वैशिष्ट्य कार्य-प्रयोग जीवी के लिए वैशिकी का महत्व। 	15
3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> वैशिष्ट्यकार्य। वैशिष्ट्यकार्य : प्रमुख विशेषताएँ। प्रमाणन के कार्य की प्रमुख विशेषताएँ। वैशिष्ट्यकार्य-प्रयोग में प्रमाणन का विवरण। वैशिष्ट्यकार्य-प्रयोग : विशेषज्ञान, विशेषज्ञान। 	15
4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> वाचना ने तिरं विवरण-प्रयोग। वर्तमान 1-5 प्रामाणन 1-6 विशेष 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10, 15, 17, 22, 23, 28, 30 उपानिषद् 1-4 	15
अधिकार समाप्ति (Course Outcomes)		
CO1	कल-कल, बलवान् वाल, प्रमुख लाभ नहीं से ज्ञान लाने वाले वैशिकालीन वैदिकी साहित्य पर जल्दी की मानवकालीन दर्शावी वास्तवी, पुराण ग्रन्थालय कामयी और नोन घटी मूल्यों का लाभ लाने का विश्व प्रौद्योगिकीय एवं गुणवत्ता पृष्ठ विवरण का विवरण विद्यार्थियों को होगा।	
CO2	प्रान्तिक एवं प्रक्षेपणार्थी के लाभार्थी एवं लाभीकारी के वाक्य स्वरूपनामालयी मूलों के विवरण विद्यार्थियों का भी परिषेप विद्यार्थियों को होगा।	
CO3	इतिहास वायक-वायिकार्ण व इतिहास के वायादृश उद्दान विशेष गुणहोष त्रुटि विवेदा कविता जैसे विविध जटी है - इसका विश्वासियों को होगा।	
CO4	वैशिष्ट्य के व्यवधान की वायादृश विवरण।	
CO5	वैशिकालीन वर्णना ही व्यायाम का संप्राप्ति की क्रमता।	
संरक्षण पुस्तक	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> वैशिकालीन कार्य-प्रयोग विविध विवरण-प्रयोग। 	

SEMESTER -V

परिक्षेपक	हिन्दी साहित्य का विभास (संस्कृत पुरा से अध्ययन)	Total Lecture: 60
AH23HD005	LTPC	4 - 6 - 0 = 4
अधिगम उद्देश्य	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> आधुनिक काल की प्रकृतियों ते विवरणों को ज्ञान कराना। प्राचीन रचनाओं के अध्ययन से इस की सांख्यिक, सामग्रीक एवं सांस्कृतिक मूल्यों कृतज्ञपि होने। इन्द्राजल की विवरण का विळास सुनाना। 	
संघर्ष	प्रश्नावली	पैकड़ा
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> आधुनिक काल की सामाजिक, सांस्कृतिक, आर्थिक और सामग्रीक पृष्ठभूमि, संस्कृत पुरा, विवरण, प्रमुख रचनाओं और रचनाओं विवरण द्वारा विवरणीय इन्द्राजल का विळास करना। 	15
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ऐतिहासिक की प्राचीनीय, इन्द्राजल का विवरण, प्राचीनियता वैव नई परिकल की विवेषणाएँ। 	15
3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> हिन्दी द्वय की भूमिका—विवरण, उपन्यास, विषय, कहानी का विळास। 	15
4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> हिन्दी शास्त्रीयना, समाज, रेतीयन, पीठी, ग्राम्यता वैव सिंगलोर का विळास। 	15
लक्षितनम् निष्ठाविधि (Course Outcomes)		
CO1	आधुनिक काल की प्रकृतियों ते विवरणों का ज्ञान कराना।	
CO2	इन्द्राजल की विवरण से इस की सामाजिक, सांस्कृतिक एवं सांस्कृतिक मूल्यों कृतज्ञपि होना।	
CO3	इन्द्राजल की विवरण का विळास होना।	
संदर्भ दुष्टान्त	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> विवरणीय रामराज्य, हिन्दी शास्त्रीय वैव रामराज्य का विवरण, लोककलाता प्रकाशन, इलाहाबाद, 2019। विवरणीय रामराज्य, हिन्दी शास्त्रीय वैव रामराज्य इवाना इवाना नई विलास, 2011। 	



प्राप्तकोड	भारतीय भाषाविज्ञान	Total Lecture: 60
AH23HD006	LTPC	4 - 0 - 0 = 4
ज्ञानीय संदर्भ	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> भारतीय काव्य भाषाओं की परम्परा तथा विद्यालिंगों की जड़ेशुद्धि करना। प्रमुख लघुवाचकीय व अध्याक्षरीय ग्रन्थों का परिचय कराए। 	
इकाई	प्रश्नपत्रक	प्रते
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> काव्य-भाषाएँ, काव्य-संग्रह-प्रणाली, काव्य की भौतिकी, इस का महत्व, इस विषय का विवरणिकरण, संहेय की उपलब्धता, उत्तराः संप्रसारण का परिचय की अवधारणा का वर्णन। 	15
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> विलोक्यान्त- शीर्ष-परिचय, काव्य-ग्रन्थ, शीर्ष-वर्णाली। वार्तालिख ग्रन्थों का वर्चित, तर्हीकरण, वार्तालिख लक्षण अभियोगात्मक। 	15
3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> वर्णन विवरण- वर्णनी वा वर्णाली, वर्णन का वर्णकरण, वर्णन-काव्य का व्याख्या, वार्तालिखानी, वर्णना, लघुवा, वार्तालिख, वर्णनाद् वर्णनाद् वर्णनाद् 	15
4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> विन्नी काव्यशास्त्र का व्युत्पत्ति, विविधातीम च्छुट भाषाएँ, लेखदाता, नियामीयात, हिन्दी के प्रमुख जातीयक लगाव रामायण, कृष्ण, नन्दप्रसाद, व्याघ्रदेवी, द्वारारोपसाद विवेकी जी, रामायानाल सम्बन्धी 	15
अधिकारण उत्तरालिंगी (Course Outcomes)		
CO1	साहित्य वा काव्यका लक्ष्य है।	
CO2	इस के विभिन्नता क्या हो सकते हैं?	
CO3	साहित्य वा व्याख्या-प्रणाली, उनकी वार्तालिखका का विवरण	
CO4	साहित्य का व्याप्ति वा वर्तन इसमें वार्तालिख तीनवटे-छोड़ का संस्कार भवित्व से सम्बन्धित हेतुर्विक की व्यवहारिक लक्ष्य से यह काव्यशास्त्र विद्यालिंगी का विवेकी करनेवा।	
संदर्भ पुस्तक:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> नवान संदर्भिकार, विन्नी आत्मकाव्य का विवरण, जन्मभूमि प्रसाद, नवी विल्ली 1980। विष्णु वस्य, वार्तालिख एवं वार्तालिख वाय्यशास्त्र का गुरुतालक प्रवायन, हरिहरा वार्तालिख वाय्यदामी, वर्णनाद् 1997। विष्णु वस्य, वाय्यशास्त्र विभिन्नात्मक प्रकाशन वाराण्सी, 1988. विन्नी जी, रामायण, वार्तालिख एवं वार्तालिख वाय्यशास्त्र की वर्तन, जन्मभूमी प्रकाशन, इताहासाद, शूरीग संस्करण, 2010। 	



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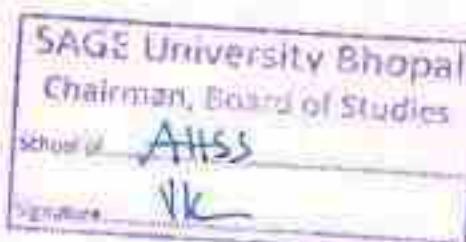
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SEMESTER -VI

प्रयोगशाला	वायुगति कार्यक्रम (अध्ययन वर्ष)	Total Lecture: 60
AH23HD007	LTPC	4 - 0 - 0 = 4
प्रयोगशाला प्रदर्शन	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> वायुगति कार्यक्रम से पर्याप्त ज्ञान वायुगति कार्यक्रम के उपयोग के बारे में विवरणों के ज्ञानीय कार्यों का अध्ययन करना। नियोजित कार्यक्रम का पढ़ एवं प्रस्तुत करना। 	
इकाई	वायुगति कार्यक्रम	पृष्ठ
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> वायुगति कार्यक्रम का विवरण विविध विकल्प वायुगति कार्यक्रम की प्रमुख प्रणाली विविध विकल्प कार्यक्रम की प्रमुख विकल्प वायुगति कार्यक्रम की प्रमुख विकल्प 	15
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> प्रयोगशाला कार्यक्रम अध्ययन वायुगति कार्यक्रम का विवरण वायुगति कार्यक्रम की प्रमुख विकल्प 	15
3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> उपयोगशाला के लाभ की विवरण विविध विकल्प के कार्यक्रम की प्रमुख विकल्प वायुगति कार्यक्रम के कार्यक्रम की प्रमुख विकल्प वायुगति कार्यक्रम की प्रमुख विकल्प 	15
4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> वायुगति के नियमों का विवरण विविध विकल्प का विवरण : वायुगति-हाईवे, वायुगति-हाईवे वायुगति कार्यक्रम के विवरण 	15
वायुगति कार्यक्रम का उपलब्धिकारी (Course Outcomes)		
CO1	वायुगति कार्यक्रम से पर्याप्त होना।	
CO2	वायुगति कार्यक्रम के विवरण वायुगति कार्यक्रमों के प्रयोगिक कार्यों का अध्ययन करने में सक्षम होने।	
CO3	विविध कार्यक्रम के विवरण होने।	
संदर्भ प्रतिक्रिया:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> वायुगति कार्यक्रम का विवरण नियम, विविध विकल्प, प्रयोगशाला कार्यक्रम। 	

क्रमांक	विषयालीक विवरण (प्रारंभिक के बारे में)	Total Lecture: 60
AH23HD008	LTPC	4 - 0 - 0 = 4
अधिगम उद्देश्य	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> इत्युनिक कलिका से प्राचीन कलाओं का सम्बन्ध इत्युनिक कलिका के अन्तर्गत भान चारी कलापालों के प्रतिमिति लोकों का जबाबद वाचन नियुक्ति विविधताओं का वह एप वर्कशॉप वाचन। 	
इकाई	प्रत्येक	
1.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> भासेन्दु एवं द्विषेषी शुभग वाचन का अध्ययन। हिन्दी वाचनागत्त्व। बल्लालद्वारा लाल ती शुभग वाचन। दिलीपद्वारा लाल ती शुभग वाचन। जगद्वालिह वाचनावाचन हिन्दीवाचन के काव्य की अनुवाद विशेषताएँ। 	15
2.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> गायत्री वाचन का अध्ययन। गायत्री वाचन विशेषता। गायत्री काव्य : लालद्वारा, तीर्थ वाचन, विशेषता, शूल ४८, शौदर्य-वेणुग. 	15
3.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> लंगोसाह वसाद के काव्य की अनुवाद विशेषताएँ। मुमिनांदन गंगा के काव्य की अनुवाद विशेषताएँ। रामकृष्ण विनामी विनामी के काव्य की अनुवाद विशेषताएँ। भाद्री गंगा के काव्य की अनुवाद विशेषताएँ। 	15
4.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> मातामा वाचन विषयालीक वाचन। पैदेलीवाचन, शूल : वायरस-वाचन । से २५ (गाला-नाली) मायाविनिति वायरसावाचन "हृदीवाचन" विषयाली-वाचन ३५ से ५० उवाक्कन इत्यादि विषयाली अंगू त वाल तीर्थ _____ है ताक घरे छैन्दव, यस्त एह खुगम... सूर्यसाह विषयाली विनामी : तुम्ही की बड़ी काव्य शुभगी विषय। मुमिनांदन वाचन : एक तार, योग विमर्शन, दू। इटे नालदी वाचन : जैन विद्वान् राम जैन वाचन। <p style="text-align: center;">विविध उद्देश्यों (Course Outcomes)</p>	15
CO1	वायुनिक कलिका से प्राचीनता दर्शन।	
CO2	वायुनिक कलिका के अन्तर्गत लोकगालों कलापालों के इत्युनिक लोकगालों का अध्ययन करने वाले सहज होंगे।	
CO3	विविध वाचनों में लक्ष्य होंगे।	
संक्षेप पुस्तक:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> वायुनिक वाचन-संग्रह : गंगा दामोदर विज्ञ विविधताह इत्यादि, वाचनात्म। 	

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SEMESTER -VIII

प्रक्रिया	पाठ्यानन्द कार्यालय	Total Lecture: 60
AH23HD009		LTPC 4 - 0 - 0 = 4
अधिकारी वर्ष	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> वास्तविक काम सार्व के उद्देश्य से विभिन्नों तो गुणित करता। वास्तविक वितरण के बारे में जानता है काम सार्व और वितरण के बीच के अंतर। वास्तविक विभिन्नों के वितरण से विश्लेषित करता है काम के उद्देश्य। 	
इकाई	पाठ्यक्रम	बट्टे
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> पाठ्यक्रम के कार्यान्वयन का प्रकारण वितरण, वितरण विधान, लोगों की विद्या विवरण। 	10
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> विभिन्नों का सामाजिक-वितरण, विभिन्नों का वितरण विधान है। एस. इनिषिएट विवेदिका का वितरण, विवेदिका समीकरण, आदि एवं विवरण का गुण वितरण एवं विवरण विधान। 	10
3	वास्तविक काम, सामाजिक-वितरण, विवेदिका, विवेदिका समीकरण।	10
4	प्रतिवर्षीय वृद्धि विवरण, सामाजिक-वितरण, विवेदिका, विवेदिका समीकरण।	10
अधिकारी उपलब्धियाँ (Course Outcomes)		
CO1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> प्रतिवर्षीय वृद्धि में वास्तविक और वितरण-विनार्थ की एक सही और समृद्ध कल्पना की है। 	
CO2	वास्तविक वितरण को विभिन्न तो विभिन्न विधानों वितरण की प्रस्तुति के विभिन्न विवरण ही है।	
CO3	भौतिकी या ज्ञानीय सांकेतिक की संख्याएँ विभिन्न विधानों विभिन्न विधानों की जानकारी हैं।	
CO4	विभिन्न विधानों की विवरण की प्रस्तुति विधा - विभिन्न विधानों की जानकारी है।	
CO5	कृत वितरण इस प्रकार के अंदर से विभिन्न विधानों के विवरण के विवेदिका विवेदिका का भी ज्ञान प्राप्त होता।	
संलग्न पुस्तक	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> टन्ड, देवेन्द्र गांधी, वास्तविक-वितरण, समृद्धि एवं विवरण, गोपाल, 2002. लिंग-विवरण-विवेदिका एवं विवेदिका, विवेदिका विवरण, विवेदिका विवरण, विवेदिका विवरण, विवेदिका विवरण, विवेदिका विवरण, 2010. विवेदिका, विवेदिका, विवेदिका, विवेदिका, विवेदिका, विवेदिका, विवेदिका, 1988. 	

प्रक्रिया	लिंगी कथासाहित	Total Lecture: 60 LTPC 4 - 0 - 0 - 4
AH23HD910 जनित्रण उद्देश्य	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> हिंदू जातीय एवं उपनिषद संहिता के विभिन्न पाठ से पर्यायों का प्रयोग हुए हर्षार्थों का विवेचन करना प्रमुख जटानीकारी के उपनिषद के विवेचन एवं परिचय करना। 	
इकाई	पाठ्यक्रम	घटे
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> पूर्ण इमप्रटमुर्दीन लिंगी उपनिषद एवं इतिहास जेनकद्युमीन लिंगी जातीय विवेचन एवं प्रयोग जेनद्युद के उपनिषद- साहित्य का आलोचनात्मक अनुसन्धान काम्पुषे का सम्बोधनात्मक अध्ययन नाईज़ागिक / मनोविज्ञानात्मक उपनिषद (जीर्ण और जारी होने के साथ में) 	10
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> उपनिषद कार्यान्वयन एवं और गुणात्मक वर्णन के उपनिषदों का व्यापाद-विवेचन सामाजिक लिंगी उपनिषद विवेचन एवं प्रयोग वीष्णु गाहारी विवेचन एवं ग्रन्थ उपनिषद-विवेचन का ज्ञानात्मक विवेचन उपनिषद का सम्बोधनात्मक अध्ययन 	15
3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> देवर्वद्युगीन जातीय विवेचन एवं इतिहास प्रमुख जटानीकारी का परिचय एवं भूमिका: वैद्यम-हर्ष-गुरुर्वैद्य-प्रमुख उपनिषद अध्ययन समीक्षात्मक अध्ययन: उपनिषद का व्यापाद-विवेचन का ज्ञानात्मक विवेचन प्रेनप्रोत्तर जटानी: परिचय एवं इतिहास प्रमुख जटानीकारी का परिचय एवं भूमिका: वैद्यम-प्रमुख उपनिषद और फाराहीलर इति समीक्षात्मक अध्ययन: वैद्यम-प्रमुख उपनिषद का ज्ञानात्मक विवेचन 	15
4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> गाही जटानी: परिचय एवं इतिहास बृहद कठानीकारी: मौर्यन राजवंश उपनिषद एवं विवेचन ग्रन्थ-ज्ञान भठारी लग्नीकारीक जटानी: हिंदू उपनिषदों विवेचन सम्बोधनीक जटानी: परिचय एवं इतिहास प्रमुख जटानीकारी: वैद्यम-प्रमुख उपनिषद और भूमिका समीक्षात्मक अध्ययन: वैद्यम-प्रमुख उपनिषद का ज्ञानात्मक विवेचन 	15

अधिकारम् लक्षणात्मिका (Course Outcomes)

CO1	• गांतिक लौप्ति पर समक्ष मा विकास।
CO2	• कर्मसुनि लौप्ति दम्भोग तुँग मूर्ती तथा पुराणा, वालेश, तोल, रोडस्ट्री, बिन्दी कलाकार, वापली, वैश्वानर या मध्यना दुष्कृत मही हैं उन्हीं वहाँ था। जोटी-जाहिनियों के दम्भोगान्मक अवयवों द्वारा सामाजिक हास्यों एवं कथा-जाहीर के अध्ययन की समस्या या विकास।
CO3	• कहानी एवं दम्भोग की लालितिक संरीणी का छानबी।
संक्षेप पुस्तक:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • हिन्दी उपन्यास या विकास-संपूर्ण • हिन्दी उपन्यास या इतिहास-साहित्य रोप • दाम्भोग और लोकगीत-दैनिक कामकाज • उपर्युक्त जीव-उपन्यास द्वारा-दम्भोगितासाठी जाना • हिन्दी उपन्यास : जनकांठी-परामर्श-में दुर्विद्यात गिरा • अनुभिक हिन्दी उपन्यास-में भीम सहानी • हिन्दी कहानी का विकास-संपूर्ण • हिन्दी कहानी का इतिहास-पोषण सब्द • एक दृश्यमान समाजात्मक-नवीन विद्या • जहाँसे नई कहानी-नवाचार !गिरा • नई कहानी : सोरेन और इफ्फी-दैनिकान्माली • हिन्दी कहानी : पृष्ठिया-जीव चठ-दुष्कृत घोषण • अनुभिक और हिन्दी उपन्यास-दैनिक मध्यम • इन्हीं उपन्यास, सामाजिक वेळें-में दुर्विद्यात जीवा

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प्रैक्टिकल	हिन्दी नाट्य साहित्य	Total Lecture: 60
AH23HD011	LTPC	4 - 0 - 0 = 4
अधिगम उद्देश्य	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • नाटक का संरचना, परिचय वारानसी • हिन्दी नाटक एवं प्रमुख नाटकों की भारतवासी से अवश्यकता 	
इकाई	पाठ्यक्रम	पृष्ठ
1	• प्रारंभिकी तथा प्रायोगिक प्रसारण और सामरिता प्राप्ति।	10
2	• नियमित प्रायोगिकी का उत्तराधिकारी पर अधिकृत प्राप्ति।	10
3	• हिन्दी नाटक साहित्य के इतिहास-विकास पर अधिकृत प्राप्ति।	10
4	• दिनांकी लाइब्रेरी के इतिहास-विकास पर अधिकृत प्राप्ति।	10
अधिकारम संपर्कीयी (Course Outcomes)		
CO1	• नाटक में कहा गया है— जात्यों नाटक सम्बन्ध अधिक साहित्य की लिखाई में नाटक व्याप्ति अधिक तुलनात्मक तुलनात्मक है। ऐसा बहने के कुछमात्र दो कारण हैं।	
CO2	• अथवा यो यो कि दूसरा विषय होने के कारण यह यांत्रिक, समरपालीय और उत्तराधिकारी होता है। दूसरा वह कि दूसरे भावकालालक औपचारिक होता है।	
CO3	• नाटक विषय के लकड़पर एवं पाणीपत द्वारा।	
CO4	• हिन्दी से फ्रांस नाटकशास्त्री एवं अमरीकी नाटकशास्त्री को ज्ञान ते ज्ञान होते।	
CO5	• अंतर भाषाएँ सुनातामेंकी ओर वारीता छह वर्षावी से भाषणों के अवधान स्वयं का वार्तावाक्यक अवधान उपलब्धपूर्ण कर देते हैं।	
क्रम पुस्तक	• नवे लिखा गया 3000 ते बहुत लिखा गया नियमित घटक तुलना।	

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प्रैक्टिकल	हिंदी की साहित्यिक विद्या	Total Lecture: 60
	LTPC	4 - 0 - 0 = 4
AH23UC002 अधिनेत्र चर्चाएं	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> हिंदी की साहित्यिक विद्या की विवरणी देना वार्षिक अक्षोत्ती शिखिन आदर्श लोकोनिवास की इच्छाओं देना साहित्य की विवरण रूपरेखा करना विद्यार्थी द्वारा दुष्प्रभावों के बारे में जान लेना। 	
इकाई	प्रश्नावली	प्रैक्टिकल
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> संविधान में उत्तमपूर्ण-तात्परी-गाफ़ान हिंदी के प्रोग्रेस-एवेंयू ग्राह्योत्ती की विवरण- 1922, 1955 तथा 1962 	15
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> गालिमाल अध्ययन का गठन एवं उसकी विवरणी उत्तरी लोकान्दा समिति विवरण-गुरु 	15
3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> संघर्षान्वयन अध्ययन- 1963 राजनीति (सार्वजनिक- अधिकारीय) अध्ययन राजनीति अध्ययन- (1973) राजनीति अध्ययन- 1985 	15
4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> राजनीति-संघर्ष प्रत्याहरण एवं गोपनीयता राजनीति हिंदी की तात्पुरता-तात्परी चरमान्वयन संघर्षान्वयन के कानून में हिंदी की विवरण विद्या 	15
अधिकारीय उत्तरायणी (Course Outcomes)		
CO1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> मारठी की विवरणी की जान-संक्षेपी 	
CO2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> मारठी की साहित्यिक विद्या का विवरण देना 	
CO3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> मारठी की विवरण देना 	
कार्य उत्तरायणी	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> साहित्य हिंदी : ग्राफ़ान शिखाएँ दिल्ली साहित्य हिंदी : अद्वीत हिंदी लोकन् भाषा प्राचीनकाल हिंदी : रामगावड़ दिनेश द्वारा हिंदी भाषा : भोजान्दा विद्यालय प्राचीनग्रन्थ हिंदी : सिद्धांत और व्याक़ - राजा इंद्रेन झारखण्डी हिंदी : विनोद तोमर 	

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प्रैक्टिकल	साहित्यिक प्रश्नावली	Total Lecture: 60
	LTPC	4 - 0 - 0 = 4
AH23UC003		

लक्षित उद्देश्य	पाठ्यक्रम	पटे
इकाई 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • सार्वत्रयी में प्राप्ति किए जाने वाले चर्चा के रूप से परिसिर कामोंते हुए सार्वजनिक गति के लेखन का अभ्यास 	
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • अधिकारीय एवं बनानालालिक चर्चा के अभ्यास • कामोंत्रयी एवं चर्चा का अध्ययन • कामोंत्रयी प्रश्नोत्तरी की भाषिक विस्तारी • चर्चा 	15
3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • कामोंत्रयी अध्ययन • सरकारी आदेश • नियम • अधिकारीय • चर्चा 	15
4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • अधिकारीय • विभाग • राजपत्र अधिकारीय • नियम 	15
कार्यक्रम कार्यालयी (Course Outcomes)		
CO1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • कामोंत्रयी अध्युक्त पहुँच के लिए विभिन्न तरहों 	
CO2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • नामांकित व्यवहार एवं वाक्यांतरण जी लाक्षण्यात्मक संरीणि 	
CO3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • विभिन्न अधिकारीय पहुँच के लक्षण की लौकिक विवरण कर सकते 	
सिद्ध गुलक	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • हिन्दी भाषाएँ : बलाकाराद गुलक • हिन्दी शब्दानुग्रहन : लिखानात्मक वाचनप्रयोगी • हिन्दी भाषा : ललदेव बहुत • हिन्दी भाषा : भाषानाम्बद्ध विवरण • भाषाविज्ञान : लिखान गति प्राप्ति : लेखपत्राद गुलक • आधुनिक लिहान भाषाकारण और रखना : लक्षणेत्वाद व्याकाद विवरण 	



Bachelor of Arts (B.A.)
3 Years Degree Program

Program Educational Objectives (PEOs)

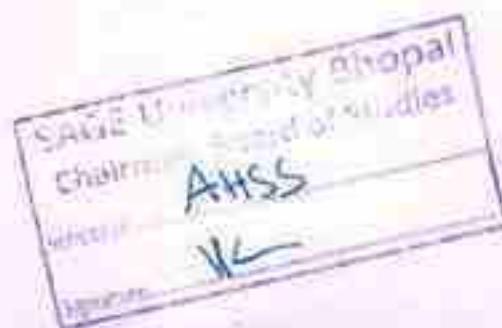
The Program Bachelor of Arts will be developed and ability to identify and solve the real-world problems related to various areas of society. It also develops an aptitude to apply principle of social sciences to articulate and in-depth knowledge of various fields of social sciences. The course will be:

- PEO 1 Provide value based and ethical leadership in the professional and social life;
- PEO2 Provide the professional consultancy and research support for the relevant organization in the specialized area.
- PEO 3 Provide skills of observations and drawing logical inferences from the scientific knowledge.
- PEO 4 Provide knowledge of various subjects of social science through theory and field orientation.
- PEO 5 Provide insight of the value-based knowledge of different discipline of social sciences.

Program Objectives (POs):

A graduate who is conferred a B.A. Degree is expected to have acquired the basics of theoretical and practical aspects of Social Sciences. He/ she should be able to:

- PO 1 Solve the problem and also think methodically, independently and draw a logical conclusion.
- PO 2 Demonstrate skills and competencies to conduct wide range of scientific knowledge.
- PO 3 Employ critical thinking and the scientific knowledge to design, carryout, record and perform quantitative/quantitative analysis of social problems.
- PO 4 Select higher education comparable to the best available in the world class institutions elsewhere.
- PO 5 Develop a comprehensive understanding of the theories and practice of concerned subjects.
- PO 6 Paraphrase advanced critical thinking skills, inclusive of information literacy.
- PO 7 Translate to diverse audiences in a variety of contexts and genres.
- PO 8 Report a wide range of writing related careers.
- PO 9 Experiment to use, analyze and learn communication technologies like textual, visual, and verbal communication abilities.
- PO 10 Assemble social, political and administrative knowledge in their professional as well as personal lives.



SANJEEV AGRAWAL GLOBAL EDUCATIONAL (SAGE) UNIVERSITY, BHOPAL

Scheme & Syllabus

For

Bachelor of Arts (History)

w.e.f
2023-24



School of Arts, Humanities and Social
Sciences

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Table: 3.3
Discipline Specific Electives (DSE)
2023-24 onwards
Track: History

Semester	Course Code	Course Title	Contact Hours per Week			Weightage (Theory)						Weightage (Practical)			GT			
			L	T	P	ESE Duration (Hours)			Internal Assessment (IA)			ESE	GT	C	E	TF		
						MSE	ASG	TA	ATTD	Total								
I	AH23HT001	History of India from the Earliest Times to 1200 AD	4	-	-	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	0	0	0	100	
II	AH23HT002	History of India (1200 to 1750AD)	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	100	0	0	0	100	
III	AH23HT003	History of India from 1750 to 1857 AD	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	0	0	0	100
IV	AH23HT004	History of India from 1858 to 1950 AD	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	0	0	0	100
V	AH23HT005	Western World (Mid 15 th Century to 1870)	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	0	0	0	100
V	AH23HT006	Socio-religious Movements in India	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	0	0	0	100
VI	AH23HT007	Main Currents of World History (from 1871 to 2001 AD)	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	0	0	0	100
VI	AH23HT008	Indian Cultural History	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	0	0	0	100
VI	AH23HT009	History of South India (600 AD to 1200 AD)	4	-	-	4	3	30	05	05	10	50	100	0	0	0	100	
VII	AH23HT0010	Archaeology and History of Indian Art and Architecture	4	-	-	4	3	30	05	05	10	50	100	0	0	0	100	
VII	AH23HT0011	History of Marathas (1627-1818)	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	0	0	0	100
VII	AH23HT0012	History of Indian National Movement	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	0	0	0	100

SEMESTER -I

Code	HISTORY OF INDIA FROM THE EARLIEST TIMES TO 1200AD	Total Lecture:60
AH23HT001		LTPC 4-0-0=4
Learning Objectives:	<p>This course aims to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To provide a comprehensive knowledge of the initial phase of the history of India. • The following course provides an understanding of the sources of knowledge determining ancient history of India. • The course details the eras and their respective developments in the specific regions as well as the invasions that change the phases of ancient and early medieval history. • The course emphasizes on the forms of art, architecture and culture that was prevalent in particular areas and eras. • The course studies the various dynasties and conquerors of ancient India that shape our present. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Survey of Sources: Archeology, Epigraphy, Numismatics, & Literature, Foreign Accounts: Greek, Chinese & Arabic, Prehistory: Paleolithic Cultures: Stone Tools, Rock Art; Mesolithic & Neolithic Cultures: Food Production & Habitation, Proto History: The Harappan Civilization: Origin, Distribution, Major Sites, Religious Beliefs and Practices, Art & Architecture, Script.	12
II	The Emergence of Historic India - Early & Later Vedic Periods, Jainism, Buddhism & other Systems, Sixteen Mahajanapadas, Macedonian Invasion	12
III	The Mauryan Empire: Chandragupta, Bindusar, Asoka, Dhamma-Administration, Art & Architecture, Decline; The Post-Mauryan Times (c.200 BC- c.300 AD); Foreign Invasions: Sakas & Kushanas. (a) The Sungas & Sangam Age, Architecture & Sculpture, The Age of the Guptas: Origin, Chandragupta-I, Chandragupta-II, Samudragupta, Kumargupta, Skandagupta, Administration, Gupta Period as the Classical Age of India.	12
IV	Vardhanas, the origin of Rajputs; Chandellas, Parmaras - Polity, Society, Economy, Chalukyas, Pallavas, Cholas, Rashtrakutas, Pala & Pratihara Dynasties, Tripartite Struggle.	12

V	Arab & Turkish Invasions and their Impact on India, Greater India: Cultural & Economic Contacts with South - East & Central Asia.	12
Course Outcomes (As per Bloom's Taxonomy)		
After successful completion of course students will able to:		
CO1	Students will be able to demonstrate ¹ broad knowledge of historical events and periods and their significance.	
CO2	Students will be able to explain ² and critique the historical schools of thought that have shaped scholarly understanding of their fields of study.	
CO3	Students will be able to deploy ³ skills of critical analysis.	
CO4	Formulating ⁴ persuasive arguments.	
CO5	Evaluating ⁴ evidence and critiquing claims in the literature.	
Text Books:	R.C Mazumdar (2016). An Advanced History of India , TRINITY; Trinity R.S. Sharma (2006). India's Ancient Past , Mumbai: Oxford University Press VD Mahajan (2011). Ancient India , New Delhi: S. Chand	
Reference Books:	P.N.K Banerji (2007). History of Kashmir – Earliest times , Delhi: Metropolitan Book Co. Shyam Radhey (2008). History of Ancient India Earliest Times to 1200 A.D ; New Delhi: Atlantic Publishers & Distributors Pvt. Ltd.	



SEMESTER -II

Code	HISTORY OF INDIA (1200 TO 1739 A.D.)	Total Lecture: 60
AH23HT002		LTPC 4-0-0-4
Learning Objectives:	<p>This course aims:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To understand the structure of early-medieval India. • To recall conquering of the Indian subcontinent by the Turkish powers. • To recognize how the Sultanate of Delhi was established in the year 1206. • To sketch the changing religious and cultural scenarios. • To examine the impact of Islamic culture on India and the consequent transformation of Indian culture, society, religion and agrarian structures. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Source of Medieval Indian History- Foundation and consolidation of the Delhi Sultanate – Qutbuddin Aibak and Iltutmish, Razia and Balban, Allauddin Khilji his consequences and reforms, The Mongol invasion.	12
II	Mohammad Bin Tughluq and Firoz Shah Tughluq- Disintegration of Delhi Sultanate. Vijayanagar and Bahamani Kingdoms. Timur's invasion and its impact. Invasion of the Mughals-Babur, Humayun and Sher Shah Suri. Role of Rana Kumbha and Rana Sanga in Indian history.	12
III	Akbar—Consolidation and territorial expansion of the Mughal empire, his religious and Rajput policy. Jahangir, Shahjahan, Mughal-Sikh relation. Rise of Marathas. Chhatrapati Shivaji-His conquests and administration. Aurangzeb and the decline of the Mughal Empire, Nadir Shah's invasion and its impact.	12
IV	Socio-Religious life during the Sultanate period, Bhakti and Sufi Movements. The Saint tradition during the Sultanate period- Agriculture Industry, Trade, Economic and Administrative System	12
V	Mughal administration, Mansabdari System, Social and Religious Life, Status of Women. Economic Life, Agriculture, Trade & Commerce and Architecture during Mughal period. Role of Rani Durgavati, Jijabai and Chand Bibi in history.	12
Course Outcomes (As per Bloom's Taxonomy)		SAGE University Bhopal
After successful completion of course students will able to:		Chairman, Board of Studies Anss

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CO1	Understand¹ the foundation of the Delhi sultanate and the Sultanate administration.
CO2	Recognise² the socio-economic and religious conditions under Vijayanagar Empire.
CO3	Interpret³ the conditions of India during the Mughal Empire.
CO4	Compare² the administration and art & architecture of Mughals.
CO5	Analyse⁴ the rise of the Marathas and the contribution of Shivaji.
Text Books:	L P Sharma (2019). Medieval India (1000-1761 AD) , Agra: Laxmi Narain Agarwal. Chandra Satish (2019). Medieval India: From Sultanate to the Mughals Delhi Sultanate(1526-1748) Part-2, New Delhi: Har Anand Publication Pt. Ltd. Habib Irfan (1998). Medieval India I: Researches in the History of India 1200-1750 , New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
Reference Books:	Khurana, K.L. (2015). History of Medieval India , Agra: Lakshmi Narain Agarwal. Mahajan, V.D. (1991). History of Medieval India , New Delhi: S. Chand. Mehta, J.L. (2019). Advanced Study in the History of Medieval India : Volume II Mughal Empire (1526-1707) , New Delhi: Sterling Publications Private Limited. Sharma, L.P. (2010). History of Medieval India 1000-1740 , New Delhi: Konark Publishers Pvt. Ltd.

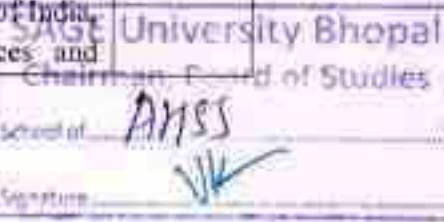

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SEMESTER -III

Code	HISTORY OF INDIA FROM 1740 TO 1857 AD	Total Lecture: 60
AH23HT003		LTPC 4-0-0=4
Learning Objectives:	This course aims:	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The objective of the course is to provide a comprehensive knowledge of the initial phase of the modern history of India. The following course provides an understanding of the sources of knowledge determining modern history of India. The course details the eras and their respective developments in the specific regions. To promote an understanding of the progress of struggle for freedom after 1740 A.D. Identify challenges that Indians have faced in the ecological, economic, political, and other spheres of life due to colonialism in India. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Sources of Modern Indian History -Political trends in the mid-18th century, Advent of Europeans in India, Anglo-French Conflict in Karnataka, Third Battle of Panipat, Establishment of East India Company in India, Battle of Plassey and Buxar, Diwani of Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, Dual Government,	12
II	Warren Hastings and Lord Cornwallis, Regulating Act, Pitt's India Act, Charter Act of 1813 & 1833 A.D., Anglo-Maratha Relations, Anglo-Mysore Relations, Anglo-Awadh Relation, Anglo-Sind Relation, Wellesley & the Subsidiary Alliance	12
III	Ideologies of Expansion: Mercantilism, Orientalism; Utilitarianism & Evangelism	12
IV	Maharaja Ranjit Singh and Anglo-Sikh Relations, Lord Hastings and British Paramountcy, Downfall of Marathas, Anglo-Burmese Relations, Anglo-Afghan Relations, Lord Dalhousie's Doctrine of Lapse, his Administration and Reforms Resistance to the British Rule, First Freedom Struggle of 1857 - Nature, Causes, Results and Impact, Main Leaders of 1857,	12
V	British Land Revenue Settlement - Permanent Settlement, Ryotwari and Mahalwari System, Condition of Peasants, Rural Indebtedness, Commercialization of Agriculture, Drain of Wealth, Decline of Cottage Industries, Economic Transformation of India, Communication Network Telegraph and Postal Services and	12

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Course Outcomes (as per Bloom's Taxonomy)		
After successful completion of course students will able to:		
CO1	Student will be able to formulate⁸ basis of modern India through different concepts like modernity, Rule of Law etc.	
CO2	Students will be able to analyze⁴ the process of rise modern India and its foundation made by Social reformer and freedom fighters.	
CO3	Students will be able to categorize⁸ different school of thoughts about Modern India history.	
CO4	Students will be able to analyze⁴ social background of Indian Nationalism.	
CO5	Students will be able to illustrate³ rise and growth of Economic Nationalism in India.	
Text Books:	Mahajan V.D. (2018): British Rule in India , New Delhi: S. Chand. Grover and Grover (2018): A New outlook on Modern Indian History , New Delhi: S. Chand. Chandra Bipin (2008): India Since Independence , London: Penguin.	
Reference Books:	Grover B.L. & Sethi R.R. (2018): Modern Indian History , 32 edition: New Delhi: S. Chand. Chandra Bipin and others (1972): India's Struggle for Independence , London: Penguin. Chandra Bipin (1989): Ideologies & Politics in Modern India , London: Penguin.	


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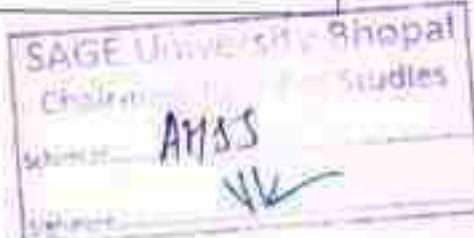


SEMESTER -IV

Code	HISTORY OF INDIA FROM 1858 TO 1950 AD	Total Lecture:60
AH23HT004		LTPC 4-0-0=4
Learning Objectives:	<p>This course aims:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Construct original historical arguments based on primary source material research. Demonstrate a superior quality of writing both in terms of mechanics and in developing an argument effectively. Develop an ability to convey verbally their thesis research and relevant historiography and theory. Employ a full range of techniques and methods used to gain historical knowledge Identify challenges that Indians have faced in the ecological, economic, political, and other spheres of life due to colonialism in India. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Queen Victoria's Proclamation, Act of 1858 Indian Council Act 1861 Internal Administration of Lord Lytton and Ripon Political Associations and the Indian National Congress, Indian Council Act of 1892.	12
II	Lord Curzon and the Partition of Bengal, Swadeshi Movement Moderates, Extremists and Revolutionary Movements in India and Aboard Government Act of India-1909 Peasant and Tribal Movements Home Rule Movement, Lucknow Pact Rowlat Act, Jallianwala Bagh Massacre, Government of India Act 1919 and Dyrchy. Leftism in India and Congress and Communist Party of India.	12
III	Gandhian Era - Khilafat and Non Cooperation Movement, Swaraj Party, Simon Commission, Lahore Congress, Civil Disobedience Movement, Round Table Conferences. Government of India Act 1935 and Provincial Autonomy, Quit India Movement Role and Women and Youth in the India National Movement.	12
IV	Cripps Mission, Simla Conference, Cabinet Mission 1940 SubhasChandra Bose and the INA, Communal Politics and the Partition of India, Indian Independence Act 1947. Integration of Indian Princely States. Main features of the Indian Constitution.	12
V	Indian Agriculture, British Famine Policy, Nature of Colonial Economy, British Fiscal Policy and India's Economic Exploitation Rise of Modern Industry, Expansion of Trade and Commerce Socio-Religious Movements-SatyaShodhakSamaj, Arya Samaj	12

	Ramkrishna Mission, Theosophical Society, Muslim Reform Movements, Upliftment of Women, Development of Education, Growth of Indian Press.	
Course Outcomes (as per Bloom's Taxonomy)		
After successful completion of course students will able to:		
CO1	Students will be able to illustrate ³ rise and growth of Economic Nationalism in India.	
CO2	Student will be able to formulate ⁶ basis of modern India through different concepts like modernity, Rule of Law etc.	
CO3	Students will be able to analyze ⁴ the process of rise modern India and its foundation made by Social reformer and freedom fighters.	
CO4	Students will be able to categorize ⁴ different school of thoughts about Modern India history.	
CO5	Students will be able to analyze ⁴ social background of Indian Nationalism.	
Text Books:	Mahajan V.D. (2018): British Rule in India and after : New Delhi: S. Chand. Grover and Grover (2018): A New outlook on Modern Indian History , New Delhi: S. Chand. Chandra Bipin (2008): India Since Independence , London: Penguin.	
Reference Books:	Grover B.L. & Sethi R.R.(2018): Modern Indian History , 32 edition: New Delhi: S. Chand. Chandra Bipin and others (1972): India's Struggle for Independence , London: Penguin. Chandra Bipin (1989): Ideologies & Politics in Modern India , London: Penguin.	

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SEMESTER -V

Code	WESTERN WORLD (MID 15TH CENTAURY TO 1870)	Total Lecture:60
AH23HT005		LTPC 4- 0-0=4
Learning Objectives:	This course aims:	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To provide a comprehensive knowledge of the medieval and early modern phase of the history of the western world. • To provide an understanding of the factors determining events of the past. • The course details the eras and their respective developments in the specific regions as well as the events that change the phases of world history. • The course emphasizes on the forms of art, architecture and culture that was prevalent in particular areas and eras. • The course studies the movements and unrest that took place in their point of time and how they impacted the course of History thereon. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	The Beginning of Modern Era – Renaissance, Decline of Feudalism, Reformation and Counter Reformation, Economic Revolution of the Modern West – Mercantilism and Commercial Revolution, Beginning of Colonialism	12
II	Industrial Revolution, Industrial revolution in England – Causes and Impact on Society, Industrialization in other countries – USA, Germany, Russia, Japan, Glorious Revolution of 1688 AD	12
III	American Revolution (1776 A.D), Causes and Effects, French Revolution- Nature, Causes and Effects and its aftermath	12
IV	Age of Napoleon Bonaparte – Rise and fall Vienna Congress (1815), Age of Metternich, Revolutions of 1830 and 1848 A.D and their impact over Europe, Eastern Question up to Crimean war	12
V	Liberalism in England – Act of 1832 and Chartist Movement, Act of 1867 A.D, American Civil War, with reference to Abraham Lincoln and the abolition of slavery, Napoleon III, Unification of Germany and Italy	12
Course Outcomes (As per Bloom's Taxonomy)		
At the end of the course the students will be able to:		
CO 1	To demonstrate ³ a comprehensive knowledge of the medieval and early modern phase of the history of the western world.	
CO 2	To comprehend ³ the factors determining events of the past.	
CO 3	To deploy ² skills of critical analysis to comprehend the respective developments in the specific regions as well as the events that change the phases of world history.	
CO 4	To analyze ⁴ various forms of art, architecture and culture that was prevalent in particular areas and eras.	

CO 5	To understand ¹ the movements and unrests that took place in their point of time and how they impacted the course of History thereon.
Text Books:	Mason David S (2017). A Concise History of Modern Europe , Hyderabad: Orient Blackswan History Captivating (2019). History of Europe : A Captivating Guide to European History, Classical Antiquity, The Middle Ages, The Renaissance and Early Modern , UK:Ch Publications
Reference Books:	Eugene Berger, Georgia Gwinnett (2016). World History: Cultures, States, and Societies to 1500 , Georgia: University of North Georgia Press.

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Code	SOCIO-RELIGIOUS MOVEMENTS IN INDIA	Total Lecture:60
AH23HT006		LTPC 4-0-0-4
Learning Objectives:	This course aims to:	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Construct original historical arguments based on primary source material research. • Demonstrate a superior quality of writing both in terms of mechanics and in developing an argument effectively. • Develop an ability to convey verbally their thesis research and relevant historiography and theory. • Employ a full range of techniques and methods used to gain historical knowledge • Identify challenges that Indians have faced in the ecological, economic, political, and other spheres of life due to colonialism in India. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Indian Renaissance, Socio - Religious Movements - Raja Rammohan Roy and Brahmo Samaj, Satya Shodhak Samaj, Lord William Bentinck, Devendr Nath Tagore, Ishwarchandra Vidyasagar, Dayanand Saraswati and Arya Samaj, Dev Samaj, Ramkrishna Mission, Theosophical Society.	12
II	Islamic Revivalism, Feraizi and Wahabi movements, Parsi, Sikhs and Christianity.	12
III	Sati, Fetal Death, Child Marriage, Widow Remarriage and regulations made by different Governor Generals.	12
IV	Status of Women, the State of Indigenous Education, Growth of Western Education, Policy of Lord Macaulay, Dalit Reforms, Slavery, Untouchability and government as well as indigenous efforts.	12
V	Modernization of India.	12

Course Outcomes (as per Bloom's Taxonomy)

After successful completion of course students will able to:

CO1	Students will distinguish ² between primary and secondary sources and identify and evaluate evidence.
CO2	Students will demonstrate ² in discussion and written work their understanding of different peoples and cultures in past environments and of how those cultures changed over the course of the centuries.



C03	Students will demonstrate ² in written work and class discussions the ability to recognize and articulate the diversity of human experience, including ethnicity, race, language, gender, as well as political, economic, social, and cultural structures over time and space Implement lesson sequences, assessment activities, and other requirements during a period of supervised professional experience.
C04	Students will be able to explain ² the Socio- economic, cultural and Political background of 19th century.
C05	Students will be able to demonstrate ² by analyzing and evaluating historical information from multiple sources of History
Text Books:	Mahajan V.D. and Savitri Mahajan (2018): British Rule in India and After , New Delhi: S.Chand. Grover and Grover (2018): A New outlook on Modern Indian History , New Delhi: S.Chand. Chandra Vipin (2008): India Since Independence , London: Penguin.
Reference Books:	Chatterjee, Ramanand (1918): Ram Mohan Roy and Modern India , Calcutta: Modern Review Office. Rai Lajpat (2016): The Arya Samaj , New Delhi: Prabhat Prakashan. Ranade, M.G. (1902): Religious and Social Reform , America: Kessinger Publishing. Rolland, Romain (1980): The Life of Vivekanand , Nasik: Vedanta Publication.

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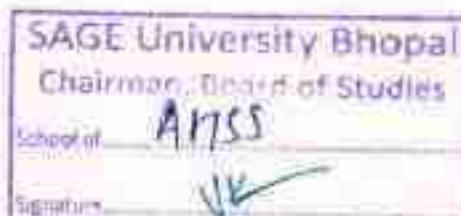


SEMESTER -VI

Code	MAIN CURRENTS OF WORLD HISTORY (FROM 1871 TO 1945 A.D.)	Total Lecture:60
AH23HT007		LTPC 4-0-0=4
Learning Objectives:	This Course aims:	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To provide a comprehensive knowledge of modern phase of World History. • To discuss factors of different wars of modern phase of World History. • To understand of the factors determining the events of World History. • To interpret movements and unrest that took place in their point of time and how they impacted the course of History thereon. • To construct concepts like Fascism, Nazism, Colonialism, etc. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Third Republic of the French Kaiser William-I, Domestic and Foreign Policy of Bismarck, Kesar William-II.	12
II	Africa and Turkey- Scramble for Africa Eastern Question, Russo Turkey War, Berlin Congress 1878, Young Turk Movement and the Balkan War I&II, Russian Revolution of 1905.	12
III	Europe- First World War- Causes, Result and Effects, Russian Revolution 1917, Wilson's XIV Principles, Paris Peace Conference, Treaty of Versailles, Leagues of Nations.	12
IV	China & Japan: Imperialism and Colonialism in China & Japan, I&II Opium War, Taiping Rebellion, Boxer Movement, Chinese Revolution 1911, Demands for Concessions in China, Japan- the Meiji Restoration, Modernization of Japan, Raise of Militarism, Russo Japanese War 1905, China Japanese War 1937.	12
V	Fascism in Italy, Mussolini's Internal and Foreign Policies, Nazism and Germany, Internal and Foreign Policy of Hitler, Causes, Result and Effects of the World War-II.	12
Course Outcomes (as per Bloom's Taxonomy)		
After successful completion of course students will able to:		
CO1	Differentiate ³ people and culture in past environment and how these cultures changed over the course of the centuries.	
CO2	Recognize ⁴ the diversity of human experience- including ethnicity, language, gender.	
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CO3	Interpret² the knowledge of political, economic, social and cultural structures over time and space.
CO4	Support² their historical analysis of documents.
CO5	Develop³ the ability to think critically and historically when discussing the past.
Text Books:	Dev, Arjun (2009). History of the World: From the Late Nineteenth to the Early Twenty-First Century , New Delhi: Orient Black Swan. Lowe, Norman (2013). Mastering Modern World History , New Delhi: Palgrave Macmillan.
Reference Books:	Jain H. and K. Mathur (2011). History of The Modern World , Jaipur: Jain Prakashan Mandir. Mason, David S (2011). A Concise History of Modern Europe , Maryland: Rowman and Littlefield Publishers.


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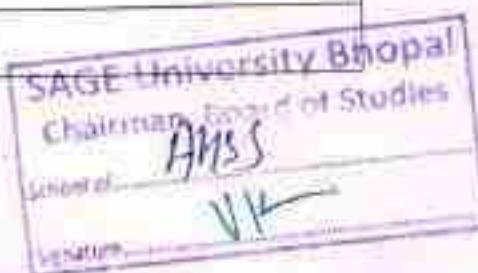
Code	INDIAN CULTURAL HISTORY	Total Lecture:60
AH23HT008		LTPC 4-0-0-4
Learning Objectives:	<p>This course aims:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To provide a comprehensive knowledge of ancient Indian Culture. To discuss factors of different aspects of life in ancient India. To understand of the factors determining the events of Indian History To interpret movements and unrest that took place in their point of time and how they impacted the course of History thereon. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Culture and Civilization: meaning and form, Salient features of Indian culture, Sources of Cultural history of Ancient India	12
II	Town Planning of Indus valley Civilization, Sculpture and Architecture of Indus Valley Civilization, An introduction of <i>Vedic Samhita</i> and <i>Upanishadas</i> , <i>Vedic Varnashram System</i>	12
III	Indian Culture as reflected in Ramayana Indian Culture as reflected in Mahabharata Contribution of Jainism to Indian Culture Contribution of Buddhism to Indian Culture	12
IV	Thinkers of Ancient India; Panini, Chanakya, Vatsyayan Contribution of Chaula and Pallava in religious Art and Literature Achievements of King Harsh Vardhan	12
V	Learning Centres of Ancient India; Taxila, Nalanda, Vikramashila, Valabhi etc. Development of Science in Ancient India (Mathematics, Ayurveda, Astronomy and Technology)	12

Course Outcomes (as per Bloom's Taxonomy)

After successful completion of course students will able to:

CO1	Differentiate ³ people and culture in past environment and how these cultures changed over the course of the centuries.
CO2	Recognize ³ the diversity of human experience, including ethnicity, race, language, gender.
CO3	Interpret ² the knowledge of political, economic, social and cultural structures over time and space.
CO4	Support ² their historical analysis of documents.


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COS	Develop the ability to think critically and historically when discussing the past.
Reference Books:	Basham A.L. (1985 reprint), The Wonder that was India, New Delhi, Rupa Books Singh Vikram, Glimpses of Indian Culture Kitab mahal Pvt. Ltd. Thapar Romila, a History of India Vol. I Koshambi DD, the Culture and Civilization of Ancient India, 1975

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SEMESTER -VIII

Code	HISTORY OF SOUTH INDIA (600 AD TO 1200AD)	Total Lecture:60
AH23HT009		LTPC 4- 0 - 0 = 4
Learning Objectives:	This course aims:	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To provide a comprehensive knowledge of the initial phase of the history of south India. The following course provides an understanding of the sources of knowledge determining ancient history of south India. The course details the eras and their respective developments in the specific regions as well as the invasions that change the phases of ancient and early medieval history of south India. The courses emphasizes on the forms of art, architecture and culture that was prevalent in particular areas underas. The course studies the various dynasties and conquerors of ancient India that shape our present. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Sources of South Indian History	12
II	Important dynasty of South India- Rastrakuta, Cholas, Pallavas and Chalukyas	12
III	Socio-economic and cultural life of South India	12
IV	Sangam Age, Greater India (Spread of Indian culture abroad)	12
V	Art and Architect of South India	12
Course Outcomes (As per Bloom's Taxonomy)		
After successful completion of course students will able to:		
CO1	Students will be able to demonstrate ² broad knowledge of historical events and periods and their significance.	
CO2	Students will be able to explain ² and critique the historical schools of thought that have shaped scholarly understanding of their fields of study.	
CO3	Students will be able to deploy ³ skills of critical analysis;	
CO4	Formulating ⁴ persuasive arguments.	
CO5	Evaluating ⁴ evidence and critiquing claims in the literature.	
Text Books:	R.C Mazumdar (2016). <i>An Advanced History of India</i> , TRINITY: Trinity R.S Sharma (2006). <i>India's Ancient Past</i> , Mumbai: Oxford	

	University Press VD Mahajan (2011). <i>Ancient India</i> , New Delhi: S. Chand
Reference Books:	Shyam Radhey (2008). <i>History of Ancient India Earliest Times to 1200 A.D.</i> New Delhi: Atlantic Publishers & Distributors Pvt Ltd.


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Code	ARCHAEOLOGY AND HISTORY OF INDIAN ART AND ARCHITECTURE	Total Lecture:60
AH23HT0010	LTPC	4-0-0-4
Learning Objectives:	<p>This course aims:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To provide a comprehensive knowledge of the medieval and early modern phase of the history of art and architecture. • The following course provides an understanding of the factors determining events of the past. • The course details the eras and their respective developments in the specific regions as well as the events that change the phases of Indian history. • The courses emphasizes on the forms of art, architecture and culture that was prevalent in particular areas andras. • The course studies the movements and unrest that took place in their point of time and how they impacted the course of History thereon. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Archeology : Concept, scope, relation with natural and social sciences	12
II	Ancient Indian art and architect : Pre-historic rock art and harappan art	12
III	Mauryan Art , Ashoka pillars, stupas, rock cut cave architecture (Chaitya / Vihar)- Arlay, Bhaja, Kushana Art, Matura art style and Gandhar art style	12
IV	Gupta Art- Beginning of temple architecture (Sanchi, Bhitargaon and Devgarh Temple). Temple architectural style, nagar, dravid and besara style; ancient India paintings with special reference to Ajanta, Bagh Caves	12
V	Art and architecture under – Gurjar , pratihar, Chadela, Parmer, Pal, Chalukya, Rashtrakuta and Pallavas	12

Course Outcomes (As per Bloom's Taxonomy)

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO 1	To demonstrate ³ a comprehensive knowledge of the medieval and early modern phase of the history of the western world.
CO 2	To comprehend ¹ the factors determining events of the past.
CO 3	To deploy ² skills of critical analysis to comprehend the respective developments in the specific regions as well as the events that change the phases of world history.
CO 4	To analyze ⁴ various forms of art, architecture and culture that was prevalent in particular areas and eras.
CO 5	To understand ¹ the movements and unrests that took place in their point of time and how they impacted the course of History thereon.

Text Books:	Mason David S (2017). <i>A Concise History of Modern Europe</i> , Hyderabad: Orient Blackswan History Captivating (2019). <i>History of Europe : A Captivating Guide to European History, Classical Antiquity, The Middle Ages, The Renaissance and Early Modern</i> , UK: Ch Publications
Reference Books:	Eugene Berger, Georgia Gwinnett (2016). <i>World History: Cultures, States, and Societies to 1500</i> , Georgia: University of North Georgia Press.

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Code	HISTORY OF MARATHAS (1627-1818)	Total Lecture:60
AH23HT0011	LTPC 4- 0 - 0 = 4	
Learning Objectives:	This course aims: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To construct original historical arguments based on primary source material research. Demonstrate a superior quality of writing both in terms of mechanics and in developing an argument effectively. Develop an ability to convey verbally their thesis research and relevant historiography and theory. Employ a full range of techniques and methods used to gain historical knowledge. Identify challenges that Indians have faced in the ecological, economic, political, and other spheres of life due to colonialism in India. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Rise of the Marathas-Physical Features, Bhakti movement, Literature and Language.	12
II	Chatrapati- Shivaji's Early Life, Mughal-Maratha relations; Maratha Administration.	12
III	Consolidation of Maratha Empire under Sambhaji to Sahu.	12
IV	Rise of Peshwas and their Administration.	12
V	Anglo-Maratha Relation and downfall of Maratha Empire.	12
Course Outcomes (as per Bloom's Taxonomy)		
After successful completion of course students will able to:		
CO1	Students will distinguish ⁴ between primary and secondary sources and identify and evaluate evidence.	
CO2	Students will demonstrate ² in discussion and written work their understanding of different peoples and cultures in past environments and of how those cultures changed over the course of the centuries.	
CO3	Students will demonstrate ² in written work and class discussions the ability to recognize and articulate the diversity of human experience, including ethnicity, race, language, gender, as well as political, economic, social, and cultural structures over time and space Implement lesson sequences, assessment activities, and other requirements during a period of supervised professional experience.	

CO4	Students will be able to explain ² the Socio-economic, cultural and Political background of 17th century Maharashtra
CO5	Students will be able to demonstrate ³ by analyzing and evaluating historical information from multiple sources of Maratha History.
Text Books:	Mahajan V.D. (2018): British Rule in India and after , New Delhi: S.Chand. Grover and Grover (2018): A New outlook on Modern Indian History , New Delhi: S.Chand. Chandra Bipin (2008): India since Independence , London: Penguin.
Reference Books:	Duff, Grant (1873): History of the Marathas , 3 Vols, Bombay: The Times Of India. Sardesai, G.S. (1949) : Main Currents of Maratha History , Bombay: Phoenix Publications. Sardesai, G.S.: (2018) : A New History of the Marathas , 3 Vols: New Delhi: Gyan Publishing House. Sinha, H.N.(1931): Rise of the Peshwas , Allahabad: The Indian Press Ltd.

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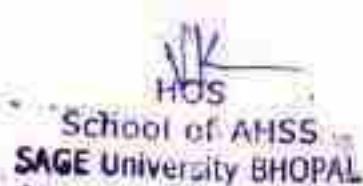
Code	HISTORY OF INDIAN NATIONAL MOVEMENT	Total Lecture:60
AH23HT0012		LTPC 4-0-0=4
Learning Objectives:	<p>This course aims:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To construct original historical arguments based on primary source material research. • Demonstrate a superior quality of writing both in terms of mechanics and in developing an argument effectively. • Develop an ability to convey verbally their thesis research and relevant historiography and theory. • Employ a full range of techniques and methods used to gain historical knowledge • Identify challenges that Indians have faced in the ecological, economic, political, and other spheres of life due to colonialism in India. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Background of Indian National Movement, first freedom struggle of 1857, major social and Religious movement of 19th century, Rise and growth of National Consciousness, emergence of the Indian National Congress	12
II	Gandhi and Mass movement, Non-Cooperation movement, Civil Disobedience, Quit India movement,	12
III	Rise and Growth of revolutionary movement, Growth of left movement, Peasant's and Worker's movement, Indian National Army (INA)	12
IV	Factors responsible for rise and growth of communalism in India, Second world war and changing world scenario	12
V	Towards freedom: Cripps mission, Cabinet Mission plan, Partition of India and its consequences, Indian independence Act 1947	12

Course Outcomes (as per Bloom's Taxonomy)

After successful completion of course students will able to:

CO1	Students will distinguish ⁴ between primary and secondary sources and identify and evaluate evidence.
CO2	Students will demonstrate ² in discussion and written work their understanding of different peoples and cultures in past environments and of how those cultures changed over the course of the centuries.
CO3	Students will demonstrate ² in written work and class discussions the ability to recognize and articulate the diversity of human experience, including

	ethnicity, race, language, gender, as well as political, economic, social, and cultural structures over time and space Implement lesson sequences, assessment activities, and other requirements during a period of supervised professional experience.
CO4	Students will be able to explain ² the Socio-economic, cultural and Political background of 19th and 20th century India
CO5	Students will be able to demonstrate ² by analyzing and evaluating historical information from multiple sources of Indian National Movement History.
Text Books:	Sharma R.K, History of Indian National Movement, Sonali Publications 2005
Reference Books:	Agarwal R.C, Constitutional development and National movement of India, S. Chand and co. Ltd. New Delhi 2001 Baridhoyadhyay, shekhar, Nationalist Movement in India, Oxford University Press, New Delhi 2008 Sharma LP, Indian National Movement, Lakshminarayan Publication Agra, 2020



Bachelor of Arts (B.A.)

Program Educational Objectives (PEOs)

The Program Bachelor of Arts will be developed and ability to identify and solve the real-world problems related to various areas of society. It also develops an aptitude to apply principle of social sciences to articulate and in-depth knowledge of various fields of social sciences. The course will be:

- PEO 1 Provide value based and ethical leadership in the professional and social life.
- PEO2 Provide the professional consultancy and research support for the relevant organization in the specialized area.
- PEO 3 Provide skills of observations and drawing logical inferences from the scientific knowledge.
- PEO 4 Provide knowledge of various subjects of social science through theory and field orientation.
- PEO 5 Provide insight of the value-based knowledge of different discipline of social sciences.

Program Objectives (POs):

A graduate who is conferred a B.A. Degree is expected to have acquired the basics of theoretical and practical aspects of Social Sciences. He/ she should be able to:

- PO 1 Solve the problem and also think methodically, independently and draw a logical conclusion.
- PO 2 Demonstrate skills and competencies to conduct wide range of scientific knowledge.
- PO 3 Employ critical thinking and the scientific knowledge to design, carryout, record and perform quantitative/quantitative analysis of social problems.
- PO 4 Select higher education comparable to the best available in the world class institutions elsewhere.
- PO 5 Develop a comprehensive understanding of the theories and practice of concerned subjects.
- PO 6 Paraphrase advanced critical thinking skills, inclusive of information literacy.
- PO 7 Translate to diverse audiences in a variety of contexts and genres.
- PO 8 Report a wide range of writing related careers.
- PO 9 Experiment to use, analyze and learn communication technologies like textual, visual, and verbal communication abilities.
- PO 10 Assemble social, political and administrative knowledge in their professional as well as personal lives.



SANJEEV AGRAWAL GLOBAL EDUCATIONAL (SAGE) UNIVERSITY, BHOPAL

Scheme & Syllabus

For
Bachelor of Arts
(Political Science)

**w.e.f
2023-24**



**School of Arts, Humanities and Social
Sciences**


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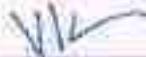


Table 3.2:
Discipline Specific Electives (DSE)
2023-24 onwards

Semester	Course Code	Course Title	Contact Hours per Week			ESE Duration (Hours)			Weightage (Theory)			Weightage (Practical)			GT	
			L	T	P	MSE	ASG	TA	ATTD	ToT	ESE	GT	CE	ESE	ToT	
I	AH23PS001	Basic Principles of Political Sciences	4	-	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	-	100
II	AH23PS002	Indian Government and Political Science	4	-	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	-	100
III	AH23PS003	Representative Political Thinker	4	-	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	-	100
IV	AH23PS004	Constitution of Major Country	4	-	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	-	100
V	AH23PS005	International Relations	4	-	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	-	100
	AH23PS006	Comparative Politics	4	-	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	-	100
	AH23PS007	Western Political Thoughts	4	-	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	-	100
VI	AH23PS008	Local Government and Politics	4	-	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	-	100
	AH23PS009	Modern Indian Political Thought	4	-	3	30	05	05	10	50	50	100	-	-	-	100
	AH23PS010	International Organization	4	-	3	30	05	05	10	50	50	100	-	-	-	100
VII	AH23PS011	Comparative Political Analysis	4	-	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	-	100
	AH23PS012	Foreign Policy of India	4	-	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	-	100

SEMESTER -I

Code	BASIC PRINCIPLES OF POLITICAL SCIENCE	Total Lecture: 60
		LTPC 4- 0 - 0 = 4
Learning Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The following course serves as an introduction for the discipline of political science The course aims to provide an understanding of the political functioning of the states in India The course explains the fundamental rights and duties of an individual in the country The course elaborates the types of government functioning in the democracy of the country The course describes the political parties functioning under the governance of the country 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Political Science – Definition, Nature and Scope, Methods: Traditional and Modern, Relations with other Social Sciences – Sociology, History, Economics, Psychology and Geography.	12
II	State – Essential Elements, Functions, Principles of Origin of State. Theories of State: Liberal, Marxist Pluralist	12
III	Theories : Rights and Duties, Liberty and Equality, Justice, Welfare State, Power and Authority	12
IV	Types of Government – Unitary and Federal, Parliamentary and Presidential, Democracy – Definition and Types	12
V	Political Parties – National and Regional, Pressure Groups	12

Course Outcomes (As per Bloom's Taxonomy)

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	To make the students efficient to discuss ² the theory and apply the methodology of comparative analysis within the discipline of political science
CO2	To analyze ⁴ contemporary problems in the countries under consideration in light of the conceptual frameworks presented in class.
CO3	List ² the differences between scholarly and popular publications in Comparative Politics.
CO4	Use library search tools to identify ¹ scholarly articles on country-specific government institutions in a nation state other than the native Country
CO5	Use the Internet and library search tools to find sites on government, international humanitarian organizations, and newspapers originating from their topic country
Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ernest Barker (1976). Principles of Social and Political Theory. Calcutta: Oxford University. Verma S.P. (1983). Modern Political Theory, New Delhi: Vikas. N. P. Barry (1995). Introduction to Modern Political Theory, London: Macmillan.


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Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> R.C Agrawal (2005). Indian National Movement and Indian Constitution New Delhi: S Chand & Company Ltd. Sanjay Singh (2012). Basic Principle of Political Science, Delhi: Anmol Publisher.
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SEMESTER -II

Code	INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICAL SCIENCE	Total Lecture:60
AH23PS002		LTPC 4-0-0-4
Learning Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To make the student aware of History of Indian National Movement. To introduce the constitution and its preamble to the students. To provide an understanding of the political functioning of the constitution. To make the aware of the three organs of Indian constitution. To enhance their role as enlightened citizens. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Brief History of Indian National Movement The Making of Indian Constitution and its sources, Preamble and Basic Features	12
II	Fundamental Rights and Duties : Directive Principles of State Policy, Right to Information	12
III	Union Executive : President, Prime Minister, Council of Ministers State Executive : Governor, Chief Minister, Council of Ministers	12
IV	Union Legislature : Indian Parliament – Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha State Legislature : Vidhan Sabha and Vidhan Parishad	12
V	Union Judiciary : The Supreme Court, State Judiciary: The High Court, Judicial Activism	12
Course Outcomes (As per Bloom's Taxonomy)		
CO1	The students will be able to understand ¹ the working of Indian Political System.	
CO2	The students will be able to analyze ² the working of Indian Government.	
CO3	The students will be able to recognize ³ themselves with the current trends in Indian Political System.	
CO4	The students will be able to demonstrate ⁴ their understanding regarding the working of the three organs of Indian Political System.	
CO5	The students will be able to deploy ⁵ the skills of critical analysis with respect to Indian political system.	
Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rajni Kothari (2009). Caste in Indian Politics, New Delhi: Orient Blackswan. Anup Chand Kapur (2010). Principle of Political Science New Delhi: S. Chand & Company Ltd. 	
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> R.C Agrawal (2005). Indian National Movement and Indian Constitution New Delhi: S Chand & company Ltd., 2005 Sanjay Singh (2012). Basic Principle of Political Science, New Delhi: Anmol Publishers J. C. Johri (2019). Principal of Modern Political Science, New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd. 	

SEMESTER -III

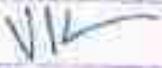
Code	REPRESENTATIVE POLITICAL THINKERS	Total Lecture:60
AH23PS003	LTPC 4-0-0-4	
Learning Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To introduce the political ideas of Ancient Indian thinkers. To understand the political ideology of Greek thinkers. To explain the political theories of modern thinkers. To give opportunity to gain the knowledge about the development of nation by Indian political thinker. <p>To familiarize students political thought of western thinkers.</p>	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Salient feature of ancient Indian political thought : Manu, Kautilya and Buddhist tradition	12
II	Salient Features of Western political Thought : Plato, Aristotle	12
III	Salient Features of Modern political Thought : Machiavelli, Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau, Jeremy Bentham, John S. Mill	12
IV	Communist Thinkers : Marks, Lenin and M.N. Roy	12
V	Indian Political Thinkers : Mahatma Gandhi, Dr B R Ambedkar, Ram Manohar Lohiya , Pt Deendayal Upadhyaya	12

Course Outcomes (As per Bloom's Taxonomy)

CO1	Understand ¹ the contribution of political thinkers
CO2	Apply ² critically examine their ideas of western and modern thinkers
CO3	To classify ² the contribution of Indian thinkers to political thought
CO4	To grasp ¹ theoretically rich and empirically grounded knowledge
CO5	To develop ² the overall personality of students and prepare them to compete and succeed in their endeavours
Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> R.C Gupta (1963). Great Political Thinkers: East and West, Agra: Lakshmi Narain Agrawal. Jones, T. (2012). Modern Political Thinkers and Idea: An Historical Introduction. UK: Routledge. R Jayapalan, N. (2000). Indian Political Thinkers: Modern Indian Political Thought. New Delhi: Atlantic Publishers & Dist.
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lagi, S. (2020). Democracy in Its Essence: Hans Kelsen as a Political Thinker. Lexington Books. Esposito, J. I., & Shahin, E. E. D. (Eds.). (2018). Key Islamic Political Thinkers. Oxford: Oxford University Press.


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SEMESTER -IV

Code	CONSTITUTION OF MAJOR COUNTRIES	Total Lecture: 60
AH23PS004		
LTPC 4-0-0=4		
Learning Objectives:		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To understand the features of constitution of various countries. To examine the nature of politics of different countries. Discuss and evaluate the institutional structure and operations of the major country's political institutions. To understand the comparative study of various constitution. To understand the system in Executive, Legislature and judicial manner. 	
UNIT	Contents	Hours
I	Salient feature of British Constitution: Executive Legislature, Judiciary and Political party	10
II	Salient feature of American Constitution: Executive Legislature, Judiciary and Political party	12
III	Salient feature of Swiss Constitution: Executive Legislature, Judiciary and Direct Democracy	12
IV	Salient feature of constitution of Peoples Republic of China: Executive Legislature and communist party	12
V	Comparative study of Various Constitutions: American President and British Prime Minister, American Senate, British House of Lords, Swiss Federal system and American federal system, Political party system China, British and America	14

Course Outcome (as per Bloom's Taxonomy)

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	To grasp ¹ knowledge about the working of different organs of the government.
CO2	To compare ² the constitution of various countries
CO3	To provide ² the judiciary system of various country
CO4	Enlighten ³ salient feature of constitution of different countries
CO5	Display ³ origin of the knowledge in Political Thought
Textbooks:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> B.L. Fadia, Comparative Politics, Agra: Sahitya Bhawan Publisher. Skinner, Q., & Tuck, R. (2001). Bagehot: The English Constitution, Cambridge University Press. Rakove, J. N. (2010). Original meanings: Politics and ideas in the making of the Constitution, Vintage.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Llewellyn, K. N. (2020). The Constitution as an Institution. California: University of California Press. Kammen, M. (2017). A Machine that would go of itself: The Constitution in American Culture. UK: Routledge.
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Borrows, J. (2010). Canada's Indigenous Constitution, Toronto: University of Toronto Press. Maier, P. (2010). Ratification: The People Debate the Constitution-1787-1788, NY: Simon and Schuster. A.C Kapoor & K. K Mishra (2010). Select Constitution, New Delhi: S. Chand PVT LTD. S.C Singhal (2007). World Constitution, Agra: Lakshmi Narain Agrawal. Norton, P. (2018). The Changing Constitution in Politics UK : Routledge.

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SEMESTER -V

Code	INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS	Total Lecture: 60
AH23PS005		LTPC 4-0-0=4
Learning Objectives:	<p>This course aims:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To demonstrate basic understanding of concepts and practices relevant to International Relations. To Integrate theory and practice through applying the IR theory to current events. To understand about the internal and external determinants of Indian foreign policy and its evolution since independence. To Investigate the social and historical evolution of the international system. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Approaches Realist Approach; Neo-Realist Approach; Idealist Approach; Eclecticism; Classical Liberalism; Institutional Approach; English School Theory; Neo-Liberalism; Critical Theory; Marxist and Neo Marxist Theories; Fascism; Systems Approach; The Behavioral Approach and Post Behavioral Approach;	12
II	Theories Game Theory; Bargaining Theory; Communication Approach; Decision Making Approach; World System Theory; Post-Colonialism; Post Structuralism; Feminist Approach; Social Constructivist.	12
III	Diplomacy - Evolution of the concept of diplomacy-The Vienna Conventions on Diplomatic and Consular Relations—Paris Peace Conference and the New Diplomacy; Key contributors to the concept of 'diplomacy' (Kautilya, Machiavelli); Types of diplomacy – bilateral, multilateral, open and secret, public diplomacy etc.; Styles of diplomacy – shopkeeper, military etc.; Role of soft power in diplomacy.	12
IV	Foreign Policy - National interest; Determinants of India's Foreign Policy; Phases of Indian Foreign Policy; Non-Alignment; India's bilateral ties; India and its Diaspora; India's Nuclear Policy.	12
V	Global Commons - Idea of the global commons; The Tragedy of the Commons; Sustainable Development – MDG's and SDGs; Governing the Commons; Contested Commodities – Land, Water, Space, Health, Climate, Education, Cyberspace and Energy	12

Course Outcome (as per Bloom's Taxonomy)

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Assemble ¹ their knowledge and reflect on ways to understand the evolution of International Relations.
CO2	Illustrate ³ proficiency in geopolitical concerns and its impact on the International Relations.
CO3	Demonstrate ² understanding of the environment in which International System operates.

CO4	Employ ³ theoretical as well as practical knowledge of the working of the relations between countries.
CO5	Develop³ an awareness of the major security challenges facing the country in the 21st century.
Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Smith, Baylis, Owens (2023): The Globalization of World Politics, London, Oxford • Jackson, Sorensen (2019): Introduction to International relations, , London, Oxford • Malone M David. (2011): Does the Elephant Dance? Contemporary Indian Foreign Policy, London: Oxford University Press.
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mingst, McKibben(2018). Essentials of International relations, W.W. Norton & Company • Bandyopadhyaya, Jayanta (1970). The Making of India's Foreign Policy, New Delhi: Allied


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Code	COMPARATIVE POLITICS	Total Lecture:60
		LTPC 4-0-0-4
Learning Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To make the students to recognize and articulate a comparative empirical political theory. To make familiar the students with the concepts of Comparative Politics. To understand and critically engage with primary texts of Comparative Political Science research To make the students understand the logic of the comparative method and the trade-offs involved with comparative research designs To delineate the evolution and approaches of Comparative Politics. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Introduction: Meaning, nature and scope, Evolution, Traditional and Modern Perspective, Frame-work	12
II	Approaches to Comparative Politics: Political System Approach, Analysis, Structural Functional Approach, Analysis	12
III	Political Development approach and analysis: Views of Lucian Pye, Huntington, Political Modernization, Political Culture.	12
IV	Marxist-Leninist theory: Introduction to Marxist-Leninist approach, Features of Marxist-Leninist approach,	12
V	Political Elites: Views of Pareto, Mosca, Michaels Political Socialization Views of Almond & Verba, Lucian Pye, David Apter	12
Course Outcomes (As per Bloom's Taxonomy)		
CO1	Ability to state ¹ and articulate a comparative empirical political theory.	
CO2	Illustrate ² the concepts of Comparative Politics.	
CO3	Outline ³ primary texts of Comparative Political Science research	
CO4	Tell ¹ the logic behind the comparative method and the trade-offs involved with comparative research designs	
CO5	Analyze ⁴ knowledge of evolution and approaches of Comparative Politics.	
Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Vernon S. P. (1975). Modern Political Theory. Vikas: New Delhi. Almond and Powell. (1966). Comparative Politics: A Developmental Approach. Boston: Little Brown. 	
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> J. Blondel. (1963). An Introduction to Comparative Government, London: Weidenfeld and Nicolson. Lucian Pye. (1963). New Aspects of Politics. USA: Princeton Hall Publishers Pvt. Ltd. 	

SEMESTER -VI

Code	WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT	Total Lecture: 60
AH23PSU07		LTPC 4-0-0-4
Learning Objectives:		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To give an understanding of political thought of eminent thinkers of the western world. To provide the students the necessary skill to evaluate and analyze the works of these thinkers. To enable the students to understand various political perspective to write articles and undertake research work. To study the eminent intellectual thinkers paradigms. To enable students to compare and contrast works of the intellectuals.
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Origin: Plato – View's on State, Education, Philosopher King Aristotle –Critique of Plato – Views on State	12
II	On Social Contract: Thomas Hobbes – Views on Human Nature, Social Contract Rousseau - Views on Human Nature, Social Contract	12
III	Medieval Political Thought: Machiavelli – Views on state, government Locke - Views on state, government	12
IV	Idealism and Marxism: Hegel – Dialectical Idealism, view's on Individual, History and freedom Karl Marx – Historical Materialism, Theory of Class Struggle and withering of state	12
V	Leninism and Maoism: Vladimir Lenin – Revolutionary, Political theory Mao-Tse-Tung – Theory, Ideology	12
Course Outcomes (As per Bloom's Taxonomy)		
At the end of the course the students will be able to:		
CO 1	Generalize ² political thought of eminent thinkers of the western world	
CO 2	Identify ¹ skills to evaluate and analyze the works of these thinkers.	
CO 3	Define ¹ various political perspective to write articles and undertake research work.	
CO 4	Differentiate ⁴ political philosophers, their works and their contributions	

CO 5	Outline¹ compare and contrast works of the intellectuals.
Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sreedharan, E. (2004). Text book of Historiography. New Delhi: Orient Longman. • Verma S.P. (1975). Modern Political Theory. New Delhi: Vikas. • Lohia R.M. (1910). Marx, Gandhi and Socialism. Hyderabad: Nav Hindi.
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Barke & Ernest. (1951). Principles of Social and Political Theory. Calcutta: Oxford University Press. • Hewitt & Andrew (2000). Political Theory. New Delhi: Vikas. • D. D. Basu. (1978). Introduction to International Politics. New Delhi: Prentice Hall.


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Code	LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS	Total Lecture: 60
		LTPC 4-0-0-4
Learning Objectives:	<p>This course aims:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To demonstrate basic understanding of concepts and practices relevant to 'Local Self' Government. To generate the critical thinking and practical approach towards understanding the topic. To help the students to gain grip over the importance and need for the Development Administration in the developing countries and more particularly in India. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Local Self Government in India: Rural Governance and the importance of Local Self Government, challenges for local self government institutions in India: Gender, Caste, and Class dimensioned, Diversity of local structures- financial Constraints, Administrative constraints, political constraints.	12
II	Evolution of local Self Government Pre-independence Period: British Period, Post-independence Period: Community Development Programme, Balwantrai Mehta Committee and Ashok Mehta Committee.	12
III	Rural Government: Evolution of Rural Government in India: Panchayati Raj, Zilla Parishad, Panchayat Samiti and Gram Panchayat Composition, Functions, Finance, State Finance Commission.	12
IV	Problems and Prospects: Urban Government in India and Rural Government in India.	12
V	73rd and 74th Amendments 73rd amendment-various provisions, 74th Amendment- various provisions, Features and Importance. Rural Local Bodies: Composition, Power and Functions, Gram Panchayat-Composition, Powers and Functions	12

Course Outcome (as per Bloom's Taxonomy)

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Assemble ¹ their knowledge and experience and reflect on ways to understand the contours of Rural Government.
CO2	Illustrate ² proficiency in the working of the government at rural level,
CO3	Demonstrate ² understanding of the environment in which Local Self Government operates.
CO4	Employ ³ theoretical as well as practical knowledge of the topic at grassroot level.
CO5	Develop ¹ an effective understanding of the working of the rural administration.
Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> S.R. Maheshwari. (1984). Local Government in India. Agra: Lakshmi Narayan Agarwal.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Abdual Aziz. (1992). Decentralised Planning, The Karnataka Experiment, Sage: New Delhi. Amitav Mukherjee (1994). Decentralisation: Panchayat Raj in the Nineties, New Delhi: Vikas.
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Aslam M. (2007). Panchayati Raj in India, New Delhi: National Book Trust. Aslam M. (2005). Local Self-Government in India—A Retrospect and Prospect in Federal India—A Design for Good Governance, New Delhi: Manak Publications. Chandler J.A. (1993). Local Government in Liberal Democracies: An Introductory Survey, London: Routledge.


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SEMESTERS -VIII

Code: AH23PS009	MODERN INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT	Total Lecture: 60 EIPC 4-0-0=4
Learning Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To expose the students to the intellectual political thinkers of India; • To study the eminent intellectual thinkers paradigms. • To understand the composite Indian culture represented by the intellectuals. • To make the students aware of the growth of Indian political thought by studying some distinguished political philosophers. • To delineate the evolution of Indian Political Thought in lines with the contemporary events. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Overview of Indian Political Thought: Genesis and Development, The Indian Renaissance - Raja Ram Mohan Roy, Bal Gangadhar Tilak.	12
II	Gandhi and India: Influences on the Ideas of Mahatma Gandhi, Gandhi as a Social Reformer, Gandhi as a Political Leader and Political Activist, Gandhi as an Economic Activist.	12
III	Indian Political Thought I: Pandit Jawahar Lal Nehru – on Democracy, Sir Sayyad Ahmad Khan-Muslim Education.	12
IV	Indian Political Thought II: Political Ideas of Vinoba Bhave, Jai Prakash Narayan and his political perspectives.	12
V	Indian Political Thought III: M.N. Roy – Socialist perspective, Views of Dr. Bhimrao Ambedkar.	12
Course Outcomes (As per Bloom's Taxonomy)		
At the end of the course the students will be able to:		
CO1	Identify ¹ the intellectual political thinkers of India	
CO2	Describe ¹ about eminent intellectual thinkers paradigms	
CO3	Examine ² the composite Indian culture, represented by the intellectuals	
CO4	Outline ² the growth of Indian political thought by studying some distinguished political philosophers	
CO5	Compare ⁴ the evolution of Indian Political Thought in lines with the contemporary historical events.	
Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nanda, B.R. (1985). <i>Gandhi and His Critics</i>. Delhi: Oxford. • Bayly, S. (2008). <i>Caste, Society and Politics in India from the Eighteenth Century to the Modern Age</i>. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. • Graham, G.F.L. (1909). <i>The Life and Works of Sir Syed Ahmed Khan</i>, London: Hodder and Stoughton. 	
Reference Books:	<p>Dalton, D.G. (1963). <i>India's Idea of Freedom</i>, Delhi: Delhi Academic Press.</p> <p>Pandey, Rajendra Kumar (2009). <i>Modern Indian Political Thought</i>, Delhi: SAGE</p>	

Code	INTERNATIONAL ORGANISATIONS	Total Lecture:60
		LTPC 4-0-0-4
Learning Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To make the students aware of origin and growth of International Organizations. To give an understanding of major International Organization. To provide the students the necessary knowledge of working and features of United Nations. To enable students to know the contemporary International stand of United Nations To provide the students the knowledge of role of United Nations in major historical events of the world. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Introduction: Nature of International Organization, Evolution of International Organization, The League of Nations: Role in protecting world peace, Causes of failure of League of Nations	12
II	The United Nations: The United Nations Structure, Functions, Various organs of the UN, Need of reforms in the UN	12
III	International Stand of UN: Pacific Settlement & Forceful Settlement of International Disputes and Enforcement Action, Economic - Social Development & the Role of the UN	12
IV	UN and the World: UN in the Post Cold War Era, Socio Economic & Humanitarian role, UN as peace keeper	12
V	UN in contemporary times: UN's role in Disarmament, Contribution of Third world's to achieve goal of U.N., Recent trends & Developments in UN	12

Course Outcomes (As per Bloom's Taxonomy)

After successful completion of course students will able to:

CO1	Describe ¹ the origin and growth of International Organizations
CO2	Identify ¹ major International Organization
CO3	Outline ³ working and features of United Nations
CO4	Discuss ² role of United Nations in major historical events of the world
CO5	Explain ⁴ the contemporary International stand of United Nations

Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Patel, Bimal N. (2016). The State Practice of India and the Development of International Law. New Delhi: Brill's Asian Law Series. Wessendorf & Nikolai (2013). The Charter of the United Nations: A Commentary. Oxford: Oxford University Press. Bailey, Sydney D. & Daws, Sam (1995). The United Nations: A Concise Political Guide. UK: MacMillan.
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> P. Bachr. (1989). The United Nations: Reality and Ideal, London: Oxford University Press. Hirsch & Moshe (1995). The Responsibility of International Organizations Toward Third Parties: Some Basic Principles, Netherlands: Martinus Nijhoff Publishers. Lorentz & Joseph P. (1998). Peace, Power and The United Nations: A Security System For The Twenty-First Century, N.Y: Westview Press.

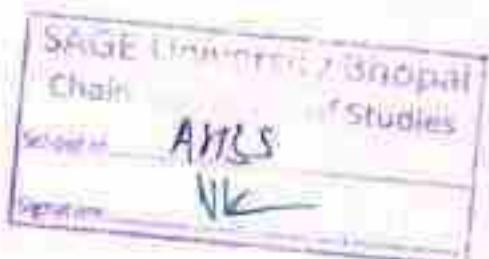

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Code	COMPARATIVE POLITICAL ANALYSIS	Total Lecture: 60
AH23PS011		LTPC 4-0-0=4
Learning Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To make students familiar with the approaches of Comparative Politics. To understand and critically engage students with Comparative Political Analysis. To make the students understand the comparative method and the trade-offs involved with comparative research designs. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Approaches: Institutional, Political Culture, Political Economy and New Institutionalism; Comparative Methods	12
II	Colonialism and decolonization: forms of colonialism, anti-colonial struggles and decolonization Nationalism: European and non-European	12
III	State theory: Debate over the nature of state in capitalist and socialist societies; post-colonial state; welfare state; globalization and nations-states	12
IV	Political regimes: democratic (Electoral, Liberal, Majoritarian and Participatory) and non-democratic regimes (Patrimonialism, Bureaucratic authoritarianism, Military dictatorship, Totalitarianism, and fascist).	12
V	Constitutions and Constitutionalism: forms of constitutions, rule of law, judicial independence and liberal constitutionalism; emergency powers and crisis of constitutionalism. Democratisation: democratic transition and consolidation.	12
Course Outcomes (As per Bloom's Taxonomy)		
At the end of the course the students will be able to:		
CO 1	Ability to state ¹ and articulate a comparative empirical political theory.	
CO 2	Illustrate ² the concepts of Comparative Politics.	
CO 3	Outline ³ primary texts of Comparative Political Science research	
CO 4	Tell ⁴ the logic behind the comparative method and the trade-offs involved with comparative research designs	
CO 5	Analyze ⁵ knowledge of evolution and approaches of Comparative Politics.	
Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Vernon S.P. (1975). <i>Modern Political Theory</i>. Vikas: New Delhi. Almond and Powell. (1966). <i>Comparative Politics: A Developmental Approach</i>, Boston. 	

	<p>Little Brown.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> J.A. Bill and R. Hardgrave. (1973). <i>Comparative Politics: The Quest for Theory</i>. Columbus: Merrill.
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Barker & Ernest. (1951). <i>Principles of Social and Political Theory</i>. Calcutta: Oxford University Press. Hewitt & Andrew. (2000). <i>Political Theory</i>. New Delhi: Vikas. D. D. Basu. (1978). <i>Introduction to International Politics</i>. New Delhi: Prentice Hall.

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Code	FOREIGN POLICY OF INDIA	Total Lecture: 60
AH23PS012	LTPC 4-0-0-4	
Learning Objectives:	<p>This course aims:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To demonstrate basic understanding of concepts and practices relevant to Indian Foreign Policy. To understand about the internal and external determinants of Indian foreign policy and its evolution since independence. To highlights the central realities, issues and developments pertaining to India's foreign policy at the bilateral, regional and global levels. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Indian Foreign Policy Evolution and Development, Salient features, Principles and Determinants	12
II	India's Relations with Neighbouring Countries: Pakistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Sri Lanka, Afghanistan	12
III	Changing dimensions of India's Post-Cold War Relations with United States of America, Russia, China	12
IV	Regional Organisations: SAARC, ASEAN, BRICS	12
V	Contemporary International Issues: Human Rights, Globalisation, Environment, Disarmament, Cross Border Terrorism	12

Course Outcome (as per Bloom's Taxonomy)

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	Assemble ¹ their knowledge and reflect on ways to understand the evolution of Indian Foreign Policy.
CO2	Illustrate ² proficiency in geopolitical concerns and its impact on the Foreign Policy.
CO3	Demonstrate ² understanding of the environment in which Foreign Policy operate.
CO4	Employ ³ theoretical as well as practical knowledge of the working of the relations between countries.
CO5	Develop ³ an awareness of the major security challenges facing the country in the 21st century.

Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ahmed, Imtiaz (1993): State and Foreign Policy: India's Role in South Asia, Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Ltd. Malone M David, (2011): Does the Elephant Dance? Contemporary Indian Foreign Policy, London: Oxford University Press.
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Prasad, Bimal (1996), India's Foreign Policy: Studies in Continuity and Change, New Delhi: Vikas. Bandyopadhyaya, Jayanta (1970). The Making of India's Foreign Policy, New Delhi: Allied

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Annexure - 3.1

Bachelor of Arts (B.A.)

Program Educational Objectives (PEOs):

The Program Bachelor of Arts will be developed and ability to identify and solve the real-world problems related to various areas of society. It also develops an aptitude to apply principle of social sciences to articulate and in-depth knowledge of various fields of social sciences. The course will be:

- PEO 1** Provide value based and ethical leadership in the professional and social life.
- PEO2** Provide the professional consultancy and research support for the relevant organization in the specialized area.
- PEO 3** Provide skills of observations and drawing logical inferences from the scientific knowledge.
- PEO 4** Provide knowledge of various subjects of social science through theory and field orientation.
- PEO 5** Provide insight of the value-based knowledge of different discipline of social sciences.

Program Objectives (POs):

A graduate who is conferred a B.A. Degree is expected to have acquired the basics of theoretical and practical aspects of Social Sciences. He/ she should be able to:

- PO 1** Solve the problem and also think methodically, independently and draw a logical conclusion.
- PO 2** Demonstrate skills and competencies to conduct wide range of scientific knowledge.
- PO 3** Employ critical thinking and the scientific knowledge to design, carryout, record and perform quantitative/quantitative analysis of social problems.
- PO 4** Select higher education comparable to the best available in the world class institutions elsewhere.
- PO 5** Develop a comprehensive understanding of the theories and practice of concerned subjects.
- PO 6** Paraphrase advanced critical thinking skills, inclusive of information literacy.
- PO 7** Translate to diverse audiences in a variety of contexts and genres.
- PO 8** Report a wide range of writing related careers.
- PO 9** Experiment to use, analyze and learn communication technologies like textual, visual, and verbal communication abilities.
- PO 10** Assemble social, political and administrative knowledge in their professional as well as personal lives.

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Scheme & Syllabus

For

**Bachelor of Arts
(Psychology)**

**w.e.f
2023-24**



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Sciences**

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Table: 3.4
Discipline Specific Electives (DSE)

2023-24 onwards
Track: Psychology

Semester	Course Code	Course Title	Contact Hours per Week			Credits	Weightage (Theory)						Weightage (Practical)			GT	
							Internal Assessment (IA)						EST	GT	CF*		
			L	T	P		MSE	ASG	TA	ATD	Total	EST	GT	CF*	FSE	Total	
I	AH23PY001	Introduction to Psychology	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	100
II	AH23PY002	Social Psychology	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	100
III	AH23PY003	Abnormal Psychology	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	100
IV	AH23PY004	Health Psychology	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	100
V	AH23PY005	Bio-Psychology	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	100
	AH23PY006	Psychological Assessment	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	100
VI	AH23PY007	Organizational Behaviour	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	100
	AH23PY008	Applied Psychology	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	100
	AH23PY009	Counselling Psychology	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	50	50	100	-	-	100
VII	AH23PY010	Life Span Development Psychology	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	50	50	100	-	-	100
	AH23PY011	Environmental Psychology	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	100
VIII	AH23PY012	Psychological Statistics	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	100

SEMSETER- I

Code	INTRODUCTION TO PSYCHOLOGY	Total Lecture:60
AH23PY001	LTPC	4-0-0=4
Learning Objectives:	This course aims: • To understand the meaning and scope of psychology. • To recognize the foundation and approaches to psychology. • To analyse the basic theories of Personality. • To explore the concepts of cognition including Attention, Thinking and Emotions. • To examine the theories of Learning and Memory.	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Introduction: Meaning, Goals and History of psychology. Foundation – four waves of psychology. Schools of thought – Structuralism, Functionalism, Behaviourism, Psychoanalysis, Humanistic (Person-Centred, Existential, Gestalt) and Cognitive.	12
II	Perception and Attention: <u>Perception:</u> Concept and processes. Biology of perception. Perception of space, depth & movement. Illusions- McGurk effect, Muller Lyer & Ponzo illusion. Perceptual organizations. <u>Attention:</u> Concept and determinants. Theories of attention. <u>Sensation:</u> Concept and theories.	12
III	Emotion: Nature and concept. Physiology of emotions. Theories of emotions. Motivation – Concept and types of motives. Theories of motivation (Need hierarchy Model).	12
IV	Memory: Concept and types – Sensory Motor Memory, Short Term Memory (STM), Long Term Memory (LTM). Stages of memory – Encoding, Storage & Retrieval. Theories of Memory – Multi store model, Levels of processing, Working memory model, Miller's magic number and Memory decay. Forgetting – Nature and concepts. Learning: Concept and theories.	12
V	Personality & Intelligence: <u>Personality</u> – Definition and factors influencing personality. Theories – Type & Trait approach, Five Factor Model, Psychoanalytical approach, Social cognitive approach and Humanistic approach. <u>Intelligence</u> – Definition, nature and types of intelligence. Theories of Intelligence. <u>Thinking</u> – Concepts of thinking. Imagery and Concept formation. Piaget's theory and inductive, deductive and transductive reasoning. Problem solving and decision making.	12

Course Outcomes (As per Bloom's Taxonomy)


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After successful completion of course students will able to:

CO1	Outline¹ the foundation and scope of Psychology.
CO2	Extend² the various concepts and physiology of emotions..
CO3	Interpret³ the environment in relation to attention and perception.
CO4	Compare⁴ the processes of memory and forgetting.
CO5	Examine⁵ the personality of an individual based on theories.
Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Morgan, King & Weiss. An Introduction to Psychology. New York: McGraw Hill Publication. • Atkinson & Atkinson. (1990). Introduction to Psychology. Boston: Cengage Learning • Zimbarudo, P.G. & Gerrig, R.J. (2010). Psychology and Life. Delhi: Allyn & Bacon. • Baron, R.A. (1995). Psychology: The Essential Science. New York: Allyn & Bacon. Pearson Longman. (South Asian Ed.)
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Comer & Gould. (2011). Psychology around Us. Noida: Wiley India. • Chada, N.K. & Seth, S. (2014). The Psychology Realm: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pinnacle Learning. • Leffon, L.A. (1985). Psychology. Boston: Allyn & Baron. • Passer, M.W. & Smith, R.E. (2007). Psychology: The Science of Mind and Behavior. New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill. (3rd Edition).


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SEMSETER- II

Code	SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY	Total Lecture:60
AH23PY002	LTPC	4-0-0=4
Course Objectives:	<p>This course aims:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To understand the concept of Social Psychology. • To recognize the relation between social psychology and other disciplines. • To analyse the concept of group formation. • To explore the idea of conformity. • To examine the interpersonal attraction within society. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Introduction: Nature, history and concept of Social Psychology. Methods used — Experimental, Correlational, Cross-sectional and Content Analysis. Approaches: Genetic, Learning, Cognitive and Psychoanalytic.	12
II	Conformity: Meaning, concept and nature of conformity, determinants, pro-social behaviour (nature and determinants).	12
III	Groups: Meaning and concept of group, Group formation, decision making among groups, social facilitation, social loafing, leadership (Theories and Styles).	12
IV	Social Perception: Forming impressions, Non-verbal cues and Central traits. Methods of information integration, Attribution – concept and theories.	12
V	Interpersonal Attraction: Concepts, nature, determinants and theoretical explanation.	12
Course Outcomes		
After successful completion of course students will able to:		
CO1	Describe ¹ the meaning of Social Psychology.	
CO2	Illustrate ² the concept of social loafing and social facilitation.	
CO3	Employ ³ the concept of social perception.	
CO4	Identify ⁴ the explanation of interpersonal attraction.	
CO5	Experiment ⁵ the idea of conformity.	
Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Taylor & Shelley. <i>Social Psychology</i>. • Baron & Byrne. <i>Social Psychology</i>. • Hussain & Akbar. <i>Social Psychology</i>. Pearson. • Myers, D.G. (1988). <i>Social Psychology</i>. N.Y. McGraw Hill. • Brehm & Kassin S.M. (1993). <i>Social Psychology</i>. • Lindzey & Aranson. (1985). <i>Handbook of Social Psychology</i>. Amerind. Vol I & III, NDV. 	


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Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Misra, G. (1989). <i>Applied Social Psychology</i>. • Secord K. Beckman. <i>Social Psychology</i>. • Janak Pandey. <i>Psychology in India</i>. • Kissin, S., Fenn, S., & Markus, H.R. (2008). <i>Social Psychology</i>. New York: Houghton Mifflin. • Hewston, Stroebe & Jonas. (2016). <i>An Introduction to Social Psychology</i>. Wiley & Sons.
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SEMSETER- III

Code	ABNORMAL PSYCHOLOGY	Total Lecture:60
AH23PY003	LTPC 4-0-6=4	
Learning Objectives:	<p>This course aims:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To understand the various mental health issues. • To recognize the diagnostic criteria for the several mental health challenges. • To analyse the categorization of disorders based upon the age and development. • To explore different techniques used for the treatment of disorders. • To examine the kind of therapy used for each disorder. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Introduction: Nature & Concept of normality and abnormality. Classification of disorders – DSM 5 and ICD – 11. Diagnosis – History taking and Mental Status Examination. Approaches to psychopathology – Psychodynamic, Behaviouristic, Cognitive, Humanistic and Existential.	12
II	Developmental disorders: Concepts and meaning. Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD), Autism Spectrum Disorder, Learning Disability, Cerebral Palsy and Intellectual Disability.	12
III	Personality Disorders: Paranoid personality disorder, Schizoid personality disorder, Schizotypal personality disorder, Narcissistic personality disorder, Histrionic personality disorder, Borderline personality disorder, Antisocial personality disorder, Obsessive – Compulsive personality disorder, Avoidant personality disorder, Dependent personality disorder.	12
IV	Neurotic & Stress Disorders: Neurotic: Concept and factors. Anxiety disorders – Generalized anxiety disorder, Phobia – Specific phobias. Obsessive-Compulsive disorder. Stress disorders: PTSD.	12
V	Psychotic & Psychosomatic disorders: Psychotic disorders – Schizophrenia, Mood disorders (Bipolar Affective disorder), Brief psychotic disorder, Delusional disorder and Substance abuse disorder. Psychosomatic disorders – Hypochondria, Hysteria.	12
Course Outcomes		
After successful completion of course students will able to:		
CO1	Define ¹ the nature and concept of Psychopathology.	


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CO2	Explain² the various disorders related to mental health.
CO3	Examine³ the mental disorders based on the symptoms.
CO4	Differentiate⁴ the mental health challenges into specific type.
CO5	Implement⁵ the specific therapies used to treat particular disorders.
Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sarason & Sarason (2013). Abnormal Psychology. New Delhi: Pearson. (10th Edition). • Carson Butcher & Mineka (2018). Abnormal Psychology & Modern Life. New Delhi: Pearson. • Davidson & Neale. (1990). Abnormal Psychology. Delhi: Wilhey (7th Edition) • Korchin S.J. (1986). Modern Clinical Psychology. • A.K. Singh (2016). Asamanya Manovigyan. Varanasi: Motilal Banarsiidas,
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lamm, A. (1997). Introduction to Psychopathology, NY: SAGE • Oltman and Emery (2015). Abnormal Psychology, Virginia: University of Virginia • Robert Carson, James Butcher, and James Colman (1991). Abnormal Psychology. Boston: Scott Foresman


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SEMSETER- IV

Code	HEALTH PSYCHOLOGY	Total Lecture:60
AH23PY004		LTPC 4- 0 - 0=4
Learning Objectives:	This course aims:	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To understand the concept of Health Psychology. • To recognize the various theories and approaches to health psychology. • To analyse the models of health Psychology. • To explore the effects of stress over health. • To examine the health affecting lifestyle and habits. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Introduction: Concept and Laws of Health Psychology, Role of Health Psychologist, Research methods- experimental, Correlational studies, quasi-experimental studies, genetic Research.	12
II	Stress and It's Effects: Nature and types of stress, causes and consequence, Stress management and social support.	12
III	Approaches: Biological, Psychological, Social and Cultural models, Biopsychosocial Model, Health belief models.	12
IV	Lifestyles: Difference and consequences of a healthy and an unhealthy lifestyle. Behaviours: Type A behaviour pattern, Cancer, Diabetes, CHD, GID (Gastro Intestinal Tract Disorders) Health Promoting Life Styles – Psychological and Behavioural measures (Non-Smoking, Non-Drinking).	12
V	Health issues related to specific population: Malnutrition, Obesity, Anorexia Nervosa, Bulimia Nervosa, Women: PCOs, Infertility and Miscarriage Elderly: Dementias, Parkinson Disease Health promotion, awareness and support: Nutrition, Diet, Exercise, Yoga.	12
Course Outcomes		
After successful completion of course students will able to:		
CO1	Explain ² the meaning of Health psychology.	
CO2	Examine ³ the concepts of healthy lifestyle.	
CO3	State ¹ the effects of stress on the overall health of an individual.	
CO4	Identify ² the various models of health psychology.	
CO5	Test ⁴ the ways and activities to be incorporated in order to develop a healthy life.	
Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sarafino, (2011), <i>Health Psychology</i>, New York: Wiley. 	

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bennett, O., Weiman, J., & Spurgeon, P. (Eds.). (1990). <i>Current Development in health Psychology</i>. U.K. Harwood Academic Publishers. Feuerstein, M., Elise, R.L. & Kuczmiereyk, A.K. (1986). <i>Health Psychology: A Psychological Perspective</i>. New York, Plenum Press. Friedman, D'Amato. (1989). <i>Health Psychology</i>. New York, Prentice Hall.
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Marks, D.F., Murray, M., Evans, B., & Willig, C. (2000). <i>Health Psychology: Theory, Research and Application</i>. New Delhi, Sage Publication. Misra, G. (Ed.). (1999). <i>Psychological Perspective on Stress and Health</i>. New Delhi, Concept. Pestonjee, D.M. (1999). <i>Stress and Coping: The Indian Experience</i>. New Delhi, Sage Publication. Spaceman, S., & Oskamp, S. (1988). <i>The Social Psychological of Health</i>. New York, Sage Publication. Taylor, (2014). <i>Health Psychology</i>. McGraw Hill Education.

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SEMSETER- V

Code	BIO-PSYCHOLOGY	Total Lecture: 60
AH23PY005	LTPC	4- 0 - 0-4
Learning Objectives:	This course aims:	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To understand the concept of biopsychology. • To recognize the various neural pathways and their significance. • To analyse the sensorimotor systems. • To explore the biology and different patterns of behaviour. • To examine the concept of Neuro-plasticity. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Introduction: Concept and History of biopsychology, Cells and nerve impulses, Neural conduction and Synaptic transmission.	12
II	Brain Anatomy: Central Nervous System (CNS), Autonomic Nervous System (ANS) – reflexes, Lobes of brain, Brain & Behaviour – Arousal, Attention, Sleep (Dreaming, Circadian rhythm).	12
III	Chemical determinants of behaviour: Hormones and behaviour, Eating and drinking mechanisms, Sensorimotor systems (hearing, touch, smell and taste).	12
IV	Neural and chemical aspects of behaviour: Neuro-plasticity – Regeneration, degeneration and reorganization, Psychoneuro-immunology.	12
V	Cognition and Emotion: Emotions, stress & health, Lateralization, Language and Split brain.	12
Course Outcomes (As per Blooms' taxonomy)		
After successful completion of course students will able to:		
CO1	Outline ³ the nature and concept of Biopsychology.	
CO2	Demonstrate ³ the brain anatomy.	
CO3	Categorize ⁴ the neural pathways responsible for sensorimotor activities.	
CO4	Conclude ³ the various correlate of chemical aspects of behaviour.	
CO5	Analyze ⁵ the patterns of cognition and emotion.	
Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Kalat, (1990). Biological Psychology. Delhi: Cengage learning. • Pinel, (2013). Introduction to Biopsychology. New Delhi: Pearson. • Levinthal, C.F. (1996). Introduction of Physiological Psychology. New Delhi: CBS, Prentice Hall 3rd Edition. 	

Reference:

Books:

- Strickberger, M.W. (1993). **Genetics**. London: MacMillan.
- Steen, R.G. (1996). **DNA & Destiny: Nature and Nurture in Human Behaviour**. Plenum, New Delhi, Springer.
- Plomin, R., DeFries J.C. & McCleam G.E. (2000). **Behavioural Genetics**. New York. W.S. Freeman and Co.

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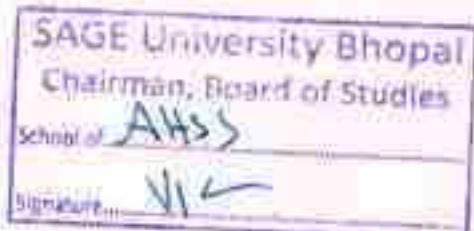
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Code	PSYCHOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT	Total Lecture: 60
AH23PY006	LTPC 4-0-0=4	
Learning objective	<p>This course aims:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To understand the concept of Assessment and testing. To recognize the importance of measurement aspects of psychology. To analyze the nature of testing. To explore the process of test construction. To examine reliability and validity of test. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Psychological Measurement: History of Psychological Measurement, Levels of Measurement (Scales). Measurement theory, Errors and Sources of Error in Measurement. Psychological Testing: Nature, Uses of Psychological testing, Characteristics of a good test, Types of Tests. Test Administration: Effect of Examiner and Situational variables; Examinee's perspective; Effect of training on test performance.	12
II	Test Construction: Steps of test construction, Item Writing, Design of Ability tests, Design of Performance test	12
III	Reliability: Meaning, Types of Reliability Analysis (Methods), Factors affecting Reliability. Validity: Meaning, Methods for Calculating Validity, Factors affecting Validity.	12
IV	Norms: Raw Scores, Raw Scores transformations, Types of Norms. Legal, Ethical & Social Issues in Psychological Testing	12
V	Research: types of research- quantitative and qualitative.	12
Course Outcomes Course Outcomes (As per Blooms' taxonomy)		
After successful completion of course students will able to:		
CO1	Describe ¹ the meaning of assessment and measurement.	
CO2	Articulate ² the concept of history of measurement.	
CO3	Classify ³ the various types of psychological test.	
CO4	Identify ⁴ the types of qualitative and quantitative research.	
CO5	Question ⁵ the ethical issues in psychological testing.	


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Text books:	Aiken, L.R. & Groth-Mamat, G. (2009). Psychological Testing and Assessment (12th ed) Delhi: Pearson. Anastasi, A. & Urbina, S. (1997). Psychological Testing (7th ed) NY: Prentice-Hall. Gregory, R.J. (2004). Psychological Testing: History, Principles, & Applications (4th ed) New Delhi: Pearson Education. Hussain, A. (2012). Psychological Testing . Delhi: Pearson. Miller, L.A., Lover, R.L. & McIntire, S.A. (2013). Psychological Testing . New Delhi: Sage. Singh, A.K. (2008). Tests, Measurements and Research Methods in Behavioral Sciences . Patna: Bharati Bhawan.
Reference books:	Hussain, A. (2012). Psychological Testing . Delhi: Pearson. Miller, L.A., Lover, R.L. & McIntire, S.A. (2013). Psychological Testing . New Delhi: Sage. Singh, A.K. (2008). Tests, Measurements and Research Methods in Behavioral Sciences . Patna: Bharati Bhawan.

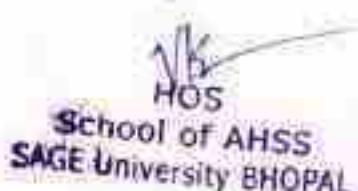

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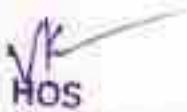
SEMSETER- VI

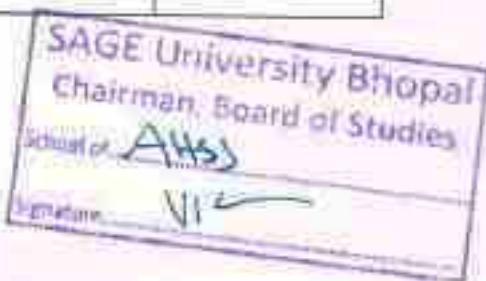
Code	ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR	Total Lecture: 60
AH23PY007	LTPC	4-0-0=4
Learning Objectives:	This course aims:	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To understand the concept of Organizational Behaviour. • To recognize the various aspects of working in an organization. • To analyse the kind of work environment required for a healthy mind. • To explore the techniques for building strong organizational relationship. • To examine the issues in an organizational setting. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Introduction: Concept, meaning and nature of organizational behaviour. Historical background and Human Relations Movement-Hawthorne Studies.	12
II	Significant people in Organization: Biographical characteristics, personality: Definition and Measurement, Motivation-Concept and Theories - Maslow, Herzberg, and Vroom. Motivating Techniques-Job Enlargement, Job Enrichment, and Job Characteristics Model.	12
III	Communication: Meaning and concept of communication in an organization. Models and barriers of communication. Skills involved and network of communication. Cross – cultural communication and listening.	12
IV	Group & Leadership: Nature, types, stages and strategies of group development. Leadership – Nature, concept and types of leadership. Contemporary issues and contingencies theories.	12
V	Organizational Development: Nature, forces and approaches to Organisational change. Strategies in managing change. Organizational development: intervention strategies in Organizational development.	12
Course Outcomes (As per Bloom's Taxonomy)		
After successful completion of course students will able to:		
CO1	Define ¹ the meaning of Organizational behaviour.	
CO2	Classify ² the concepts of leadership.	
CO3	Examine ⁴ the significance of various theories of organizational approach.	
CO4	Identify ¹ the techniques for maintaining a healthy environment in the organization.	

COS	Implement ³ the patterns or behaviours for the betterment of an organization.
Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Robbins S.P. (2000). Organizational Behaviour: Concepts, Controversies & Application. New Delhi. 7th Ed. • Luthans. Organizational Behaviour. • Pareek, U. (2010). Understanding Organizational Behaviour. Oxford. Oxford University Press. • Prakash, A. (2011). Organizational Behaviour. New Delhi. Prentice Hall of India. (12th Ed.). • Pfeffer J. (1994). Competitive Advantage through People - Unleashing the Power of Work Force. Boston. Harvard Business Scholl Press. • Dunnette M.D. & Hough, L.M. (1992). Handbook of Industrial and Organizational Psychology. Palo Alto Consulting Psycho Press. 2nd Ed.
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Greenberg, J. & Baron, R.A. (2007). Behaviour in Organizations. India. Dorling Kindersley. (9th Ed.) • Griffin, R.W. & Moorhead, G. (2009). Organizational Behaviour: Managing People & Organizations. New Delhi. Biztantra Publishers. • Landy, F.J. & Conte, J.M. (2007). Work in the 21st century: An Introduction to Industrial and Organizational Psychology. New York. Wiley Blackwell. • Schermerhorn, J.R., Hunt, J.G. & Osborn, R.N. (2008). Organizational Behaviour. New Delhi: Wiley India Pvt. Ltd. (10th Ed) • Singh, K. (2010). Organizational Behaviour: Texts & Cases.India. Dorling Kindersley. • Sinha, J.B.P. (2008). Culture and Organizational Behaviour. New Delhi. Sage



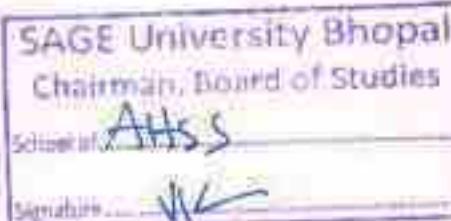
Code	APPLIED PSYCHOLOGY	Total Lecture: 60
AH23PY008		LTPC 4- 0 - 0-4
Learning Objectives:	<p>This course aims:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To understand the meaning of applied psychology. • To recognize the various concepts of psychology in daily use. • To analyse the different areas of society where psychology is significant. • To explore the nature and techniques used in health, sports, military and forensic psychology. • To examine the concept of organizational and positive psychology. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	<p>Introduction: Nature, scope and goals of Applied psychology. Human assessment (psychomotor & spatial, verbal & non – verbal) Health Psychology: Nature and concept. Role of a psychologist. Bio-psychosocial Model and Approaches to health psychology (Clinical, Public health community and critical health psychology).</p>	12
II	<p>Positive Psychology: Meaning, nature and scope of positive psychology. History and Five founding fathers. Strengths and virtues. Theories – Paths to Happiness, PERMA Model and Flow. Positive interventions.</p>	12
III	<p>Organizational Psychology: Meaning and concept. Historical background and methods used (Survey, Experimental, Quasi – Experimental and Observational). Job Analysis (Job Satisfaction, Job Environment, Occupational Health and Well-Being, Occupational Stress and Climate, Workplace Bullying and Motivation in the Workplace). Team Effectiveness and Composition.</p>	12
IV	<p>Sports And Military Psychology: <u>Sports Psychology:</u> Nature and Goals. Motivation and Performance. Rôle of Sports Psychologist and Cognitive, Social Aspects of Individual and Team Sports. <u>Military Psychology:</u> Nature and Scope. Training and Selection. Assessment of Psychomotor, Spatial Abilities, Personality, Interest and Aptitude. Motivation and Moral.</p>	12
V	<p>Environmental and Educational Psychology: <u>Environmental Psychology:</u> Concept, meaning and goals. P-E Transaction Model, environment paradigm and paradigm. Crowding— Personal space and Territoriality.</p>	12


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	<u>Educational Psychology</u> Nature, meaning and scope. Cognitive styles and Learning strategies, Language issues, characteristics of effective teachers, creativity, Multiple intelligence, reading and writing skills. Techniques and special education for children (Gifted, Learning disability and Intellectual disability).	
Course Outcomes		
After successful completion of course students will able to:		
CO1	Identify ¹ the scope of Applied psychology.	
CO2	Infer ² the concepts of Health psychology.	
CO3	Examine ³ the idea of Positive psychology.	
CO4	Analyze ⁴ the various areas of psychological intervention in the society.	
CO5	Apply ⁵ the principles of the psychology practically.	
Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Singh, A.P. <i>Applied Psychology</i>. Pearson. • Arnold, D.L.U. & Nation, J.R. (1989). <i>Sports Psychology</i>. Chicago. Nelson Hall. • Mohan, J. (1996). <i>Recent Advances in Sports Psychology</i>. New Delhi. • Bell, P., Greene, T., Fisher, J., & Baum, A. (2001). <i>Environmental Psychology</i>. NY. Harcourt Brace. • Mohanty, G. (2010). <i>Industrial Psychology and Organizational Behaviour</i>. Delhi. Kalyani Publishers. 	
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gifford, R. (2007). <i>Environmental Psychology Principles and Practice</i>. Optimal Books. Kolkata. • Moran A.P. (2012). <i>Sports and Exercise Psychology</i>. New York. Routledge Publications. 	


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SEMESTER -VIII

Code	COUNSELLING PSYCHOLOGY	Total Lecture:60
AH23PY009	LTPC	4-0-0-4
Learning Objectives:	<p>This course aims:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To understand the concept of Counselling. • To recognize the various mental health challenges in counselling. • To analyse the roles of counsellor and client. • To explore the process of counselling. • To examine the areas of counselling. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Counselling: Historical Perspective, Educational, Developmental, and Preventive Models; Ethical Issues in Counselling.	12
II	Counsellor and the Counsee: Expectations and Goals; Characteristics of Counsee and Counsellor; Role and Functions of the Counsellors.	12
III	Counselling Process: External Conditions and Preparation; Structuring the Counselling Relationship; Counselling Interview and Degrees of Lead by Counsellor; Non-verbal Behaviour.	12
IV	Areas of Counselling: Educational, Career, Marital and Gerontological; Stress Management-Oriented Counselling; Counselling for Terminal Disease Patients; Cancer and HIV/AIDS.	12
V	Techniques of Counselling: Indian techniques: Yoga and Meditation, Counseling Technology and Expressive Techniques: Art, Music, Play and Dance. Trends of Counseling: The Role of Government of India and Universities, Present Status and Movements of Counseling.	12
Course Outcomes		
After successful completion of course students will able to:		
CO1	Understand the meaning of counselling.	
CO2	Explore the model for counselling.	
CO3	Recognise the process and conduction of counselling process.	
CO4	Identify the various rehabilitative techniques.	


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COS	Recognise the psychological treatment for cancer and HIV/AIDS patients.
Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cormier, S., & Hackney, H. (2013) <i>Counselling strategies and interventions</i> (8th International Edition). London: Pearson. Gladding, S. T. (2014). <i>Counselling: A comprehensive profession</i>. New Delhi: Pearson Education. Woolfe, R., Dryden, W., & Strawbridge, S. (Eds.) (2010). <i>Handbook of counselling psychology</i> (3rd Ed). London: Sage Publication Ltd.
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Erford, B. (2013) <i>Orientation to the counselling profession: Advocacy, ethics, and essential professional foundations</i> (2nd Ed.). London: Pearson. Fouad, N.A. (Ed) (2012) <i>APA Handbook of counselling psychology</i>. Washington: American Psychological Association Gelso, C. J., & Frotz, B. R. (2000). <i>Counselling psychology</i> (2nd Ed). KY: Cengage Learning, Delhi.


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Code	LIFE SPAN DEVELOPMENTAL PSYCHOLOGY	Total Lecture: 60
AH23PY0010		LTPC 4-0-0=4
Learning Objectives:	This course aims:	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To understand the concept of Developmental Psychology. • To recognize the various stages of human development. • To analyse the different theories of development. • To explore the cognitive and learning developmental stages. • To examine the attachment styles of an individual. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Introduction: Concept and Laws of human development. Methods of studying development – Cross – sectional, Longitudinal and case studies. Physical and motor development.	12
II	Theories of development: Nature-Nurture debate, Personality theories (Freud, Erikson, and Maslow), Ecological theories (Brunsenbrenner) and Ethological theories (Lorenz).	12
III	Theories of Cognitive and Language development: Nature and concept. Piaget, Vygotsky and information processing. Stages of Language development – Chomsky and Skinner.	12
IV	Moral and Emotional development: Nature and theories – Kohlberg and Piaget. Stages in development – Childhood, Adolescence and Adulthood.	12
V	Social Development: Meaning and play interest. Socialization – nature and agents. Theory of Attachment (John Bowlby).	12
Course Outcomes		
After successful completion of course students will able to:		
CO1	Analyze ⁴ the meaning of developmental psychology.	
CO2	Define ¹ the concepts of developmental stages.	
CO3	Estimate ² the significance of various theories of development.	
CO4	Infer ³ the cognitive and moral, emotional stages of human development.	
CO5	Examine ⁴ the Attachment styles and patterns of social development.	
Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Berk, L.E. (2004). Child Development. Pearson. (6th Ed.). • Schaffer & Kipp (2009). Developmental Psychology. Wadsworth Publishing. • Siegler. (2009). Developmental Psychology. Wadsworth Publishing. • Hurlock. (2001). Developmental Psychology. McGraw Hill. 	

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Brodzinsky, D.M.; Gormly A.V. & Ambros, S.R. (1986). Life Span Human Development. New Delhi: CBS Pub. • Heatherington, E.M. & Parks, R.D. (1986). Child Psychology. New York: McGraw Hills
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Santrock, J.W. (1999). Life Span Development. New York: McGraw Hill • Srivastava, A.K. (1998). Child Development: An Indian Prospective. New Delhi: NCERT. • Grewal, J.S. (2004). Early Childhood Education. (1st Ed.) • Papaliya, (2014). Developmental Psychology. McGraw Hill • Brodzinsky, D.M.; Gormly A.V. & Ambros, S.R. (1986). Life Span Human Development. New Delhi: CBS Pub.


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Code	ENVIRONMENTAL PSYCHOLOGY	Total Lecture: 60
AH23PY0011		LTPC 4-0-0-4
Learning Objectives:	<p>This course aims:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To understand the concept of Environmental Psychology. • To recognize the various aspects of research related to environmental psychology. • To analyse the ideas related to environmental approaches. • To explore the concepts of stress related to environment. • To examine the ethics of environment. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Introduction: Concept, nature and development of environmental psychology. History of environmental psychology, environmental perception, cognition and attitudes. Research involved in the area.	12
II	Environmental theories: Barker's ecological approach, Under stimulation approach, Optimal stimulation, Behaviour constraint, Arousal and Environmental load.	12
III	Personal environment: Concept, necessity and threats. Personal space, territoriality, behaviour and architecture.	12
IV	Stress related to environment: Crowding and Urban stress, Natural disaster and Technological problems, noise, heat and air pollution.	12
V	Modification of behaviour: Pro – environmental behaviour, changes need to be made, Environmental ethics and values.	12
Course Outcomes		
After successful completion of course students will able to:		
CO1	Demonstrate ² the meaning of Environmental Psychology.	
CO2	Define ³ the concept of various approaches to environmental psychology.	
CO3	Outline ² the various techniques of pollution control and mental peace.	
CO4	Test ⁴ the application of pro – environmental behaviour.	
CO5	Examine ⁴ the significance of Personal space.	
Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fisher, J.D., Bell, p. Baum, A. (1984). Environmental Psychology. New York, Holt Rinehart & Winston. 2nd edition. • Robert, B. (1997). Environment and Behaviour: An Introduction. London: Sage publications. 	

Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nagar, D. (2006). Environmental Psychology. New Delhi. Concept publishing Company.
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Code	PSYCHOLOGICAL STATISTICS	Total Lecture: 60
AH23PY0012		LTPC 4- 0 - 0=4
Learning Objectives:	This course aims:	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To understand the concept of Statistics in psychology. • To recognize the various concepts of Hypothesis testing. • To analyse the different methods of testing correlation between variables. • To explore the measurement of variability and Normal distribution. • To examine the concept of Qualitative analysis. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Introduction: Meaning and Concept of Psychological Statistics, Components of Data: Problem and Hypothesis, Variables, Sampling, Nature and Types, Levels of Measurement. Parametric and Non-parametric Data, Descriptive and Inferential and Quantitative and Qualitative Data.	12
II	Frequency distribution: Frequency Distribution: Ungrouped and Grouped data, Tally table Pictorial and Graphical representation data: Bar diagram, Histogram, Frequency Polygon and Ogive Curve. Normal Distribution: Concept and Characteristics of Normal Probability Curve; Deviation from NPC – Skewness and Kurtosis.	12
III	Measures of Central Tendency and Variability: Mean, Median and Mode, Concept of Variability, Range, Average Deviation and Quartile Deviation, Standard Deviation.	
IV	Correlation: Meaning and concept and Types, Linear and Non-linear correlation. Biserial Correlation: Pearson's Product-Moment Correlation, Spearman's Rank-order Correlation, Chi-square test.	12
V	Hypothesis Testing: Nature and its types of hypotheses, Critical area, Type-1 and Type-2 error. Computation: z-test, t-test, One way ANOVA.	12
Course Outcomes (As per Blooms' taxonomy)		
After successful completion of course students will able to:		
CO1	Define ¹ the meaning of Statistics in psychology.	
CO2	Infer ² the concepts of Statistical data and analysis.	

C03	Outline² the idea of variability and Normal distribution.
C04	Identify¹ the graphical representation of Frequency distribution.
C05	Categorize³ the methods of Qualitative data analysis.
Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Garrett. (2005) Psychology and Statistics. New Delhi: Paragon international Publisher. • Mangal. (2002). Statistics for Psychology & Education. New Delhi: PHI learning Pvt. Ltd. • Kerlinger F.N. (1983). Foundations of Behavioral Research. New York: Surjeet Publication.
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aron, A., Aron, E.N., & Coups, E.J. (2007). Statistics for Psychology. New Delhi: India, Pearson Education, Prentice Hall. (4th Ed). • Chadha, N.K. (1991). Statistics for Behavioral and Social Science. New Delhi: RELIANCE Pub. House. • Coeician, H. (2006). Introduction to Research Methodology in Psychology. London: Hodder Arnold.



Bachelor of Arts (B.A.)

Program Educational Objectives (PEOs)

The Program Bachelor of Arts will be developed and ability to identify and solve the real-world problems related to various areas of society. It also develops an aptitude to apply principle of social sciences to articulate and in-depth knowledge of various fields of social sciences. The course will be:

- PEO 1 Provide value based and ethical leadership in the professional and social life.
- PEO 2 Provide the professional consultancy and research support for the relevant organization in the specialized area.
- PEO 3 Provide skills of observations and drawing logical inferences from the scientific knowledge.
- PEO 4 Provide knowledge of various subjects of social science through theory and field orientation.
- PEO 5 Provide insight of the value-based knowledge of different discipline of social sciences.

Program Objectives (POs):

A graduate who is conferred a B.A. Degree is expected to have acquired the basics of theoretical and practical aspects of Social Sciences. He/ she should be able to:

- PO 1 Solve the problem and also think methodically, independently and draw a logical conclusion.
- PO 2 Demonstrate skills and competencies to conduct wide range of scientific knowledge.
- PO 3 Employ critical thinking and the scientific knowledge to design, carryout, record and perform quantitative/quantitative analysis of social problems.
- PO 4 Select higher education comparable to the best available in the world class institutions elsewhere.
- PO 5 Develop a comprehensive understanding of the theories and practice of concerned subjects.
- PO 6 Paraphrase advanced critical thinking skills, inclusive of information literacy.
- PO 7 Translate to diverse audiences in a variety of contexts and genres.
- PO 8 Report a wide range of writing related careers.
- PO 9 Experiment to use, analyze and learn communication technologies like textual, visual, and verbal communication abilities.
- PO 10 Assemble social, political and administrative knowledge in their professional as well as personal lives.

SANJEEV AGRAWAL GLOBAL EDUCATIONAL (SAGE) UNIVERSITY, BHOPAL

Scheme & Syllabus

For

**Bachelor of Arts
(Sociology)**

**w.e.f
2023-24**



**School of Arts, Humanities and Social
Sciences**

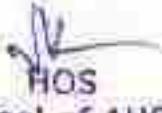

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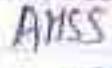
Table 3.1
Discipline Specific Electives (DSE)
2023-24 onwards
Track: Sociology

Semester	Course Code	Course Title	Contact Hours per Week			ESF Duration (Hours)			Weightage (Theory)			Weightage (Practical)			GT	
			L	T	P	MSE	ASG	TA	ATIB	TotT	ESF	GT	CE	ESE		
I	AH23SC001	Basic Concepts of Sociology	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	10	40	60	100	-	-	100
II	AH23SC002	Indian Society	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	40	60	100	-	-	100
III	AH23SC003	Social Problems in India	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	40	60	100	-	-	100
IV	AH23SC004	Social Change and Social Control	4	-	-	4	3	29	05	05	40	60	100	-	-	100
V	AH23SC005	Urban Society in India	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	40	60	100	-	-	100
VI	AH23SC006	Sociological Thinker	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	40	60	100	-	-	100
VII	AH23SC007	Rural Society in India	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	40	60	100	-	-	100
	AH23SC008	Health Sociology	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	40	60	100	-	-	100
	AH23SC009	Sociology of Change and Development	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	40	60	100	-	-	100
VIII	AH23SC011	Gender and Society	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	40	60	100	-	-	100
0	AH23SC001	Environment and Society	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	40	60	100	-	-	100
1	AH23SC001	Education and Society	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	40	60	100	-	-	100
2	AH23SC001	Education and Society	4	-	-	4	3	20	05	05	40	60	100	-	-	100

SEMESTER -I

Code	BASIC CONCEPTS OF SOCIOLOGY	Total Lecture:60
AH23SC001		LTPC= 4 - 0 - 0 = 4
Course Objectives:	<p>This course aims:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To understand the meaning and scope of sociology. • To recognize the foundation and approaches to social institutions. • To analyse the basic aspects of culture. • To explore the different methods of societal assessment. • To examine the social events and protests. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Emergence of Sociology : Tradition of India Thinking. Sociology, Meaning , Scope, Subject Matter, Importance,Nature, Origin and Development of Sociology Development of Sociology in India Development of Sociology in M.P. Sociology as a Science Humanistic Orientation in Sociology. Relationship with other Social Sciences. Sociology and Profession	10
II	Basic Concepts- Society, Relation between Individual and Society ,Community, Association ,Institution, Social Group,Social Structure and Function, Status and Role	14
III	Social Organization and Institutions: Concept, Emergency, Development, Forms and Challenges , Social Organization, Social System, Family Kinship, Marriage, Caste, Class and Power, Education	12
IV	Socio-Cultural Processes: Culture Meaning, Characteristics, Types,Components of Cultures,Cultural lag, Culture and Civilization Socialization Meaning, Characteristics, Stages, Agencies, Types, Importance Social Processes Cooperation, Accommodation, Assimilation, Competition Sanctions, Conflict, Moral Norms and Values	12
V	Social Control and Change: Social Control Meaning, Characteristics, Types, Means of Social Control Social Stratification Meaning, Characteristics, Bases, Forms Social Change	12


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	Meaning, Characteristics, Factors of Social Changes, Patterns of Social Changes Social policy and action Social policy – Meaning, Importance of social policy	
Course Outcomes (As per Blooms' taxonomy)		
After successful completion of course students will able to:		
CO1	To list ¹ about the sociological perspective.	
CO2	To classify ² different sociological theories, social problems and issues	
CO3	To generalize ³ theoretically-informed recommendations to address current social	
CO4	To demonstrate ⁴ the utility of the sociological perspective for their lives.	
CO5	They will be able to criticize ⁵ different sociological theories	
Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maelver, Robert M & Charles Hunt Page (1949) Society: An Introductory Analysis, New York. • Beteille Ander (1995) Caste Class & Power, California University, Berkeley. • Ghurye GS (1961) Caste, Class & occupation, Popular Book Depot, Bombay. • Ogdorn & Nimkoff (1947) Hand Book of sociology, K.PAUL, Trench, Prebner and Comp. Ltd. London. • Giddens, A. (2006) Sociology (5th ed.) Oxford University Press, London. • Houston and Hunt. (1964) Sociology - The Discipline and its Dimension: New Center Book Agency, Calcutta. • Johnson, Harry M. (1988) Sociology – A Systematic Introduction, Allied Publishers Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi. • Inkeles Alex, (1977) What is Sociology, Prentice-Hall of India, Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi. • Shankar Rao C.N. (2019) Sociology- S Chand and company Ltd, New Delhi. • Shankar Rao C.N. (2018) Sociology of India society – S Chand and company Ltd, New Delhi. • Pandey Vinod (2016) Indian society and culture, Kirwat Publication, Jaipur. • 12- Bhushan Vidya and Sachdeva D.R. (2000) Sociology, Kitab Mahal, Allahabad. 	
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Giddens, A., 2006 15th Ed., Sociology, London: Oxford University Press. • Bierstadt, R. 1974. The Social Order, New York: McGraw Hill, • Horton, P.B. and CM. Hunt. 1985. Sociology New York: McGraw Hill. • Bottomore L.B 1972 sociology: A guide a problems and literature, Bombay George Allen and Unwin (India). • Harlambous, M. 1998. Sociology: Themes and perspectives, New Delhi Oxford University Press. • Inkeles, Alex 1987; What is Sociology, New Delhi Prentice Hall of India. • John-on, Harry M. 1995. Sociology: A Systematic introduction, New Delhi: Allied Publishers 	

SEMESTER -II

Code	INDIAN SOCIETY	Total Lecture:60
AH23SC002		LTPC= 4- 0 - 0 = 4
Learning Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This course aims at familiarizing students with the nature of Indian society. Spread over two units its contents cover important social institutions of Indian society such as Family, Kinship, Marriage, Varna and Caste. This paper aims at acquainting the students with the conceptual framework of Indian social system. It will further enable the students to understand the dynamics of social institutions. <p>Students will have the opportunity to join professional careers in Sociology and allied fields.</p>	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Dharma, Varna-System, Ashram – System, Purushartha, Karma, Sanskar	12
II	Caste, Class, Family, Marriage, Kinship, Lineage & Descent, Race	12
III	Structure of Indian Society, Village, City, Rural-Urban Continuum, diversity of Indian Society-Demographic, Cultural, Religious and Linguistic, Civil Society, Minority	12
IV	Family Problems – Dowry, Divorce, Domestic Violence, Problems of the Elderly, Youth Tension	12
V	Casteism, Regionalism, Communalism, Cyber- Crime, Gender Inequality, Secularism	12

Course Outcomes (As per Bloom's Taxonomy)

After successful completion of course students will able to:

CO1	To grasp ² the nature of Indian Society and reflect upon its various aspects.
CO2	To apply ³ sociological concepts and theories to the real world and ultimately their daily lives
CO3	To enlighten ³ with the knowledge of theoretical as well as methodological perspectives of studying Indian Society.
CO4	To aware ² and conscious of positive and negative impact of society by getting sociological understanding of the forces through which society moves from state of organization to disorganization.
CO5	To provide ¹ legal, psychosocial and emotional support to the innocent persons who are affected by malicious implication through dowry laws. To provide legal aid to families from weaker and needy section of society.
Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> M.L Gupta & D.D Sharma (2018). Indian Society, Agra: Sahitya Bhawan. John Nagle & Piero (2017). Introducing Sociology: A Graphic Guide, London: Icon Books Ltd.
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> D.S. Baghel (2019). Sociology, Bhopal: Kailash Pustak Sadan. Deborah Carr, Anthony Giddens, Mitchell Duncier, Richard P. Appelbaum (2018). Introduction to Sociology, Kolkata: Seagull. Bhaduriya and Patil (2019). The Basic Concepts of Sociology, Bhopal: MP Hindi Granth Academy.

SEMESTER -III

Code	SOCIAL PROBLEMS IN INDIA	Total Lecture: 60
AH23SC003		LTPC = 4 - 0 - 0 = 4
Learning Objectives:	<p>This course aims</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To familiarize students with the nature of social problems. • To describe the dynamics of social problems. • To explain the students with the conceptual framework of Indian social problems. • To interpret important social problems of Indian society such as Poverty, Rural Poverty, Unemployment in rural areas, problem related to women and children, terrorism etc. • To assemble professional careers in Sociology and allied fields. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Introduction: The Concept of Social Problem, Characteristics of Social Problems, Causes and Types of Social Problems, Social Problems and Social Disorganization.	12
II	Poverty and Unemployment: The Concept- Incidence and Magnitude; Causes of Rural Poverty- Problem of the Poor and the Pains of Poverty; Strategies for Alleviating Poverty, Present Features of Unemployment in India- Types, Causes and Consequences.	12
III	Problems of Women and Children: Women's Harassment- Nature, Extent and Characteristics of Violence Against Women, Domestic Violence- Female Infanticide, Dowry. Concept and Types of Child Abuse - Incidence of Child Abuse, Causes of Child Abuse, Problem of Child Labour.	12
IV	Terrorism: The Concept- Characteristics, Objectives, Origin and Development of Terrorist Movement; Mass Support, Support Base. Terrorism in India	12
V	Crime and Delinquency: Meaning, Types, Causes, Extent of Crime in India, Penology and Rehabilitative Measures.	12
Course Outcomes (As per Bloom's Taxonomy)		
After successful completion of course students will be able to:		
CO1	Define ¹ the nature of Indian social problems and reflect upon its various aspects.	
CO2	Illustrate ² sociological concepts and theories to the real world and ultimately their daily lives.	
CO3	Create ² with the knowledge of theoretical as well as methodological perspectives of studying Indian social problems.	
CO4	Appraise ² impact of social problem by getting sociological understanding of the forces through which society moves from state induced problems.	
CO5	Develop ² legal, psychosocial and emotional support to the innocent persons who are affected by malicious implication through social problems.	

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Textbooks:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bhattacharya, S.K. (1994). Social Problems in India, New Delhi: Regency Publications. Ahuja Ram (1987). Crime against Women, Jaipur: Rawat Publications.
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Attachand (1987). Poverty and Underdevelopment, Delhi: Gian Publishing House. Prasad, Narendra (2001). Population Growth and Child Labour, New Delhi: Kanishka Publishers Distributors. Kattakayam, J.J. and J. Vadackumchery (1999). Crime and Society, New Delhi: A.P.H. Publishing Corporation. Kohli, A.S. and S.R. Sharma (1997). Poverty Alleviation and Housing Problem, New Delhi: Anmol Publications, Pvt. Ltd. Kempe, R.S and Kempe C.H. (1978). Child Abuse, London: Fontana.

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SEMESTER -IV

Code	SOCIAL CHANGE AND SOCIAL CONTROL	Total Lecture:60
AH23SC004		LTPC= 4- 0 - 0 = 4
Learning Objectives:	<p>This course aims:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To familiarize the nature of social change and social control. • To understand important social change and social control of society • To interpret the conceptual framework of Social Change and Social Control. • To understand the dynamics of Social Change and Social Control. • To create professional careers in Sociology and allied fields with the knowledge of Social Change and Control. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Social Change: Meaning, Nature and Factors of Social Change- Biological Factors, Demographic Factors, Technological Factors, Economic Factors, Cultural Factors.	14
II	Theories of Social Change: Demographic and Biological Theories, Evolutionary, Diffusionist and Marxist Theory, Technological Deterministic Theory, Linear and Cyclical Theories	14
III	Other Concepts relating to Social Change: Social Process; Industrialization, Urbanization, Modernization and Sanskritization	10
IV	Social Evolution and Social Change in India	10
V	Social Control: Definition, Need and Importance of Social Control, Types Of Social Control, Theories of Social Control, Agencies of Social Control- Family, Propaganda, Public Opinion, Education and State, Religion.	12
Course Outcomes (as per Bloom's Taxonomy)		
After successful completion of course students will able to:		
CO1	Define ¹ the nature of social change and reflect upon its various aspects.	
CO2	Illustrate ² sociological concepts and theories to the real world and ultimately their daily lives.	
CO3	Create ³ with the knowledge of theoretical as well as methodological perspectives of studying Indian social change and social control.	
CO4	Appraise ⁴ impact of social change by getting sociological understanding of the forces through which society moves from state induced changes.	
CO5	Develop ⁵ legal, psychosocial and emotional support to the innocent persons who are affected by malicious implication through social change.	
Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bottommore, T.B. (1972). Sociology: A Guide to Problems and Literature. Bombay: George Allen and Unwin (India). • MacIver RM and CH Page (1953). Society. New York: Holt, Rinehart and Winston. 	
Reference	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gillin J L and J P Gillin (1950). Cultural Sociology. New York: The 	

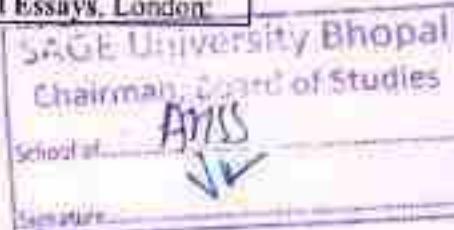
Books:	Macmillan and Co. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Kingsley Davis (1959). Human Society, New York: The Macmillan and Co. • W.E. Moore (1965). Social Change, New Delhi: Prentice-Hall of India. • Herbert Spencer (1906). First Principles, New York and London: D. Appleton & Company. • W.F. Ogburn and M.F. Nimkoff (1960). A Handbook of Sociology, London: Routledge and Kegan Paul Ltd.
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SEMESTER -V

Code	URBAN SOCIETY IN INDIA	Total Lecture: 60
AH23SC005		LTPC= 4- 0 - 0 = 4
Learning Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The following course introduces the basic concepts of the discipline. The course introduces the concepts of societal groups and their identifications. The course defines the problems faced by societal groups in certain structures. The course provides a list of changes that the society undergoes and their factors. The course differentiates between various cultural and religious roles in different societies. 	
UNIT	Contents	Hours
I	Urban Sociology: Concept of urban sociology, scope and importance of urban study, characteristics of urban community, changing urban community,	12
II	Urban Society in India: Causes and impact of urbanizations, Changing patterns of urbanization in recent times, Rural-Urban continuum as cultural form	12
III	Urban Sociology in India: Emerging trends in urbanization, Factors of urbanization, Sociological dimensions of urbanization, Social consequences of urbanization,	12
IV	Changing occupational structure, and its impact on social stratification — class, caste Gender, family Indian city and its growth, migration, problems of housing, slum development, urban environmental problems	12
V	Urban Planning: Problems of urban management in India, Urban institutions, Factors affecting planning, regional planning and the links between social and spatial theory.	12
Course Outcomes (As per Bloom's Taxonomy)		
At the end of the course the students will be able to:		
CO1	The student will be identify ¹ about the urban society and its various aspects in a scientific manner.	
CO2	They will explain ² complexities of the urban life in a systematic way.	
CO3	They will interpret ² the urban social organizations and their structures functions in a scientific, systematic and in comprehensive way.	
CO4	They will analyze ⁴ the laws of development of domain and the nature of urban society.	
CO5	They will be restating ³ to use the rural people and circumstances as a better resource in national growth and development.	
Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Quinn J A (1955). Urban Sociology, New Delhi: S Chand & Co. Pickwance C G (1976). Urban Sociology: Critical Essays, London. 	


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	<p>Methuen.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Saunders Peter (1981). Social Theory and Urban Question, London: Hutchinson. • Basu Ashish (1978). Studies in India Urbanisation 1901-1971, New Delhi: Tata Mc Graw Hill.
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ronnan, Paddison (2001). Handbook of Urban Studies, Sage : India. • Bharadwaj, R.K. (1974). Urban Development in India, New Delhi: National Publishing House. • Gold, Harry, (1982). Sociology of Urban Life, Englewood: Prentice Hall. • Cliff Colling Wirth, J B (1972). Problems of Urban Society, UK: George and Unwin Ltd.

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Dr. MSS
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Code AH23SC006	SOCIOLOGICAL THINKERS	Total Lecture:60
Course Objectives:	This course aims: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To understand the basic methodological. To recognize the foundation and approaches to social institutions. To analyse the basic aspects of culture. To explore the different methods of societal assessment. To examine the social events and protests. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Emergence of Sociology : Emergence of sociology : political, economic, social and intellectual factors Beginnings of sociology : Comte (Positivism), Spencer (Social Darwinism)	10
II	Durkheim Division of Labour Rules of sociological method Suicide	14
III	Karl Marx Dialectical / Historical Materialism Class and class conflict Theory of surplus value	12
IV	Max Weber Social Action and Ideal types The Protestant ethic and the spirit of Capitalism Religion and Economy	12
V	Talcott Parsons Action Systems and Pattern Variable Theory of social system	12

Course Outcomes (As per Blooms' taxonomy)

After successful completion of course students will able to:

CO1	To understand ¹ about the grand foundational themes of sociology
CO2	To classify ² different sociological theories, social problems and issues
CO3	To generalize ³ theoretically-informed recommendations to address current social
CO4	To demonstrate ⁴ the utility of the sociological perspective for their lives.
CO5	They will be able to criticize ⁴ different sociological theories
Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> MacIver, Robert M & Charles Hunt Page (1949) Society: An Introductory Analysis, New York. Beteille Ander (19956) Caste Class & Power, California University, Berkeley. Ghurye GS (1961) Caste, Class & occupation, Popular Book Depot, Bombay. Ogden & Nimkoff (1947) Hand Book of sociology, K.PAUL, Trench, Prebner

	<p>and Comp. Ltd. London.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Giddens, A. (2006). Sociology (5th ed.) Oxford University Press, London • Horton and Hunt, (1964) Sociology - The Discipline and its Dimension. New Center Book Agency, Calcutta. • Johnson, Harry M., (1988) Sociology – A Systematic Introduction. Allied Publishers Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi. • Inkeles Alex, (1977) What is Sociology. Prentice-Hall of India, Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi. • Shankar Rao C.N. (2019) Sociology- S Chand and company Ltd, New Delhi • Shankar Rao C.N. (2018) Sociology of India society – S Chand and company Ltd, New Delhi • Pandey Vinita (2016) Indian society and culture, Rawat Publication, Jaipur. • Bhushan Vidya and Sachdeva D.R. (2000) Sociology, Kitab Mahal, Allahabad.
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Persons, Talcott, 1936, The Social System, Glencoe: The Free Press, Illinois. • Persons, Talcott, 1936, The Structure of Social Action, New York: McGraw hill, (Reprint Edition, 1949). • Durkheim, Emile, 1964, The Rules of Sociological Method, New York: Free Press. • Durkheim, Emile, 1951, Suicide, New York: Free Press.


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SEMESTER -VI

Code	RURAL SOCIETY IN INDIA	Total Lecture:60 LTPC= 4- 0 - 0 = 4
AH23SC007		
Learning Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To study the rural society and its various aspects in a scientific manner. To observe and solve the complexities of rural life in a systematic way scientific systematic and comprehensive study of the rural social organization of its structure function To discover the laws of development of domain and the nature of rural society. To use the rural people and circumstances as a better resource in National growth and Development. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	
I	Rural Society – Meaning, definitions, characteristics, agrarian, peasant and folk society: concept and characteristics, village concept, types, rural-urban distinction and continuum.	12
II	Rural Social Institution: Family, Religion, marriage, caste system and the changes taking place in them.	12
III	Agrarian relation in rural Indian land: land ownership and its types, rural economy in India: characteristics and elements, rural class structure, Jajmani system, agrarian movements in India.	12
IV	Rural Political life: Rural elite and leadership – past and present fraction and factionalism in rural India, dominant caste in India, emerging rural leadership and development.	12
V	Rural problem: rural poverty, land less labor, untouchability, migration, rural education, rural health.	12

Course Outcomes (As per Bloom's Taxonomy)

After successful completion of course students will able to:

CO1	The student will identify ¹ the rural society and its various aspects in a scientific manner.
CO2	They will classify ² the complexities of the rural life in a systematic way.
CO3	They will interpret ³ the rural & social organizations and their structures functions in a scientific, systematic and in comprehensive way.
CO4	They will represent ⁴ the laws of development of domain and the nature of rural society.
CO5	They will be able to rearrange ⁵ the rural people and circumstances as a better resource in National growth and Development.

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SEM	Ch	Topical Studies
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AMSS	NM	

Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Berch, Berberogue (1992). Class, State and Development in India New Delhi: Sage. Desai A R (1977). Rural Sociology in India, Bombay: Popular Prakashan. Mencher J.P. (1983). Social Anthropology of Peasantry, New Delhi: OUP. P.Radhakrishnan (1989). Peasant Struggles: Land Reforms and Social Change in Malabar 1836 – 1982, New Delhi: Sage.
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Thorner, Daniel and Thorner Alice (1962). Land and Labour in India, Bombay: Asia Publications. Andre Betiffo (1974). Six Essays In Comparative Sociology, New Delhi: OUP. Dhangare D N (1988). Peasant Movements in India, New Delhi: OUP. Ashish Nandy (1999). Ambiguous Journey to the City, New Delhi: OUP.

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Code AH23SC008	HEALTH SOCIOLOGY	Total Lecture:60
	LTPC= 4- 0 - 0 = 4	
Course Objectives:	<p>This course aims:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To understand the Meaning, aim, objectives and scope of Health Sociology • To recognize Major theoretical approaches to health sociology. • To analyse the concept of health and illness and different social determinates of health and illness. • To explore Major contributions of health sociology • To examine the Social Medicine- Its Evolution and development. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Objective - The social basis of health, illness and medicine Bio-chemical model versus Holistic approach The relationship between society and individual Class and health inequalities Ethnicity, race and health Gender and health	10
II	Mental health Mental illness , Stigma, Ethnicity and mental health, Gender and mental health, Theoretical approaches, Contribution of sociology to health	14
III	Contribution of sociology to health - Health promotion and sociology Mental health roots Some Contributions of Medical Sociology Medical education Medical sociology and physicians Some of other major contributions of the sociology of health and illness The Future of Medical Sociology	12
IV	Definition of Health & Illness Health: a global survey Health in history Health in low-income countries Health in high-income countries Current inequalities in health Sociological Perspective on Health The determinants of health Policies to improve health	12
V	Social medicine in India – Concept of Social Medicine, Meaning and scope, Genesis and evolution of social medicine, Development of preventive and social medicine, Challenges	12


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Course Outcomes (As per Blooms' taxonomy)	
After successful completion of course students will able to:	
CO1	To list ¹ about the sociological perspective.
CO2	To classify ² different sociological theories, social problems and issues
CO3	To generalize ³ theoretically-informed recommendations to address current social
CO4	To demonstrate ⁴ the utility of the sociological perspective for their lives.
CO5	They will be able to criticize ⁵ different sociological theories
Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sociology of Health – Mohammad Akram • Sociology of Health - K. Nagaraju • Sociology of Health and illness – Sarah Nettleton • Understanding the Sociology of Health – Annie Marry Barry and Chris Yuill
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Planning Commission, Government of India: Five Year Plans. Planningcommission.nic.in. Retrieved on 2012-03-17. • L. N. Dush (2000). World bank and economic development of India. APH Publishing. • Agrawal, A. N (1995). Indian Economy: Problems of development and planning. punc: Wishwa Prakashan. • www.who.int/hpr/NPH/docs/declaration_almata.pdf • Tejada de Rivero D. Alma-Ata revisited. Pimp Health 2003. • Kishore J. National Health Programs of India. New Delhi: Century Publications, 2009. • Zodpey S. Can primary health care reinvent itself to impact health care utilization? Indian J Public Health 2010.

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MOS
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SAGE University BHOPAL

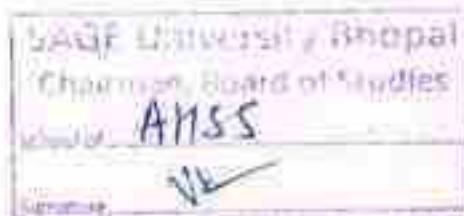


SEMESTER -VIII

Code	SOCIOLOGY OF CHANGE AND DEVELOPMENT	Total Lecture:60
AH23SC009		LTPC= 4 - 0 - 0 = 4
Learning Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To give the students the knowledge of changes occurred into social order due to changing Scenario. To make the students the rational, logical and critical thinker. To help them to provide employment opportunities. To improve the student's thinking and also make them able to analyze the social reality by using scientific knowledge of sociology. To teach them to analyze the social issues with different theoretical and methodological perspectives. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Meaning and Forms of Social Change: evolution, progress, transformation; change in structure and change of structure Theories and Factors of Social Change	12
II	Social Change in Contemporary India: trends of change, processes of change – sanskritization, westernization, modernization, secularization Changing	12
III	Critical Perspectives on Development: ecological, liberal, Marxian Theories of Development and Underdevelopment: modernization theories, Paths and Agencies of Development: capitalist, socialist, mixed economy,	12
IV	Social Structure and Development: structure as a facilitator/inhibitor, development and social-economic disparities, gender and development Culture and Development: culture as an aid/impediment to development	12
V	Indian Experience of Development: sociological appraisal of Five-Year Plans, social consequences of economic reforms, social-cultural repercussions of globalization,	12
Course Outcomes (As per Bloom's Taxonomy)		
After successful completion of course students will able to:		
CO1	This course will be define ¹ the students the changes occurred into social order due to changing scenario.	
CO2	It will make the student's generalize ² the rational, logical and critical thinker.	
CO3	It will help them to provide employment opportunities.	
CO4	It will not only execute ³ theoretically improve the student's thinking, but will also make them able to analyze the social reality by using scientific knowledge of sociology.	
CO5	It will teach them to analyze ⁴ the social issues with different theoretical and methodological perspectives.	
Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Abrasham, M.F. (1990). Modern Sociological Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: OUP Agarwal, B. (1993). A Field of One's Own : Gender and Land Rights in 	

	<p>South Asia Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Appadurai, Arjun (1997). Modernity at Large: Cultural Dimensions of Globalization, New Delhi: OUP, 1997 Dereze, Jean and Amartya Sen (1996). India: Economic Development and Social Opportunity. New Delhi: OUP.
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Desai, A.R. (1985). India's Path of Development: A Marxist Approach. Bombay: Popular Prakashan. Giddens Anthony (1996). "Global Problems and Ecological Crisis" in Introduction to Sociology, New York: W.W.Norton & Co. Harrison, D. (1989). The Sociology of Modernization and Development, New Delhi: Sage. Haq, Mahbub Ul (1991). Reflections on Human Development, New Delhi: OUP. Moor, Wilbert and Robert Cook (1967). Social Change, New Delhi: Prentice-Hall. Sharma, SL (1980). "Criteria of Social Development", Journal of Social Action. Jan-Mar. Sharma, SL (1986). Development: Socio-Cultural Dimensions. Jaipur: Rawat.


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Code	GENDER AND SOCIETY	Total Lecture:60 LTPC= 4- 0 - 0 = 4
AH23SC010		
Learning Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To explain the major methods and concepts it used in the systematic study of society. To describe various social structures in societies and methods and degrees of social stratification. To explain the major social groups that function in society, including racial and ethnic groups. To explain processes of socialization, and how socialization operates in different societies and cultures. To explain major methods of social control, including political and legal systems, and be able to explain the concept of deviance. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Social Construction of Gender - Gender vs. Biology, Equality vs. Difference Women in the family socialization, nature vs. Gender, gender roles, private-public dichotomy, sexual division of labor, Patriarchy as ideology and practice, Emergence of Feminist Thought - Social-historical perspective.	12
II	Gender and Sociological Analysis - Feminist critiques of sociological theories, prevailing theories, Feminist methodology as critique of sociological methods methodology, Emergence of women's studies, Gender based Division of Labor/Work - Production vs. Reproduction, household work, invisible work, Women's work and technology, Development policies, liberalization and globalization and their impact on women.	12
III	Women in India: The changing profile The changing status of women in India – pre-colonial, colonial and post-colonial Demographic profile – the gender gap (census, NSS), Alternative conceptions of gender-caste and gender, class and gender, The role of the state and the NGOs.	12
IV	Gender and Society in India Economy: marginalization of women and sexual division of labor, Polity: reservations for women, Religion and Culture: Women's nature; women as repositories of cultural practices and traditions; marriage, dowry and property, Personal Laws and Civil Code: Hindu code Bill, Syrian Christian law, Muslim Personal Law, Customary Law and Tribal Women.	12
V	Issues affecting the quality of life of women - Health, Education, Land rights, Major Social Issues Development - Ecology, Communalism, Violence.	12
Course Outcomes (As per Bloom's Taxonomy)		
CO1	The students will identify ¹ about the role of gender in society.	
CO2	They will be able to describe ¹ how the tools of analysis and methods of sociology are applicable to work and involvement in their community.	
CO3	They will be able to explain ² the major methods and concepts it used in the systematic study of society.	

CO4:	They will be able to describe ¹ various social structures in societies and methods and degrees of social stratification.
CO5:	They will analyze ² the major social groups that function in society, including racial
Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Altekar, A.S. (1983). The Position of Women in Hindu Civilization, Delhi: Motilal Banarasidas. • Chodorow, Nancy. (1978). The Reproduction of Mothering, Berkeley: University of California Press. • Desai, Neera and M. Krishnuraj (1987). Women and Society in India, Delhi: Ajanta. • Dube, Leela et.al. (1986). Visibility and Power: Essays on Women in Society and Development, New Delhi: OUP. • Forbes, G. (1998). Women in Modern India, New Delhi: Cambridge University Press. • McCormack, C. and M. Strathern (1980). Nature, Culture and Gender, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MacCoby, Eleanor and Carol Jacklin (1975). The Psychology of Sex Differences, Stanford: Stanford University Press. • Mycis, Kristen Anderson et.al. (1998). Feminist Foundations: Towards Transforming Sociology, New Delhi: Sage. • Oakley, Ann (1972). Sex, Gender and Society, New York: Harper and Row. • Sharma, Ursula (1983). Women, Work and Property in North-West India, London: Tavistock. • Shulamitz, Reinharz and Lynn Davidman (1991). Feminist Research Methods, New York: Oxford University Press. • Srinivas, M.N. (1995). Caste: Its Modern Avatar, New Delhi: Penguin. • Vaid, S. & K. Sangari (1989). Recasting Women: Essays in Colonial History, New Delhi: Kali For Women.



Code	ENVIRONMENT AND SOCIETY	Total Lecture:60 LTPC = 4 - 0 - 0 = 4
AH23SC011		
Learning Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To prepares students for careers as leaders in understanding and addressing complex environmental issues in the context of sociology. To master core concepts and methods from ecological and physical sciences and their application in environmental problemsolving. To master core concepts and methods from economic, political, and socialanalysis as they pertain to the design and evaluation of environmental policies and institutions. To appreciate the ethical, cross-cultural, and historical context of environmental issues and the links between human and naturalsystems. To understand the transnational character of environmental problems and ways of addressing them, including interactions across local to globalscales. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Classical Sociological tradition- Karl Marx, Emile Durkheim and Max Weber on environmental concerns. Environmental Sociology: The rise, decline, and resurgence of environmental sociology, 21st century paradigm.	12
II	Emerging Theoretical Parameters in Environmental Sociology: Contributions of Zavestoskis, Dunlsp and Cotton, Ramachandra Guha, Patrick Giddens and Radha Kamal Mukerjee, Nature versus Nurture: synthesis of societal and environmental dialect.	12
III	Environmental Issues pertaining to population, water, sanitation, pollution, energy, Housing and urban development and ruralpoverty.	12
IV	Social Impact Assessment of Environmental Issues : Development, displacement, Relocation and environmental problems	12
V	Global Environmentalism: A challenge to post-materialism thesis, Environment, Technology and Society, Environmental Justice, Policy and Action.	12

Course Outcomes (As per Bloom's Taxonomy)

After successful completion of course students will able to:

CO1	The students will be able to apply ³ systems concepts and methodologies to analyze and understand interactions between social and environmental processes.
CO2	They will interpret ² about their roles and identities as citizens, consumers and environmental actors in a complex, interconnected world.
CO3	They will be able to explain ¹ the major methods and concepts it used in the systematic study of environment and society.
CO4	Apply ³ system concept and methodology to analyzes and understand interaction between social and environmental process
CO5	They will compare ⁴ professional skills for post-graduation plans within and outside of environmental sociology.

Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gadgil, Madhav and Ramchandra Guha (1996). Ecology and Equity: The Use and Abuse of Nature in contemporary India, New Delhi: OUP. Michael Redclift (1984). Development and the Environmental Crisis, New York: Methuen Co. Ltd.
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Schnaiberg Allan (1980). The Environment, N.Y: Oxford University Press.,1980. Sharma, S.L. (1994). "Perspective on Sustainable Development in South Asia" in Samad (Ed.) Perspectives on Sustainable Development in Asia, Kuala Lumpur: ADIPA.

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Code	EDUCATION AND SOCIETY	Total Lecture: 60
AH23SC012	LTPC= 4-0-0=4	
Learning Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To contextualize the study of education within the discipline of sociology. To discuss of the major theoretical perspectives and the contributions of sociologists. To assume a basic knowledge of sociological concepts and theories. To measure major concepts, theoretical, approaches and development of sociology of education and interface between education and society. 	
UNIT	CONTENT	HOURS
I	Sociology of Education: Theoretical Perspectives Theories and Perspectives in the sociology of education. Functionalist, Conflict / Radical Perspectives / Cultural Reproduction	12
II	Socialisation, family and social class State, ideology and educational policy. Education and social stratification, social change and social mobility	12
III	Multi-culturalism, ethnicity and education Equality of educational opportunity: equity, excellence and efficiency. Gendering inequalities: education; employment; leadership and management.	12
IV	Education and society in India Socio-historical context: education in pre-colonial and colonial India. Education, diversities and disparities: region, tribe, caste, gender, rural-urban residence.	12
V	The State and Education Basic education and social development Higher Education: system, governance and finance Higher Education: skill development, globalisation and social mobility.	12

Course Outcomes (As per Bloom's Taxonomy)

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO1	The students will be able to recognize ¹ and contextualize the study of education within the discipline of sociology.
CO2	They will define ² to major theoretical perspectives and the contributions of sociologists.
CO3	They will be able to execute ³ the basic knowledge of sociological concepts and theories.
CO4	They will be able to compare ⁴ about major concepts, theoretical, approaches and development of sociology of education and interface between education and society.
CO5	They will be able to explain ² the various techniques of relating to education and society.

Text Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Acker, S. (1994). Gendered Education: Sociological Reflections on Women, Buckingham: Buckingham Open University Press. Banks, Olive (1971). Sociology of Education, London: Batsford. Banks, James A. and Lynch, James (1986). Multicultural Education in Western Societies, London: Holt Saunders. Blascdge, D. and Hunt, B. (1985). Sociological Interpretations of Education, London: Crom Helm. Brint, Steven (1998). Schools And Societies, Calif: Pine Forge Press.
Reference Books:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Charmra, Karuna (1988). Socialization, Education and Women: Explorations in Gender Identity, New Delhi: Orient Longman. Charmra, Karuna (1979). 'Towards a Study of Education and Social Change', Economic and Political Weekly, 27, 14 (4): 157-64. Chitnis, Sumi & P.G. Althachib (1993). Higher Education Reform in India, Experience and Perspectives, New Delhi: Sage. Craig, Maurice (1970). Family, Class and Education: A Reader, London: Longman. Dreze, Jean and Amartya Sen (1995). India Economic Development and Social Opportunity, Oxford: Oxford University Press.


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Chairman, School of Studies
School of <u>AHSS</u>
Signature.....

Bachelor of Arts (B.A.)

Program Educational Objectives (PEOs)

The Program Bachelor of Arts will be developed and ability to identify and solve the real-world problems related to various areas of society. It also develops an aptitude to apply principle of social sciences to articulate and in-depth knowledge of various fields of social sciences. The course will be:

- PEO 1 Provide value based and ethical leadership in the professional and social life.
- PEO 2 Provide the professional consultancy and research support for the relevant organization in the specialized area.
- PEO 3 Provide skills of observations and drawing logical inferences from the scientific knowledge.
- PEO 4 Provide knowledge of various subjects of social science through theory and field orientation.
- PEO 5 Provide insight of the value-based knowledge of different discipline of social sciences.

Program Objectives (POs):

A graduate who is conferred a B.A. Degree is expected to have acquired the basics of theoretical and practical aspects of Social Sciences. He/ she should be able to:

- PO 1 Solve the problem and also think methodically, independently and draw a logical conclusion.
- PO 2 Demonstrate skills and competencies to conduct wide range of scientific knowledge.
- PO 3 Employ critical thinking and the scientific knowledge to design, carryout, record and perform quantitative/quantitative analysis of social problems.
- PO 4 Select higher education comparable to the best available in the world class institutions elsewhere.
- PO 5 Develop a comprehensive understanding of the theories and practice of concerned subjects.
- PO 6 Paraphrase advanced critical thinking skills, inclusive of information literacy.
- PO 7 Translate to diverse audiences in a variety of contexts and genres.
- PO 8 Report a wide range of writing related careers.
- PO 9 Experiment to use, analyze and learn communication technologies like textual, visual, and verbal communication abilities.
- PO 10 Assemble social, political and administrative knowledge in their professional as well as personal lives.



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